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In the Name of Allah azwj the Beneficent, the Merciful. The Praise is for Allah azwj Lord azwj of the Worlds, and Blessing be upon our Chief Muhammad-saww and his-saww Purified Progeny asws, and greetings with abundant greetings.

اللَّهُمُ صَالَ عَلَى مُحْتَلِ وَعَجِلُ فَرَجَهُمُ وَالْعَنْ أَغَدَالَهُمْ ٱجْتَعِيْنَ

'Imam Mahdi-ajfj from Quran'

Summary:

Is the news of the coming of the Imam Mahdi^{-ajfj}, the last and the 12th Imam^{-ajfj} - given in the Holy Quran? When the Verses of the Holy Quran are interpreted as per Ahadith we find many Verses and Ahadith, warning and urging believers to support and be the companion of the Imam Mahdi^{-ajfj}. But why did Allah not explicitly Reveal a Verse regarding Imam Mahdi^{-ajfj}? Well, that's the Will of Allah^{-azwj} to make us submitted and obey His Prophet^{-saww}. As in the Holy Quran, Allah^{-azwj} Addresses His^{-azwj} Prophet Mohmmed^{-saww} through many titles, i.e., Muzammil, Mudasir, Taha, Yaseen, similarly, the news and the titles of the 12th Imam^{-asws} i.e., المُعْمَلُ (Almuztar) have been Revealed in the Holy Quran, which are explained in the Ahadith of the Prophet^{-saww} and Ahl Al-Bayt^{-asws}. However, before we look at the Holy Verses and the Ahadith, we present a reply of Imam Ali^{-asws} Ibn Abi Talib^{-asws} to the question, 'why did Allah^{-azwj} not Name Ali^{-asws} and his^{-asws} Family in His^{-azwj} Book?

(The narrator of the Hadith says) I said to him-asws (Imam Ali-asws) 'The people are saying, 'So why did Allah-azwj not Name Ali-asws and his-asws Family in the Book of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic?'

قال: «فقولوا لهم: إن رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) نزلت عليه الصلاة و لم يسم الله لهم ثلاثا و لا أربعا، حتى كان رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) هو الذي فسر ذلك هم، و نزلت عليه الزكاة و لم يسم لهم من كل أربعين درهما درهما، حتى كان رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) هو الذي فسر ذلك لهم. فنزل الحج فلم يقل لهم: طوفوا أسبوعا، حتى كان رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) هو الذي فسر ذلك لهم.

(Imam Ali-asws) said: 'So say to them, 'The *Salat* was Revealed unto Rasool-Allah-saww, and Allah-azwj did not Specify for them, whether it was three or four, <u>until it was Rasool-Allah-saww who interpreted that for them.</u> And the Zakat was Revealed unto him-saww, but it was not specified for them that it was one Dirham out of forty Dirhams, until it was Rasool-Allah-saww who interpreted that for them. And the Hajj was Revealed and it was not Said to them: "Perform *Tawaaf* seven times", until it was Rasool-Allah-saww who interpreted that for them (an extract).'1

Ahl Al-Sunnah also mention the coming of the Imam Mahdi^{-ajfj} in several Ahadith compiled in their famous and authentic Ahadith Books, see for example, Appendix I.

الكافي 1: 1/226 1 ¹

Finally, it is said that its not from the Eman to believe in the Imam Mahdi^{-ajfj}, but it is just a news, well, that's not correct, because Allah^{-azwj} has made mandatory submissions, to Allah^{-azwj}, to Rasool^{-saww} and to the Divine Imam^{-asws} in the Quran (4:59), see Ahadith in Appendix II.

Here, we cite one Hadith on the importance of recognition of an Imam from Allah-azwj:

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ التُّعْمَانِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ مَرْوَانَ عَنْ فُصَيْلِ بْنِ يَسَارٍ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَبَا جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ مَنْ مَاتَ وَ هُوَ عَارِفٌ لِإِمَامِهِ كَانَ كَمَنْ هُوَ مَنْ مَاتَ وَ هُوَ عَارِفٌ لِإِمَامِهِ لَمْ يَضُرَّهُ تَقَدَّمَ هَذَا الْأَمْرُ أَوْ تَأَخَّرُ وَ مَنْ مَاتَ وَ هُوَ عَارِفٌ لِإِمَامِهِ كَانَ كَمَنْ هُوَ مَعَ الْقَائِمِ فِي فُسْطَاطِهِ .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Al Nomann, from Muhammad Bin Marwan, from Fuzayl Bin Yasar who said,

'I heard Abu Ja'far^{-asws} (Al-Baqir -5th Imam) saying: '<u>The one who dies there isn't an Imam</u>-^{asws} for him, so he would have died a death of the Pre-Islamic period (an unbeliever); and the one who dies while recognising his Imam^{-asws}, it would not harm him whether this matter is brought forwards or delayed; and the one who dies while recognising his Imam^{-asws} would be like the one who is with Al-Qaim^{-asws} in his^{-asws} tent'.²

Holy Verses of the Quran regarding Imam Mahdi-asws:

There are many Verses in the Holy Quran which give the news of the coming of the (Imam) Al-Mahdi^{-ajfj}, we have listed 75 from the most prominent ones³ with interpretations from the Ahadith of Rasool Allah^{-saww} and Ahl Al-Bayt^{-asws}.

Quran 21:73

وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ أَئِمَّةً يَهْدُونَ بِأَمْرِنَا وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْهِمْ فِعْلَ الْخَيْرَاتِ وَإِفَامَ الصَّلَاةِ وَإِيتَاءَ الزَّكَاةِ وَكَانُوا لَنَا عَابِدِينَ {21:73}

And We made them <u>as Imams quiding by Our Command and We Revealed unto them the doing of good, and establishing the Salat, and giving the Zakat, and they worshipped Us [21:73]</u>

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا أبو المفضل (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثني محمد بن علي بن شاذان بن خباب الأزدي الخلال بالكوفة، قال: حدثني الحسن بن محمد بن على (عليه بن عبد الواحد، قال: حدثني الحسن بن الحسين العربي، قال: حدثني يحبي بن يعلى الأسلمي، عن عمر بن موسى الوجيهي، عن زيد بن علي (عليه السلام)، قال: كنت عند أبي علي بن الحسين (عليهما السلام)، إذ دخل عليه جابر بن عبد الله الأنصاري، فبينما هو يحدثه إذ خرج أخي محمد من بعض الحجر، فأشخص جابر ببصره نحوه، ثم قال له: يا غلام، أقبل، فأقبل، ثم قال: أدبر، فأدبر،

² Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 84 H 5

³ List of Quranic verses, Courtesy of List of Quranic Verses about Imam al-Mahdi (a) - wikishia

Ibn babuwayh said, 'Abu Al Mufazzal narrated to us, from Muhammad Bin Ali Bin Shazaan Bin Khabaab Al Azdy Al Khalal at Al Kufa, from Al Hassan Bin Muhammad Bin Abdul Wahid, from Al Hassan Bin Al Husayn Al Arny, from Yahya Bin Ya'la Al Aslamy, from Umar Bin Musa Al Wajeyhi,

(It has been narrated) from Zayd, son of Ali-asws who said, 'I was in the presence of Abu Ali-asws Bin Al Husayn-asws, when Jabir Bin Abdullah Al-Ansary came up to him-asws. So while he was in the middle of narrating a Hadeeth, my brother-asws Muhammad-asws came out from one of the rooms. So, I gestured with my eyes for Jabir towards him-asws. Then he said to him-asws, 'O young boy, come'. So, he-asws came in front of him'. Then he said, 'Turn around'. So he-asws turned around.

فقال: شمائل كشمائل رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله)، ما اسمك، يا غلام؟ قال: «محمد». قال: ابن من؟ قال: «ابن علي بن الحسين بن علي بن أبي طالب (عليهم السلام)». قال: إذن أنت الباقر، فانكب عليه، و قبل رأسه و يديه، ثم قال: يا محمد، إن رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) يقرئك السلام. قال: «و على رسول الله أفضل السلام، و عليك يا جابر بما فعلت السلام».

He said, 'Your^{-asws} mannerisms are like the mannerisms of Rasool-Allah^{-saww}. What is your^{-asws} name, O young boy?' He^{-asws} said: 'Muhammad^{-asws}'. He said, 'The son^{-asws} of who^{-asws}?' He^{-asws} said: 'Son^{-asws} of Ali^{-asws} Bin Al-Husayn^{-asws} Bin Ali^{-asws} Bin Abu Talib^{-asws}'. He said, 'Then you are Al-Baqir^{-asws}'. So he rushed and kissed his^{-asws} forehead and hands, then said, 'O Muhammad^{-asws}! Rasool-Allah^{-saww} conveys the greetings to you^{-asws}'. He^{-asws} said: 'And upon Rasool-Allah^{-saww} is the best of the greetings, and greetings be upon you, O Jabir, for having conveyed the greetings'.

ثم عاد إلى مصلاه، فأقبل يحدث أبي، و يقول: إن رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) قال لي يوما: «يا جابر، إذا أدركت ولدي محمدا فأقرئه مني السلام، أما أنه سميي، و أشبه الناس بي، علمه علمي، و حكمه حكمي، سبعة من ولده أمناء معصومون، أئمة أبرار، و السابع منهم: مهديهم الذي يملأ الأرض قسطا و عدلا كما ملئت جورا و ظلما».

Then he returned to his prayer mat and turned to narrating a Hadeeth, and he was saying, 'One day Rasool-Allah aww said to me: 'O Jabir! When you recognise my-saww son Muhammadasws, so convey my-saww greetings to him-asws, for he-asws has my-saww name, and the one who most resembles me-saww from the people, and his-asws knowledge is my-saww knowledge, and his-asws wisdom is my-saww wisdom. Seven from his-asws sons-asws are infallible Trustees, righteous Imams-asws, and the seventh of them-asws is Al-Mahdi-asws who would fill the earth with equity and justice just as it had been filled with inequity and injustice'.

ثم تلا رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله): وَ جَعَلْناهُمْ أَئِمَّةً يَهْدُونَ بِأَمْرِنا وَ أَوْحَيْنا إِلَيْهِمْ فِعْلَ الخَيْراتِ وَ إِقامَ الصَّلاةِ وَ إِيتاءَ الزَّكاةِ وَ كَانُوا لَنا عابِدِينَ.

Then Rasool-Allah^{-saww} recited: **And We made them as Imams guiding by Our Command and We Revealed unto them the doing of good, and establishing the Salat, and giving the Zakat, and they worshipped Us [21:73]**'.⁴

كفاية الأثر: 297 4

Quran 21:105

وَلَقَدْ كَتَبْنَا فِي الزَّبُورِ مِنْ بَعْدِ الذِّكْرِ أَنَّ الْأَرْضَ يَرثُهَا عِبَادِيَ الصَّالِحُونَ {21:105}

And We had Written in the Psalms from after the Zikr, that the earth, My righteous servants shall inherit it [21:105]

و عنه، قال: حدثنا أحمد بن محمد، عن أحمد بن الحسن، عن أبيه، عن الحسين بن محمد ابن عبد الله بن الحسن، عن أبيه، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، قال: «قوله عز و جل: أَنَّ الْأَرْضَ يَرِثُها عِبادِيَ الصَّالِحُونَ هم أصحاب المهدي (عليه السلام) في آخر الزمان».

And from him, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ahmad Bin Al Hassan, from his father, from Al Husayn Bin Muhammad Ibn Abdullah Bin Al Hassan, from his father,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{-asws} having said: 'The Words of the Mighty and Majestic: that the earth, My righteous servants shall inherit it [21:105] – they are the companions of Al-Mahdi^{-asws} during the end of the times'.⁵

Quran 28:5

وَنُرِيدُ أَنْ نَمُنَّ عَلَى الَّذِينَ اسْتُضْعِفُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَنَجْعَلَهُمْ أَئِمَّةً وَنَجْعَلَهُمُ الْوَارِثِينَ {28:5}

And We Intend to Confer upon those who were weakened in the land, and to Make them Imams, and Make them the inheritors [28:5]

الشيباني في (كشف البيان): روي في أخبارنا عن أبي جعفر، و أبي عبد الله (عليهما السلام): «أن هذه الآية مخصوصة بصاحب الأمر الذي يظهر في آخر الزمان، و يبيد الجبابرة و الفراعنة، و يملك الأرض شرقا و غربا، فيملأها عدلا، كما ملئت جورا».

Al-Shaybany in Kashf Al-Bayan -

It has been reported from our Hadeeth, from Abu Ja'far-asws, and Abu Abdullah-asws that: 'This Verse is especially for the Master of the Command-ajfj (12th Imam-asws) who will appear at the end of the times, and destroy the tyrants and the Pharaohs, and possess the earth from the east to the west. So, he-asws would fill it (the earth) with justice, just as it had been filled with injustice before'.6

See Appendix III for an additional Hadith in the interpretation of 28:5-6.

Quran 24:55

وَعَدَ اللّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنْكُمْ وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِجَاتِ لَيَسْتَخْلِفَنَّهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ كَمَا اسْتَخْلَفَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ وَلَيُمَكِّنَنَّ لَهُمْ وَيَنَهُمُ الَّذِي ارْتَضَىٰ لَهُمْ وَلَيُبَدِّلَنَّهُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ حَوْفِهِمْ أَمْنًا ء يَعْبُدُونَنِي لَا يُشْرِحُونَ بِي شَيْعًا ء وَمَنْ كَفَرَ بَعْدَ ذَٰلِكَ فَأُولُئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ {24:55}

نهج البيان 3: 221 «مخطوط» 6

تأويل الآيات 1: 332/ 22 ⁵

Allah Promises those of you who believe and do righteous deeds that He will Make them Caliphs in the earth just as He Made Caliphs, those from before them, and He will Establish their Religion for them which He Approves for them, and He will Exchange for them from afterwards, their fear into security. Worship Me and do not associate anything with Me! And one who commits Kufr after that, so these ones, they are the transgressors [24:55]

ثم قال: و روى العياشي بإسناده عن علي بن الحسين (عليه السلام)، أنه قرأ الآية و قال: «هم و الله شيعتنا أهل البيت، يفعل الله ذلك بهم على يدي رجل منا، و هو مهدي هذه الامة، و هو الذي قال رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله): لو لم يبق من الدنيا إلا يوم واحد، لطول الله ذلك اليوم حتى يلي رجل من عترتي، اسمه اسمي، يملأ الأرض عدلا و قسطاكما ملئت ظلما و جورا».

Then he said, 'And Al Ayyashi has reported by his chain,

'From Ali-asws Bin Al-Husayn-asws having recited the Verse (24:55) and said: 'By Allah-azwj! They are our-asws Shias, of the People-asws of the Household. Allah-azwj will Do that with them upon the hands of a man-asws from us-asws, and he-asws is the Mahdi-asws of this community, and he-asws is the one for whom Rasool-Allah-saww said: 'Even if there does not remain from the world except for one day, Allah-azwj would Prolong that day until a man from my-saww family-asws, his-asws name being my-saww name, would fill the earth with justice and fairness just as it had been filled with injustice and tyranny (before)".⁷

Quran **2:2**

ذُٰلِكَ الْكِتَابُ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ فَدًى لِلْمُتَّقِينَ {2:2}

That is the Book. There is no doubt in it is Guidance for the pious [2:2]

تأويله: قال علي بن إبراهيم رحمه الله، عن أبيه، عن محمد بن أبي عمير، عن جميل بن صالح، عن المفضل، عن جابر، عن أبي جعفر عليه السلام قال * (الم) * وكل حرف في القرآن مقطعة من حروف اسم الله الاعظم الذي يؤلفه الرسول والامام عليهما السلام فيدعو به فيجاب.

Its explanation, Ali Bin Ibrahim said, from his father from Muhammad Bin Abu Umeyr from Jameel Bin Saaleh, from Al Mufazzal, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far-asws, having said: 'Alif Lam Meem [2:1] – And every Abbreviated letter in the Quran is a segment from the letters of the Magnificent Name of Allah-azwj which was composed by the Rasool-saww and the Imam-asws. Supplicate by this and it will be Answered'.

قال: قلت قوله * (ذلك الكتاب لاريب فيه) * فقال: * (الكتاب) * أميرالمؤمنين لاشك فيه، إنه إمام * (هدى للمتقين) *، فالآيتان لشيعتنا هم المتقون * (وثما رزقناهم ينفقون) * قال: مما علمناهم من القرآن يتلون.

He (the narrator) said, 'I said, 'That is the Book, there is no doubt in it [2:2] said: 'The Book is Amir-ul-Momineen-asws, there is no doubt in it, he-asws is an Imam-asws. A Guidance for the pious. So the two Verses are for our-asws Shias 'those who are believing in the unseen' [2:3] and that is the Resurrection, the publicising (of deeds), and the rising of Al-Qaim-asws, and the

مجمع البيان 7: 239، و ذيل الحديث في الفصول المهمة: 294، و منتخب كنز العمال 6: 30. 7

Return (Raj'at) *and from what We have Given them they are spending* - from what we^{-asws} have taught them from the Quran, they are reciting'.⁸

Quran: 2:148

And for everyone there is a destination he should turn towards; therefore compete for the good deeds. Wherever you may happen to be, Allah will Bring you all together. Allah is Able upon everything [2:148]

Muhammad Bin Ibrahim – well known as Ibn Zaynab, from Abdul Wahid Bin Abdullah Bin Yunus, from Muhammad Bin Ja'far Al Qureyshi, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn Bin Abu Al Khataab, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Zareys, from Abu Khalid Al Kalby,

(It has been narrated) from Ali-asws Bin Al-Husayn-asws, or Muhammad Bin Ali-asws having said: 'The missing ones are a people who would be missing from their beds, and in the morning they would be at Makkah; and these are the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic *Wherever you may happen to be, Allah will Bring you all together [2:148]*, and they are the companions of Al-Qaim-aifi'.9

و عنه، قال: أخبرنا أحمد بن محمد بن سعيد، قال: حدثني أحمد بن يوسف، قال: حدثنا إسماعيل بن مهران، عن الحسن بن علي، عن أبيه و وهيب، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قوله: سْتَبِقُوا الْخَيْراتِ أَيْنَ ما تَكُونُوا يَأْتِ بِكُمُ اللَّهُ جَبِيعاً قال: «نزلت في القائم (عليه السلام) و أصحابه يجتمعون على غير ميعاد».

And from him, said, 'It was informed to us by Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Saeed, from Ahmad Bin Yusuf, from Ismail Bin Mihran, from Al Hassan Bin Ali, from his father and Wuehyb, from Abu Baseer,

From Abu Abdullah^{-asws} regarding His^{-azwj} Words: *Compete for the good deeds. Wherever you may happen to be, Allah will Bring you all together.* [2:148]. He^{-asws} said: 'It was Revealed regarding Al-Qaim^{-asws} and his^{-asws} companions. They would be gathering together without there being a prior appointment".¹⁰

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي عُمَيْرٍ عَنْ مَنْصُورِ بْنِ يُونُسَ عَنْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ جَابِرٍ عَنْ أَبِي خَالِدٍ

⁸ Taweel Al Ayaat Al Zaahira - Ch 2 - H 1

الغيبة للنعماني: 313/ 4 ⁹

الغيبة للنعماني: 241/ 37 ¹⁰

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Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Mansour Bin Yunus, from Ismail Bin Jabir, from Abu Khalid, who has narrated:

عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فَاسْتَبِقُوا الْخَيْراتِ أَيْنَ ما تَكُونُوا يَأْتِ بِكُمُ اللهُ جَمِيعاً قَالَ الْخَيْراثُ اللهِ عَوْلُهُ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى أَيْنَ ما تَكُونُوا يَأْتِ بِكُمُ اللهُ جَمِيعاً يَعْنِي أَصْحَابَ الْقَائِمِ الثَّلَاثَمِائَةِ وَ الْبِضْعَةَ عَشَرَ رَجُلًا قَالَ وَ هُمْ وَ اللهِ الْأُمَّةُ الْمَعْدُودَةُ قَالَ يَجْتَمِعُونَ وَ اللهِ فِي سَاعَةٍ وَاحِدَةٍ قَرَعٌ كَقُونُوا يَأْتِي بِكُمُ اللهُ جَمِيعاً يَعْنِي أَصْحَابَ الْقَائِمِ الثَّلاثَمِائَةِ وَ الْبِضْعَةَ عَشَرَ رَجُلًا قَالَ وَ هُمْ وَ اللهِ الْأُمَّةُ الْمَعْدُودَةُ قَالَ يَجْتَمِعُونَ وَ اللهِ فِي سَاعَةٍ وَاحِدَةٍ قَرَعٌ كَقَرَع الْحَرَاقِ اللهِ اللهِ

Abu Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *therefore compete for the good deeds.* Wherever you may happen to be, Allah will Bring you all together [2:148]. He^{-asws} said: 'Good deeds is a reference to Al-Wilayah, and the Words of the Blessed and the High: Wherever you may happen to be, Allah will Bring you all together, mean the companions of Al-Qaim^{-asws}, three hundred and some ten men'. He^{-asws} said: 'And they are, by Allah^{-azwj}, a numbered community'. He^{-asws} said: 'By Allah^{-azwj} they would gather together in a single moment, accumulated like the clouds of autumn'.¹¹

عن أبي سمينة، عن مولى لأبي الحسن (عليه السلام)، قال: سألت أبا الحسن (عليه السلام) عن قوله: أَيْنَ ما تَكُونُوا يَأْتِ بِكُمُ اللَّهُ جَمِيعاً. قال: «و ذلك-و الله- أن لو قد قام قائمنا يجمع الله إليه شيعتنا من جميع البلدان».

From Abu Sameena,

(It has been narrated) from a slave of Abu Al-Hassan^{-asws} who said, 'I asked Abu Al-Hassan^{-asws} about His^{-azwj} Words: *Wherever you may happen to be, Allah will Bring you all together* [2:148]. He^{-asws} said: 'And that – by Allah^{-azwj} – is that when our^{-asws} Qaim^{-asws} rises, Allah^{-azwj} would Gather to him^{-asws}, our^{-asws} Shias from all the countries'. ¹²

Quran: 3:200

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اصْبِرُوا وَصَابِرُوا وَرَابِطُوا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ {3:200}

O you who believe! Be patient, and excel in patience, and remain steadfast, and fear Allah in order to be successful [3:200]

محمد بن إبراهيم النعماني، قال: أخبرنا علي بن أحمد بن البندنيجي، عن عبيد الله بن موسى العباسي، عن هارون بن مسلم، عن القاسم بن عروة، عن بريد بن معاوية العجلي، عن أبي جعفر محمد بن علي الباقر (عليه السلام)، في قوله: يا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اصْبِرُوا وَ صابِرُوا وَ رابِطُوا. قال: «اصبروا على أداء الفرائض، و صابروا عدوكم، و رابطوا إمامكم المنتظر».

Muhammad Bin Ibrahim Al No'mani, from Ali Bin Ahmad Bin Al Bandanayji, from Ubeydullah Bin Musa Al Abbas, from Haroun Bin Muslim, from Al Qasim Bin Urwa, from Bureyd Bin Muawiya Al Ajaly,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far Muhammad-asws Bin Ali Al-Baqir-asws regarding His-azwj Words *O you who believe! Be patient, and excel in patience, and remain steadfast, and fear Allah in order to be successful [3:200]*. He-asws said: 'Be patient upon the fulfilment of the

الكافي 8: 313/ 487 11

تفسير العيّاشي 1: 66/ 117. 12

Obligations, *and excel in patience* from your enemies, *and remain steadfast* <u>upon your Imam</u>^{asws}, the Awaited one^{-asws}'. ¹³

Quran: 4:69

And the one who obeys Allah and the Rasool, so they are those upon whom Allah has Bestowed Favours from the Prophets and the Truthful and the Martyrs and the Righteous; and excellent companions are they! [4:69]

Then he^{-asws} (Imam Ali^{-asws}) said in a lengthy Hadith: 'so they are those upon whom Allah has Bestowed Favours from the Prophets and the Truthful and the Martyrs and the Righteous; and excellent companion are they! [4:69] That is the Grace from Allah, and Suffice with Allah as a Knower [4:70]. Then the two grandsons^{-asws}, Hassan^{-asws} and Husayn^{-asws} and Al-Mahdi^{-asws}, upon them^{-asws} be the greetings, and the salutations and the honour. Allah^{-azwj} Made them^{-asws} to be from the one He^{-azwj} so Desires to from the People^{-asws} of the Household".¹⁴

Quran: 9:33 & 61:9

He is the One Who Sent His Rasool with the Guidance and the Religion of Truth in order to prevail it upon all the Religions, and even if the Polytheists dislike it [9:33]

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'Muhammad Bin Musa Bin Al Mutawakkal narrated to us, from Ali Bin Al Husayn Al Asadabady, from Ahmad bin Abu Abdullah Al Barqy, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer who said,

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} said regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *He is the One Who Sent His Rasool with the Guidance and the Religion of Truth in order to prevail it upon all the Religions, and even if the Polytheists dislike it [9:33]*: 'By Allah^{-azwj}! <u>Its explanation has not descended afterwards, nor will its explanation descend until the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws}.</u>

¹⁴ Tafseer Furat V 1 P 113 H 114

الغيبة: 199/ 13 ¹³

فإذا خرج القائم (عليه السلام) لم يبق كافر بالله العظيم و لا مشرك بالإمام إلا كره خروجه حتى لو كان كافر أو مشرك في بطن صخرة، قالت: يا مؤمن، في بطني كافر فاكسرين و اقتله».

So, when Al-Qaim^{-asws} rises, there will not remain a Kafir with Allah^{-azwj} the Magnificent, nor an associate with the Imam^{-asws} except that he would be averse to his ^{-asws} rising, to the extent that if there were to be a Kafir or a Polytheist in the belly of a rock, it would say, 'O Momin! In my belly is a Kafir, so break me and kill him!'¹⁵

Quran: 14:5

And We had Sent Musa with Our Signs: "Take your people out from the (multiple) darkness into the light and remind them of the Days of Allah. Surely in that are Signs for every patient, grateful one" [14:5]

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Yahya Al Ataar narrated to us, from Sa' d Bin Abdullah, from Yagoub Bin Yazeed, from Muhammad Bin Al Hassan Al Maysami, from Masny Al Hanaat who said,

'I heard Abu Ja'far-asws saying: 'The Days of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic are three – The day of the rising of Al-Qaim-asws, and the day of Raj'at (The Return), and the Day of Judgement'. 16

Quran: 15:36-38

He said, 'Lord! Then Respite me up to the Day they would be Resurrected' [15:36] He said: "So you are from the Respited ones [15:37] Up to the Day of the known time" [15:38]

From Wahab bin Jami'e, a slave of Is'haq Bin Amaar who said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah-asws about the Words of Iblees-la: Lord! 'Then Respite me up to the Day they would be Resurrected' [15:36] He said: "So you are from the Respited ones [15:37] Up to the Day of the known time" [15:38]. May I be sacrificed for you-asws! Which day is it?'

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 670/ 16، ينابيع المودة: 423. 15

الخصال: 108/ 75، ينابيع المودة: 424. 16

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قال: «يا وهب، أتحسب أنه يوم يبعث الله فيه الناس؟ إن الله أنظره إلى يوم يبعث فيه قائمنا، فإذا بعث الله قائمنا كان في مسجد الكوفة، و جاء إبليس حتى يجثو بين يديه على ركبتيه، فيقول: يا ويله من هذا اليوم، فيأخذ بناصيته فيضرب عنقه، فذلك اليوم هو الوقت المعلوم».

He^{-asws} said: 'O Wahab! Do you reckon that is it the Day in which Allah^{-azwj} would Resurrect the people? Allah^{-azwj} has Respited him^{-la} till the day in which He^{-azwj} would <u>Send our^{-asws} Qaim^{-asws}.</u> He^{-asws} would be in the Masjid of Al-Kufa, and Iblees^{-la} would come until he^{-la} would kneel down in front of him^{-asws}, and he^{-la} would be saying, 'O woe from this day!' So he^{-asws} would grab him^{-la} by his^{-la} eyebrows and strike his^{-la} neck off, and that is *the Day of the known time"* [15:38]'.¹⁷

Quran: 15:87

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَاكَ سَبْعًا مِنَ الْمَثَانِي وَالْقُرْآنَ الْعَظِيمَ {87}

And We have Given you seven from Al-Masaany and the Magnificent Quran [15:87]

عن يونس بن عبد الرحمن، عمن ذكره، رفعه، قال: سألت أبا عبد الله (عليه السلام) عن قول الله: وَ لَقَدْ آتَيْناكَ سَبْعاً مِنَ الْمَثانِي وَ الْقُرْآنَ الْعَظِيمَ، قال: «إن ظاهرها الحمد، و باطنها ولد الولد، و السابع منها القائم (عليه السلام)».

From Yunus Bin Abdul Rahman, from the one who mentioned it, raising it, said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj}: **And We have Given you seven of the oft-repeated (verses) and the Magnificent Quran [15:87]**. He^{-asws} said: 'Its apparent is 'Al-Hamd' (Chapter 1), and its esoteric is a son^{-asws} of the son^{-asws}, and the seventh from him^{-asws} is Al-Qaim^{-asws}. 18

Quran: 17:33

وَلا تَقْتُلُوا النَّفْسَ الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بِالحُقِّ وَمَنْ قُتِلَ مَظْلُومًا فَقَدْ جَعَلْنَا لِوَلِيِّهِ سُلْطَانًا فَلَا يُسْرِفْ فِي الْقَتْلِ إِلَّهُ كَانَ مَنْصُورًا {33}

And do not kill the soul which Allah has Forbidden, except with the right; and one who is killed unjustly, so We have Made an authority to be for his guardian, but he should not be excessive in the killing. He would always be Helped [17:33]

شرف الدين النجفي، قال: روى بعض الثقات، بإسناده عن بعض أصحابنا، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) قال: سألته عن قول الله عز و جل: وَ مَنْ قُتِلَ مَظْلُوماً فَقَدْ جَعَلْنا لِوَلِيّهِ سُلْطاناً فَلا يُسْرِفْ فِي الْقَتْلِ إِنَّهُ كَانَ مَنْصُوراً. قال: «نزلت في الحسين (عليه السلام)، لو قتل وليه أهل الأرض [به] ما كان مسرفا، و وليه القائم (عليه السلام)».

Sharaf Al Deen Al Najafy said, 'It has been reported by one of the trustworthy ones, from one of our companions,

'I asked Abu Abdullah-asws about the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: and one who is killed unjustly, so We have Made an authority to be for his guardian, but he should not be excessive in the killing. He would always be Helped [17:33]. He-asws said: 'It was Revealed

17

تفسير العيّاشي 2: 242/ 14 ¹⁷

تفسير العيّاشي 2: 250/ 37. 18

regarding Al-Husayn^{-asws}. Even if his^{-asws} guardian (Appointed Authority) kills all the inhabitants of the earth for it, it would not be excessive. <u>And his^{-asws} guardian (Appointed Authority) is Al-Qaim^{-asws}. 19</u>

From Salaam Bin Mustaneer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far-asws regarding His-azwj Words: and one who is killed unjustly, so We have Made an authority to be for his guardian, but he should not be excessive in the killing. He would always be Helped [17:33]. He-asws said: 'He-asws is Al-Husayn Bin Ali-asws, being killed unjustly, and we-asws are his-asws guardians (Appointed Authorities), and Al-Qaim-asws from us-asws, when he-asws rises, would seek revenge for Al-Husayn-asws, so he-asws would kill to the extent that it would be said, 'He-asws has exceeded in the killing'.

And he-asws said: 'The killed – Al-Husayn-asws, and his-asws guardian (Appointed Authority) is Al-Qaim-asws. And the excessiveness in the killing, is that one kills other than the killer, **He would always be Helped [17:33]**. So he-asws would not go away from the world until he-asws is helped by a man from the Progeny-asws of the Rasool-saww who would fill the earth with equity and justice just as it had been filled with injustice and inequity'.²⁰

Quran: 17:81

And say: 'The Truth came and the Falsehood vanished, surely the falsehood would always vanish' [17:81]

Muhammad Bin Yaqoub, from Ali Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Al Abbas, from Al Hassan Bin Abdul Rahman, from Aasim Bin Hameed, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: 'The Truth came and the Falsehood vanished, surely the falsehood would always vanish' [17:81], he^{-asws} said: 'When Al-Qaim^{-asws} rises, the governments of the falsehood would vanish'.²¹

تأويل الآيات 1: 280/ 10. 19

تفسير العيّاشي 2: 290/ 67، ينابيع المودة: 425. ²⁰

الكافي 8: 287/ 432. 21.

Quran: 20:110

يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِهِ عِلْمًا {110}

He Knows what is before them and what is behind them, while they do not comprehend Him in knowledge [20:110]

فَإِنَّهُ حَدَّثَنِي أَبِي عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ مُحْبُوبٍ عَنْ أَبِي مُحَمَّدٍ الْوَابِشِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي الْوَرْدِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ ع قال..... و قوله: يَعْلَمُ ما بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَ ما حَلْفَهُمْ – وَ لا يُجِيطُونَ بِهِ عِلْماً قال ما بين أيديهم ما مضى من أخبار الأنبياء – و ما خلفهم من أخبار القائم ع و قوله: وَ عَنَتِ الْوُجُوهُ لِلْحَيِّ الْقَيُّومِ أي ذلت – و أما قوله أَوْ يُحْدِثُ لُمَّمْ ذِكْراً يعني ما يحدث من أمر القائم ع و السفياني

(In a lengthy Hadith from 4th Imam^{-asws}): And His^{-azwj} saying: He knows what is before them and what is behind them - and they do not encompass it in knowledge. He said: What is before them is what has passed of the news of the prophets - and what is behind them of the news of the Qa'im^{-ajfj}. And His saying: And the faces will be humbled before the Ever-Living, the Self-Sustaining - meaning they will be humbled - and as for His saying: or He will cause them to be remembered, He means what will happen regarding the matter of the Qa'im^{-ajfj} and the Sufyani.²²

Quran: 20:115

وَلَقَدْ عَهِدْنَا إِلَىٰ آدَمَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَنَسِيَ وَلَمْ نَجِدْ لَهُ عَزْمًا {115}

And We had Covenanted to Adam before, but he forgot, and We did not find for him having determination [20:115]

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ الْحُكَمِ عَنْ مُفَضَّلِ بْنِ صَالِحٍ عَنْ جَابِرٍ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِ اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ لَقَدْ عَهِدْنا إِلَى آدَمَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَنَسِيَ وَ لَمْ نَجِدْ لَهُ عَزْماً قَالَ عَهِدْنَا إِلَيْهِ فِي مُحَمَّدٍ وَ الْأَثِقَةِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ فَتَرَكَ وَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ عَزْمٌ أَثَمَّمْ هَكَذَا

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Mufazzal Bin Salih, from Jabir,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far-asws regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: And We had Covenanted to Adam before, but he forgot, and We did not find for him having determination [20:115] - regarding Muhammad-saww and the Imams-asws from after him-asws, but he neglected, and We did not find determination in him, that they-asws were like that.

وَ إِنَّمَا سُمِّيَ أُولُو الْعَرْمِ أُولِي الْعَرْمِ لِأَنَّهُ عَهِدَ إِلَيْهِمْ فِي مُحَمَّدٍ وَ الْأَوْصِيَاءِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَ الْمَهْدِيِّ وَ سِيرَتِهِ وَ أَجْمَعَ عَرْمُهُمْ عَلَى أَنَّ ذَلِكَ كَذَلِكَ وَ الْإِقْرَارِ بِهِ .

And rather the Determined Ones (UI Al-Azm) have been named as the Determined Ones because it was covenanted to them^{-as} regarding Muhammad^{-saww} and the successors^{-asws} from

after him^{-saww}, <u>and Al-Mahdi</u>-asws <u>and his</u>-asws <u>way</u>, and they^{-as} gathered their^{-as} determination upon that, that was like that, and the acknowledgment with it'.²³

Quran: 20:135

Say: 'Everyone is awaiting, therefore wait, for soon you will come to known who is the companion of the Even Path and who is Guided' [20:135]

وَ قَالَ أَيْضاً حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ هَمَّامٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ الْعَلَوِيِّ عَنْ عِيسَى بْنِ دَاوُدَ النَّجَّارِ عَنْ أَبِي الْحُسَنِ مُوسَى بْنِ جَعْفَرٍ ع قَالَ: سَأَلْتُ أَبِي عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَ فَسَتَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ أَصْحابُ الصِّراطِ السَّوِي وَ مَنِ اهْتَدى قَالَ الصِّرَاطُ السَّوِيُ هُوَ الْقَائِمُ²⁴ وَ الْمَهْدِيُّ مَنِ اهْتَدَى إِلَى طَاعَتِهِ وَ مِثْلُهَا فِي كِتَابِ اللهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَ فَايَّهُ لِكُونَ مَنْ أَصْحابُ الصِّراطِ السَّوِي وَ مَنِ اهْتَدى قَالَ إِلَى وَلايتِنَا.

And he also said: Muhammad ibn Hammam narrated to us from Muhammad ibn Ismail al-Alawi from Isa ibn Dawud al-Najjar from;

Abu Al-Hasan Musa^{-asws} ibn Ja`far^{-asws} who said: I^{-asws} asked my father^{-asws} about the saying of Allah, the Mighty and Sublime: "You will soon know who are the companions of the straight path and who is guided." He^{-asws} said: The straight path is the Qa'im^{-ajfj}, and the Mahdi^{-ajfj} is the one who is guided to His^{-azwj} obedience, and the same is in The Book of God Almighty, and indeed, I am Forgiving to whoever repents, believes, and does righteousness, and then continues in guidance. He^{-azwj} said, to our guardianship.²⁵

Quran: 74:46-47

And we used to belie the Day of Religion [74:46] Until the certainty came to us (now) [74:47]

(Sharaf Al Deen Al Najafi) in (the book) Taweel Al Ayaat -

'(From) Abu Abdullah^{-asws}. He (the narrator) said: '(What about) the Words of the Exalted: **And we used to belie the Day of Religion [74:46]**. He^{-asws} said: '(Belied) the day of the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws}'. ²⁶

²³ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 22

⁽³⁾ كذا صحّحناه من البرهان، و في الخطّية: « و الهدى». 24

تأويل الآيات الظاهرة في فضائل العترة الطاهرة، ص: 317 25

⁽Extract) (تأويل الآيات 2: 734/ 6)

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Quran: 31:20

أَلَمْ تَرَوْا أَنَّ اللَّهَ سَخَّرَ لَكُمْ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَأَسْبَغَ عَلَيْكُمْ نِعَمَهُ ظَاهِرَةً وَبَاطِنَةً ۗ وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يُجَادِلُ فِي اللَّهِ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ وَلَا هُدًى وَلَا كِتَابٍ مُنيرٍ {20}

Do you not see that Allah has Subdued to you whatever is in the skies and whatever is in the earth, and Bestowed upon you His Bounties, apparent and hidden? And from the people is one who disputes regarding Allah without any Knowledge nor any Guidance, nor any illuminating Book [31:20]

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا أحمد بن زياد بن جعفر الهمداني (رضي الله عنه)، قال: حدثنا علي بن إبراهيم ابن هاشم، عن أبيه، عن أبي أحمد محمد بن زياد الأزدي، قال: سألت سيدي موسى بن جعفر (عليهما السلام) عن قول الله عز و جل: وَ أَسْبَغَ عَلَيْكُمْ نِعَمَهُ ظاهِرَةً وَ باطِنَةً فقال (عليه السلام): «النعمة الظاهرة: الإمام الظاهر، و الباطنة: الإمام الغائب».

Ibn babuwayh said, 'Ahmad Bin Ziyad Bin Ja'far Al-Hamdany narrated to us, from Ali Bin Ibrahim bin Hashim, from his father, from Abu Ahmad Muhammad Bin Ziyad Al-Azdy who said,

'I asked my Master Musa^{-asws} Bin Ja'far^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic **and Bestowed upon you His Bounties, apparent and hidden [31:20]**, so he^{-asws} said: 'The apparent Bounty – is the apparent Imam^{-asws}; <u>and the hidden Bounty – is the hidden Imam^{-asws}</u>.

So I said to him^{-asws}, 'So there will be among the Imams^{-asws}, one^{-asws} who would be hidden?' He^{-asws} said: 'Yes. His^{-asws} person would be hidden from the vision of the people, but his^{-asws} Zikr would not be absent from the hearts of the Momineen, and he^{-asws} is the twelfth one from us^{-asws} .

و يسهل الله له كل عسير، و يذلل الله له كل صعب، و يظهر له كل كنوز الأرض، و يقرب له كل بعيد، و يبير به كل جبار عنيد، و يهلك على يده كل شيطان مريد،

And Allah^{-azwj} will Make easy for him^{-asws}, every difficulty, and overcome each one of it, and Manifest for him^{-asws} every treasure of the earth, and Draw closer to him^{-asws} every remote thing, and every tyrant would be destroyed by him^{-asws}, and every castaway satan^{-la} would perish at his^{-asws} hands.

ذلك ابن سيدة الإماء، الذي تخفى على الناس ولادته، و لا يحل لهم تسميته، حتى يظهره الله عز و جل فيملأ الأرض قسطا و عدلاكما ملئت جورا و ظلما».

That is the son^{-asws} of the Chieftess (Syeda^{-asws}) of the believing maids, whose coming (to the world) would be concealed from the people. It would not be permissible for them to name

him^{-asws}, until Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic <u>Makes him^{-asws} to appear</u>, so he^{-asws} would fill the earth with equity and justice just as it had been filled with inequity and injustice'.²⁷

Quran: 29:10

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَقُولُ آمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ فَإِذَا أُوذِيَ فِي اللَّهِ جَعَلَ فِتْنَةَ النَّاسِ كَعَذَابِ اللَّهِ وَلَئِنْ جَاءَ نَصْرٌ مِنْ رَبِّكَ لَيَقُولُنَّ إِنَّا كُنَّا مَعَكُمْءَ أُولِيْسَ اللَّهُ بِأَعْلَمَ بِمَا فِي صُدُورِ الْعَالَمِينَ {10}}

And from the people there is one who says, 'We believe in Allah!' But when he is harmed in (the Way of) Allah, he regards the trial of the people as being a Punishment of Allah. And if Help from your Lord comes, they would be saying, 'Surely we were with you'. Or, isn't Allah more Knowing of what is in their chests (conscience) of the (people of the) worlds? [29:10]

و عنه، قال: حدثنا أحمد بن زياد بن جعفر الهمداني ، قال: حدثنا علي بن إبراهيم بن هاشم، عن أبيه، عن عبد السلام بن صالح الهروي، قال: قلت لأبي الحسن الرضا (عليه السلام) قتل ذراري قتلة الحسين (عليه السلام) أنه إذا خرج القائم (عليه السلام) قتل ذراري قتلة الحسين (عليه السلام) بفعال آبائهم؟ فقال (عليه السلام): «هوكذلك».

And from him, from Ahmad Bin Ziyad Bin Ja'far Al-hamdany, from Ali Bin Ibrahim Bin Hashim, from his father, from Abdul Salam Bin Salih Al-Harwy who said,

'I said to Abu Al-Hassan Al-Reza^{-asws},'What would you^{-asws} say regarding a Hadeeth which is being reported from Al-Sadiq^{-asws} that, when Al-Qaim^{-asws} rises, he^{-asws} would kill the descendants of the killers of Al-Husayn^{-asws}, (as they will be pleased) for the actions of their forefathers?' He^{-asws} said: 'It is like that'.

So, I said, 'And the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *A bearer of a burden will not bear the burden of another [53:38]*, what is it's meaning?'

قال: «صدق الله تعالى في جميع أقواله، و لكن ذراري قتلة الحسين (عليه السلام) يرضون بفعال آبائهم و يفتخرون بحا، و من رضي شيئا كان كمن أتاه، و لو أن رجلا قتل بالمشرق فرضي بقتله رجل في المغرب لكان الراضي عند الله عز و جل شريك القاتل، و إنما يقتلهم القائم (عليه السلام) إذا خرج، لرضاهم بفعل آبائهم».

He^{-asws} said: 'Allah^{-azwj} is True in all of His^{-azwj} Statements. The descendants of the killers of Al-Husayn^{-asws} would be pleased with the actions of their forefathers. And the one who is happy with a matter is like the one who has done it, even if a man was killed in the East and a man in the West was pleased with him being killed, since the one who is pleased with it, in the Presence of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic, is an associate of the killer. But rather, Al-Qaim^{-asws} would kill them when he^{-asws} rises, due to them being pleased with the actions of their forefathers'.

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 368/ 6. 27

I asked him^{-asws}, '<u>With what thing will Al-Qaim</u>-asws from you, begin with?' He^{-asws} said: 'He^{-asws} will begin with the clan of Shayba, and he^{-asws} will cut off their hands, because they are thieves in the House of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic'.²⁸

Quran: 8:7-8

وَإِذْ يَعِدُكُمُ اللَّهُ إِحْدَى الطَّائِفَتَيْنِ أَثَمَا لَكُمْ وَتَوَدُّونَ أَنَّ غَيْرَ ذَاتِ الشَّوْكَةِ تَكُونُ لَكُمْ وَيُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُحِقَّ الْحُقَّ بِكَلِمَاتِهِ وَيَقْطَعَ دَابِرَ الْكَافِرِينَ {7} لِيُحِقَّ الْحُقَّ وَيُبْطِلَ الْبَاطِلَ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُجْرِمُونَ {8}

And when Allah Promised you one of the two parties that it shall be yours, and you loved that the one without the arms should be yours, and Allah Intended that the Truth be proven true by His Words and to cut off the roots of the Kafirs [8:7]. For the Truth to be proven true and the falsehood to be falsified, and even if the criminals dislike it [8:8]

العياشي: عن جابر، قال سألت أبا جعفر (عليه السلام) عن تفسير هذه الآية في قول الله: وَ يُرِيدُ اللهُ أَنْ يُحِقَّ الحُقَّ بِكَلِماتِهِ وَ يَقْطَعَ دابِرَ الْكافِرِينَ. قال أبو جعفر (عليه السلام): «تفسيرها في الباطن يريد الله فإنه شيء يريده و لم يفعله بعد.

Al-Ayyashi, from Jabir, who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far^{-asws} about the interpretation of the Verse regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj}: and Allah Intended that the Truth be proven true by His Words and to cut off the roots of the Kafirs [8:7]. Abu Ja'far^{-asws} said: 'Its esoteric interpretation is Allah^{-azwj} Intended it, so it was something He^{-azwj} Wanted it (to happen) but had not done it yet.

و أما قوله: يُحِقُّ الْحُقُّ بِكَلِماتِهِ فإنه يعني يحق حق آل محمد،

And as for His^{-azwj} Words: **the Truth be proven true by His Words** – it Means He^{-azwj} Wanted to Prove true the reality of the Truth of the rights of the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww'}.

و أما قوله: بِكَلِماتِهِ قال: كلماته في الباطن علي (عليه السلام) هو كلمة الله في الباطن، و أما قوله: وَ يَقْطَعَ دابِرَ الْكافِرِينَ فهم بنو امية هم الكافرون، يقطع الله دابرهم،

And as for His^{-azwj} Words: **by His Words**, he^{-asws} said: 'His^{-azwj} Words in the esoteric (interpretation) is Ali^{-asws}. He^{-asws} is the Word of Allah^{-azwj} in the esoteric. And as for His^{-azwj} Words **and to cut off the roots of the Kafirs**, so they are the Clan of Umayya, they are the Kafirs. Allah^{-azwj} cut-off their roots.

و أما قوله: لِيُحِقُّ الْحُقُّ فإنه يعني ليحق حق آل محمد حين يقوم القائم (عليه السلام)،

And as for His^{-azwj} Words: *For the Truth to be proven true [8:8]*, so it Means to Manifest the rights of the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww} when Al-Qaim^{-asws} would rise.

و أما قوله: وَ يُبْطِلَ الْباطِلَ يعني القائم (عليه السلام)، فإذا قام يبطل باطل بني امية، و ذلك قوله: لِيُحِقُّ الْحَقُّ وَ يُبْطِلَ الْباطِلَ وَ لَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُجْرِمُونَ».

عيون أخبار الرّضا (عليه السّلام) 1: 273/ 5، على الشرائع: 229/ 1، ينابيع المودة: 424. ⁸²

And as for His^{-azwj} Words: *and the falsehood to be falsified*, it Means Al-Qaim^{-asws} when he^{-asws} rises, he^{-asws} would invalidate the falsehood of the Clan of Umayya, and these are His^{-azwj} Words: *and the falsehood to be falsified, and even if the criminals dislike it [8:8]*².²⁹

Quran: 2:249

فَلَمَّا فَصَلَ طَالُوتُ بِالجُنُودِ قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مُبْتَلِيكُمْ بِنَهَرٍ فَمَنْ شَرِبَ مِنْهُ فَلَيْسَ مِتِي وَمَنْ لَمْ يَطُعُمْهُ فَإِنَّهُ مِتِي إِلَّا مَنِ اغْتَرَفَ عُرْفَةً بِيَدِهِ ۽ فَشَرِبُوا مِنْهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِنْهُ وَاللَّهِ مَنْ فِغَةٍ قَلِيلَةٍ غَلَبَتْ فِغَةً كَثِيرَةً بإِذْنِ مِنْهُ فَلَوْمَ بِجَالُوتَ وَجُنُودِهِ ۽ قَالَ الَّذِينَ يَظُنُّونَ أَثَمُمْ مُلَاقُو اللَّهِ كُمْ مِنْ فِغَةٍ قَلِيلَةٍ غَلَبَتْ فِغَةً كَثِيرَةً بإِذْنِ اللَّهِ مَعَ الطَّابِرِينَ {249}

So when Talut departed with the forces, he said: 'Surely Allah will Test you with a river; so the one who drinks from it, he isn't from me, and the one who does not taste of it, he is from me, except for the one who scoops out a scoop with his hand'; but they drank from it except for a few of them. So when he had crossed it, he and those who believed were with him, they (drinkers) said: 'There is no strength for us today with (confronting) Goliath and his army'. Those who were thinking that they would be meeting Allah said, 'How many times a small group has overcome a numerous group by the Permission of Allah, and Allah is with the patient ones [2:249]

حدَّثَنَا عَلِيُّ بْنُ الْحُسَيْنِ قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْبَى الْعَطَّارُ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ حَسَّانَ الرَّازِيِّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ الْكُوفِيِّ قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ عَ قَالَ: إِنَّ أَصْحَابَ طَالُوتَ ابْتُلُوا بِالنَّهَرِ الَّذِي قَالَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى – مُبْتَلِيكُمْ بِنَهَرٍ 30 وَ إِنَّ أَصْحَابَ طَالُوتَ ابْتُلُوا بِالنَّهَرِ الَّذِي قَالَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى – مُبْتَلِيكُمْ بِنَهَرٍ 30 وَ إِنَّ أَصْحَابَ طَالُوتَ ابْتُلُوا بِالنَّهَرِ اللَّذِي قَالَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى – مُبْتَلِيكُمْ بِنَهَرٍ 30 اللَّهُ عَلْمُ اللَّهُ عَيْمُ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ ذَلِكَ.

Ali ibn Al-Husayn narrated: Muhammad ibn Yahya al-Attar narrated from Muhammad ibn Hassan al-Razi from Muhammad ibn Ali al-Kufi who narrated: Abd al-Rahman ibn Abi Hashim narrated from Ali ibn Abi Hamza from Abu Basir from:

(Imam) Abu Abdullah^{-asws} who said: The companions of Talut were tested by the river about which Allah^{-azwj} the Most High said: "I am testing you." By a river, and the companions of the <u>Qa'im^{-ajfj} will be tested with the same</u>.³¹ (about companions – don't know how this can be relevant)

Quran: 103:1-2

وَالْعَصْرِ {1} إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لَفِي خُسْرٍ {2}

(I Swear) by the era [103:1] Surely, the human being is in loss [103:2]

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا أحمد بن هارون الفامي، و جعفر بن محمد بن مسرور، و علي بن الحسين بن شاذويه المؤذن (رضي الله عنهم)، قالوا: حدثنا محمد بن عبد الله بن جعفر بن جامع الحميري، قال: حدثنا أبي، عن محمد بن الحسين بن أبي الخطاب الزيات، عن محمد بن سنان، عن المفضل بن

تفسير العياشي 2: 50/ 24. ²⁹

^{30 (4).} مضمون مأخوذ من قوله تعالى \i« إنَّ الله مُبْتَلِيكُمْ بنَهَر » E\ في سورة البقرة: 249.

الغيبة للنعماني، النص، ص: 316 31

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Ibn babuwayh, from Ahmad Bin Haroun Al Famy, and Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Masour, and Ali Bin Al Husayn Bin Sahzawayh Al Muazzin, from Muhammad Bin Abdullah Bin Ja'far Bin Jam'ea Al Humeyri, from his father, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn Bin Abu Al Khattab Al Zayaat, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Al Mufazzal Bin Umar who said,

'I asked Al-Sadig Ja'far-asws Bin Muhammad-asws about the Words of Allah-azwj: (I Swear) by the time [103:1] Surely the human being is in loss [103:2], so he-asws said: 'The era – era of the reappearance of Al-Qaim-asws (from Occultation).

(For): Surely the human being is in loss [103:2], he-asws said: 'It means our-asws enemies.

Except for those who believe - meaning in Our-asws Signs, and are doing the righteous deed meaning in the equality of the brethren, and enjoin each other with the Truth – meaning, with the Imamate, and enjoin each other with the patience [103:3] - meaning during the difficulties".32

Quran: 98:5

And they had not been Commanded except that they should be worshipping Allah, being sincere to Him of the Religion, upright, and they should be establishing the Salat and giving the Zakat, and that is the correct Religion [98:5]

Sharaf Al-Deen Najafy, from Ali Bin Asbaat, from Ibn Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer,

'Abu Abdullah regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: and that is the correct Religion [98:5], he-asws said: 'That is the Religion of Al-Qaim-asws'.33

⁽كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 656/ 1.) ³² (تأويل الآيات 2: 831/ 2)

Quran: 97:4-5

The Angels and the Spirit are descending during it by Permission of their Lord regarding every matter [97:4] (They say) Salam! It is such until emergence of the dawn [97:5]

And from Al-Sadiq^{-asws}, that he^{-asws} said: 'It will be remaining (keep occurring) up to the Day of Judgement, because had it been Lifted, the whole of the Quran would be Lifted, because in it is: *The Angels and the Spirit are descending during it [97:4]*, and the Glorious has used the word in future tense, and did not Say "Came down", by the word in the past tense.

And that is truth, because it is not for one community but for all other communities. It is for the all of the creation. There needs to be a man on whom the Angels and the Spirit descend on with the inevitable Commands during the Night of Pre-determination (Laylat Al-Qadr) in every year.

ولو لم يكن كذلك لم يكن بكل أمر. ففي زمن النبي صلى الله عليه وآله كان هو المنزل عليه، ومن بعده على أوصيائه أولهم أمير المؤمنين وآخرهم القائم عليهم السلام وهو المنزل عليه إلى يوم القيامة، لان الارض لا تخلو من حجة الله عليها، وهو الحجة الباقية إلى يوم القيامة عليه وعلى آبائه أفضل الصلاة التامة.

And, had it not been like that, it would not happen with 'every matter'. In the era of the Prophet-saww these Came down upon him-saww, and after him-saww on his-saww successors-asws, the first of whom is the Amir-al-Momineen-asws, and the last of them is *Al-Qaim*-asws, and these will Come down upon him-asws up to the Day of Judgement, for the earth cannot be empty of the Divine Authority of Allah-azwj on it, and he-asws is the Divine Authority that would remain up to the Day of Judgement. Upon him-asws and upon his-asws forefathers are the best of the greetings.'34

And it has been reported from Muhammad Bin Jamhour, from Safwaan, from Abdullah Bin Muskaan, from Abu Baseer, who has said:

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} said: 'The Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *The Angels and the Spirit descend during it by Permission of their Lord, of every matter [97:4]*, i.e. from the Presence

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³⁴ Taweel Al Ayaat – Ch 97 H 7

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of their Lord^{-azwj}, unto Muhammad^{-saww} and the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww} with every matter, (saying): 'Salam!''³⁵

Quran: 92:1-2

(I Swear) by the night when it spreads (overcomes/broods) [92:1] And (I Swear) by the day (a special day) when it (is going to) light-up (the truth/Justice) [92:2]

ثم قال علي بن إبراهيم: أخبرنا أحمد بن إدريس، قال: حدثنا محمد بن عبد الجبار، عن ابن أبي عمير، عن حماد بن عثمان، عن محمد بن مسلم، قال: سألت أبا جعفر (عليه السلام) عن قول الله عز و جل: وَ اللَّيْلِ إِذَا يَغْشى، قال: «الليل في هذا الموضع الثاني، يغشي أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام) في دولته التي جرت له عليه، و أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام) يصبر في دولتهم حتى تنقضى».

Then Ali Bin Ibrahim said – It has been narrated from Ahmad Bin Idrees, from Muhammad Bin Abdul Jabbar, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Hamaad Bin Usman, from Muhammad Bin Muslim who said:

'I asked Abu Ja'far-asws about the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: (I Swear) by the night when it overcomes [92:1], he-asws said: 'The night in this subject, is the second one (Umar). He disregarded Amir Al-Momineen-asws ('s rights) during his government, which flowed to him (from Abu Bakr). And Amir-Al-Momineen-asws was patient during his government until it lapsed'.

I asked (what about), 'And the day when it is displayed [92:2]'. He-asws said: 'The day is Al-Qaim-asws from us-asws - the People-asws of the Household, when he-asws rises his-asws government would overcome the governments of the falsehood.

And the Quran has Given examples regarding this for the people, and has Addressed His^{-azwj} Prophet^{-saww} by it and us^{-asws}. So, no one else knows it apart from us^{-asws}. ³⁶

Quran: 91:1-4

(I Swear) by the sun and its brightness [91:1] And (I Swear) the moon when it follows it, [91:2] And (I Swear) the day when it <u>radiates</u> enlighten it, [91:3] And (I Swear) the night when it covers it, [91:4]

³⁵ Taweel Al Ayaat – Ch 97 H 2

⁽تفسير القمى 2: 425) ³⁶

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شرف الدين النجفي، قال: روى علي بن محمد، عن أبي جميلة، عن الحلبي، و رواه أيضا علي ابن الحكم، عن أبان بن عثمان، عن الفضل أبي العباس، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، أنه قال: وَ الشَّمْسِ وَ ضُحاها: «الشمس: أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام)، و ضحاها: قيام القائم (عليه السلام)، لأن الله سبحانه قال: وَ أَنْ يُحْشَرَ النَّاسُ ضُحَّى،

Sharaf Al-Deen Al-Najafy said, 'It has been reported from Ali Bin Muhammad, from Abu Jameela, from Al-Halby, and it has been reported as well by Ali Ibn Al-hakam, from Aban Bin Usman, from Al-Fazal Abu Al-Abbas, who has narrated:

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} has said: '(I Swear) by the sun and its clarity [91:1] – The sun is Amir-al-Momineen^{-asws}, and its brightness is the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws} because Allah^{-azwj} the Glorious Said: and let the people be gathered at forenoon' [20:59]'.

And the moon when it follows it, [91:2] – Are Al-Hassan^{-asws} and Al-Husayn^{-asws} And the day when it displays it, [91:3] – It is the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws}.

And the night when it covers it, [91:4] – Hibter (Abu Bakr) and his government, had covered over the Truth'.³⁷

Quran: 89:1-4

(I Swear) by the dawn [89:1] And (I Swear) ten nights [89:2] And (I Swear) the even and the odd [89:3] And (I Swear) the night when it passes [89:4]

Sharaf Al-Deen Najafy said, 'It has been reported by an unbroken chain, from Amro Bin Shimr, from Jabir Bin Yazeed Al-Jufy:

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} has said: 'The Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *(I Swear) by the dawn [89:1]* - and the dawn, <u>he^{-asws} is Al-Qaim^{-asws}</u>

And ten nights [89:2] - are the (ten) Imams^{-asws} from Al-Hassan^{-asws} (Al-Mujtaba) to Al-Hassan (Al-Askari)^{-asws}.

⁽Extract) تأويل الآيات 2: 803/ 1.

And the even [89:3] - are Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws} and (Syeda) Fatima^{-asws} **and the odd [89:3]** is Allah^{-azwj}, One with not associates to Him^{-azwj}.

And the night when it passes [89:4] - This is the government of Hibter (Abu Bakr), so it would pass to (be eventually replaced by) the government of Al-Qaim-asws'. 38

Quran: 85:1

وَالسَّمَاءِ ذَاتِ الْبُرُوجِ {1}

And (I Swear) by the sky with (holding) the constellations [85:1]

الشيخ المفيد في (الاختصاص): عن محمد بن علي بن بابويه، قال: حدثنا محمد بن موسى بن المتوكل، عن محمد بن أبي عبد الله الكوفي، عن موسى بن عمران، عن عمه الحسين بن يزيد، عن علي بن سالم، عن أبيه، عن سالم بن دينار، عن سعد بن طريف، عن الأصبغ بن نباتة، قال: سمعت ابن عباس يقول: قال رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله): «ذكر الله عز و جل عبادة، و ذكري عبادة، و ذكر على عبادة، و ذكر الأثمة من ولده عبادة،

Al-Sheykh Al-Mufeed in 'Al-Ikhtisaas', from Muhammad Bin Ali Bin Babuwayh, from Muhammad Bin Musa Bin Al-Mutawakal, from Muhammad Bin Abu Abdullah Al-Kufy, from Musa Bin Imran, from his uncle Al-Husayn Bin Yazeed, from Ali Bin Saalim, from his father, from Saalim Bin Dinar, from Sa'ad Bin Tareyf, from Al-Asbagh Bin Nabata who said, 'I heard Ibn Abbas saying,

'The Rasool-Allah^{-saww} said: 'Zikr of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic is worship, and my^{-saww} Zikr is worship, and the Zikr of Ali^{-asws} is worship, and the Zikr of the Imams^{-asws} from his^{-asws} sons^{-asws} is worship.

By the One Who^{-azwj} Sent me^{-saww} with the Prophet-hood, and Made me^{-asws} as the best of the Created beings! My^{-saww} successor^{-asws} is the best of the successors^{-as}, and he^{-asws} is the Divine Authority of Allah^{-azwj} over His^{-azwj} creatures, and His^{-azwj} Caliph over His^{-azwj} creatures. And (so are) the ones^{-asws} from his^{-asws} sons^{-asws}, the Imams^{-asws} of Guidance after me^{-saww}.

It is due to them^{-asws} that Allah^{-azwj} has Withholds the Punishment from the people of the earth, and it is due to them^{-asws} that He^{-azwj} has Held back the sky from falling upon the earth except by His^{-azwj} Permission, and it is due to them^{-asws} that He^{-azwj} has Held firm the mountains

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⁽تأويل الآيات 2: 792/ 1.) 38

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from shaking, and it is due to them^{-asws} that He^{-azwj} Quenches the creatures by the rain, and it is due to them^{-asws} that He^{-azwj} Brings forth the vegetation.

They^{-asws} are the Guardians of Allah^{-azwj} truly, and His^{-azwj} truthful Caliphs. Their^{-asws} number is the number of the Months (12), and these are twelve months. And their^{-asws} number is the number of the chiefs of Musa^{-as} Bin Imran^{-as}.

Then he^{-saww} recited this Verse: *(I Swear) by the sky with the constellations [85:1]*, then said: 'Do you think that Allah^{-azwj} has Sworn by the sky constellation, and He^{-azwj} Means by it the sky and the constellations?' I said, 'O Rasool-Allah^{-saww}! So what is that?'

He^{-saww} said: 'And as for the constellations, so they^{-asws} are the Imams^{-asws} after me^{-saww} – the first of them^{-asws} being Ali^{-asws}, and the last of them^{-asws} is Al-Mahdi^{-asws}'. ³⁹

Quran: 88:1-4

Has there come to you a Hadeeth of the overwhelming event? [88:1] (Some) Faces on that day will be humiliated [88:2] (Of the) toiling Nasibis (Hostile ones) [88:3] (They will be) Arriving to a scorching Fire [88:4]

Sahl, from Muhammad, from his father has narrated:

Abu Abdullah-asws having said when it was said to him-asws: *Has there come to you a Hadeeth of the overwhelming event?* [88:1], he-asws said: <u>'Al-Qaim-asws would overwhelm them with the sword</u>.

He (the narrator) said, 'Faces on that day will be humiliated [88:2]?' He^{-asws} said: 'They will be so humiliated that they will not be able to defend themselves.

⁽الاختصاص: 223)³⁹

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He (the narrator) said, 'I said, '(What about): **toiling [88:3]**?' He^{-asws} said: 'Labouring for other than what Allah^{-azwj} Revealed'.

He (the narrator) said, 'I said, '(What about): **Nasibis (Hostile ones) [88:3**?' He^{-asws} said: '(Those who) established another master of the command'.

He (the narrator) said, 'I said, '(What about): *Arriving to a scorching Fire [88:4]*?' He^{-asws} replied: 'Entering into the fire of the war in the world during the era of the Al-Qaim^{-asws}, and in the Hereafter the Fire of Hell'.⁴⁰

Quran: 81:15-16

But no! I swear by the concealed one [81:15] The one who runs his course, the hidden one [81:16]

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad, from Musa Bin Ja'far Al Naghdady, from Wahab Bin Shazan, from Al Hassan Bin Abu Al Rabie, from Muhammad Bin Is'hag, from Umm Hany who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far Muhammad^{-asws} Bin Ali^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj} the Exalted: **But** no! I swear by the concealed one [81:15] The one who runs his course, the hidden one [81:16].

She (Umm Hany) said, 'So he^{-asws} said: '<u>The Imam^{-asws} would be in concealment in the year two hundred and sixty (260)</u>, then he^{-asws} would appear like the meteor shooting in the dark night. So, if you were to come across his^{-asws} time, it would delight your eyes'.⁴¹

In the book KamaAl-Al-Deen Wa Tamaam Al-Ne'mat, by his chain going up to Ibrahim Bin Atiya, from Umm Hany Al-Saqafy who said:

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⁴⁰ Al Kafi – V 8 H 14461

⁴¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 80 H 22

'I came to my Chief Muhammad Bin Ali-asws Al-Baqir-asws, so I said, 'O my Chief! (Explain for me) a Verse from the Book of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: **But no! I swear by the concealed one [81:15] The one who runs his course, the hidden one [81:16]**'.

قال: نعم المسألة سئلتني يا ام هاني هذا مولود في آخر الزمان هو المهدى من هذه العترة، يكون له حيرة و غيبة يضل فيها قوم ويهتدى فيها قوم، فيا طوبي لك ان ادركتيه ويا طوبي لمن أدركه.

He^{-asws} said: 'Yes, the question which you have asked me^{-asws}, O Umm Hany, this is a coming (which will take place) during the end of times. He^{-asws} is Al-Mahdi^{-asws} from this Family^{-asws}, about whom^{-asws} there will be confusion during his^{-asws} absence. A people would go astray with regards to it, and a people would be guided with regards to it. So beatitude is for you if you come across him^{-asws}, and beatitude would be for the one who comes across him^{-asws}. ⁴²

محمد بن يعقوب: عن عدة من أصحابنا، عن سعد بن عبد الله، عن أحمد بن الحسن، عن عمر ابن يزيد، عن الحسن بن الربيع الهمداني، قال: حدثنا محمد بن إسحاق، عن أسيد بن ثعلبة، عن أم هانئ، قالت: لقيت أبا جعفر محمد بن علي (عليهما السلام)، فسألته عن هذه الآية فَلا أُقْسِمُ بِالْحُنَّسِ، الْجُوارِ الْكُنَّسِ، قال: «الخنس: إمام يخنس في زمانه عند انقطاع من علمه عند الناس سنة ستين و مائتين، ثم يبدو كالشهاب الثاقب في ظلمة الليل، فإن أدركت ذلك قرت عينك».

Muhammad Bin Yaqoub, from a number of our companions, from Sa'ad Bin Abdullah, from Ahmad Bin Al Hassan, from Umar Ibn Yazeed, from Al Hassan Bin Al Rabi'e Al Hamdany, from Muhammad Bin Is'haq, from Aseyd Bin Sa'alba, from Umm Hany who said,

'I met Abu Ja'far Muhammad^{-asws} Bin Ali^{-asws}, and I asked him^{-asws} about these Verses: **But no!** I swear by the concealed one [81:15] The one who runs his course, the hidden one [81:16]. He^{-asws} said: 'The concealed one – Imam^{-asws} who would be concealed during his^{-asws} era during the cutting-off from his^{-asws} knowledge in the presence of the people, in the year two hundred and sixty (260). Then he^{-asws} would appear like the brilliant meteor during the dark night. So if you were to come across him^{-asws}, it would delight your eyes''.⁴³

Quran: 74:9-10

فَذَٰلِكَ يَوْمَئِذٍ يَوْمٌ عَسِيرٌ {9} عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ غَيْرُ يَسِير {10}

That day, it will be such a harsh day [74:9]. Upon the Kafirs, it would not be easy [74:10]

و في حديث آخر عنه (عليه السلام)، قال: «إذا نقر في أذن القائم (عليه السلام) أذن له في القيام».

And in another Hadeeth from him (6th Imam^{-asws}) having said: 'When <u>it resonates in the ears</u> of Al-Qaim^{-asws}, it would be the Permission for him^{-asws} for the Rising'.⁴⁴

(تأويل الآيات 2: 732/ 2.) 44

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⁴² Tafseer Noor Al Sagalayn - CH 81 H 18

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أَبُو عَلِيٍّ الْأَشْعَرِيُّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ حَسَّانَ عَنْ مُحُمَّدِ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ الْقَاسِمِ عَنِ الْمُفَضَّلِ بْنِ عُمَرَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) في قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَجُرُهُ إِنْ اللَّهُ عَنْ وَجُرُهُ إِظْهَارَ أُمْرِهِ نَكَتَ فِي قَلْبِهِ نُكْتَةً فَظَهَرَ فَقَامَ بَأَمْرِ اللَّهِ تَبَارَكُ وَ تَعَالَى .

Abu Ali Al Ashary, from Muhammad Bin Hassan, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Abdullah Bin Al Qasim, from Al Mufazzal Bin Umar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{-asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: **So when it is resonated in the organ [74:8]**. He^{-asws} said: 'From us^{-asws} there <u>is an Imam^{-asws}, who is victorious, hidden (in Occultation)</u>. So when Allah^{-azwj}, Mighty is His^{-azwj} Mention, Intends to Manifest His^{-azwj} Command, would Imprint in his^{-asws} heart with an imprint, so he^{-asws} would appear, and stand by the Command of Allah^{-azwj} the Blessed and Exalted'.⁴⁵

و روى عن عمرو بن شمر، عن جابر بن يزيد، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، قال: «قوله عز و جل: فَإِذا نُقِرَ فِي النَّاقُورِ، قال: الناقور هو النداء من السماء، ألا إن وليكم الله و فلان بن فلان القائم بالحق،

And it has been reported from Amro Bin Shimr, from Jabir Bin Yazeed, who has reported the following:

'Abu Ja'far-asws having said: 'The Words of the Mighty and Majestic: **So when it (trumpet) is resonated in the organ [74:8]**, he-asws said: 'The organ – It is the Call from the sky: 'Indeed! Your Guardian is Allah-azwj and so and so Al-Qaim-asws is with the truth.

ينادي به جبرئيل في ثلاث ساعات من ذلك اليوم، فذلك يوم عسير على الكافرين غير يسير، يعني بالكافرين المرجئة الذين كفروا بنعمة الله و بولاية علي بن أبي الطالب (عليه السلام)».

Jibraeel^{-as} would Call out at three (different) times on that Day. *Then that, on that Day, it would be a difficult Day [74:9]* - Meaning by the Kafirs, the Murjiites, those who committed Kufr with the Favour of Allah^{-azwj} and Wilayah of Ali^{-asws} Bin Abu Talib^{-asws}. ⁴⁶

Quran: 72:24

حَيًّا إِذَا رَأَوْا مَا يُوعَدُونَ فَسَيَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ أَضْعَفُ نَاصِرًا وَأَقَلُ عَدَا {24}

Until when they see what they are being threatened with, then they would come to know who is with weaker helpers and fewer number [72:24]

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنِ ابْنِ مُحْبُوبٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْفُضَيْلِ عَنْ أَبِي الْخُسَنِ الْمَاضِي (عليه السلام) قَالَ سَأَلْتُهُ عَنْ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ حَتَّى إِذا رَأَوْا ما يُوعَدُونَ فَسَيَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ أَضْعَفُ ناصِراً وَ أَقَلُّ عَدَداً يَعْنِي بِذَلِكَ الْقَائِمَ وَ أَنْصَارَهُ

Ali Bin Muhammad, from some of our companions, from Ibn Mahboub, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl,

'From Abu Al-Hassan Al-Maazy^{-asws} (7th Imam^{-asws}), said, 'I asked Him^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *Until when they see what they are being threatened with*,

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⁴⁵ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 80 H 30

⁽تأويل الآيات 2: 732/ 3.) 46

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then they would come to know who is with weaker helpers and fewer number [72:24]. (He⁻ asws said): 'It Means by that Al-Qaim^{-asws} and his^{-asws} helpers'. ⁴⁷

Quran: 70:44

حَاشِعَةً أَبْصَارُهُمْ تَرْهَقُهُمْ ذِلَّةً عَلٰكِكَ الْيَوْمُ الَّذِي كَانُوا يُوعَدُونَ {44}

Their visions humbled, humiliation having tired them. That is the Day which they had been Promised [70:44]

شرف الدين النجفي: بإسناده، عن سليمان بن خالد، عن ابن سماعة، عن عبد الله بن القاسم، عن يحيى بن ميسر، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، في قوله عز و جل: خاشِعَةً أَبْصارُهُمْ تَرْهَقُهُمْ ذِلَّةٌ ذلِكَ الْيَوْمُ الَّذِي كَانُوا يُوعَدُونَ، قال: «يعني يوم خروج القائم (عليه السلام)».

Sharaf Al- Deen Al- Najafy, by his chain, from Suleyman Bin Khalid, from Ibn Sama'at, from Abdullah Bin Al-Qasim, from Yahya Bin Maysar, who has said:

'Abu Ja'far^{-asws}, regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *Their visions humbled, humiliation having exhausted them. That is the Day which they had been Promised* [70:44], he^{-asws} said: 'It Means the day of the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws}. 48

Quran: 70:26

وَالَّذِينَ يُصَدِّقُونَ بِيَوْمِ الدِّينِ {26}

And those who are ratifying the Day of Religion [70:26]

محمد بن يعقوب: عن علي بن محمد، عن علي بن العباس، عن الحسن بن عبد الرحمن، عن عاصم بن حميد، عن أبي حمزة، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، في قوله عز و جل: وَ الَّذِينَ يُصَدِّقُونَ بِيَوْمِ الدِّين، قال: «بخروج القائم (عليه السلام)».

Muhammad Bin Yaqoub, from Al-i Bin Muhammad, from Al-i Bin Al- Abbas, from Al- Hassan Bin Abdul Rahman, from Asim Bin Hameed, from Abu Hamza, who has said:

'Abu Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: **And those who are ratifying the Day of Religion [70:26]**, he^{-asws} said: '(Ratifying) the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws}'. 49

Quran: 67:30

قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَصْبَحَ مَاؤُكُمْ غَوْرًا فَمَنْ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِمَاءٍ مَعِينِ {30}

Say: 'Have you considered if your water were to (sink into the ground) become sunken, so who can come to you any water from a spring? with flowing water?' [67:30]

⁴⁷ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 108 H 91 (Extract)

⁽تأويل الآيات 2: 726/ 7) 48

⁽الكافي 8: 287/ 432) 49

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و عنه، قال: حدثنا أبي (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا سعد بن عبد الله، قال: حدثنا أحمد بن محمد بن عيسى، عن موسى بن القاسم بن معاوية بن وهب البجلي، و أبي قتادة علي بن محمد بن حفص، عن علي بن جعفر، عن أخيه موسى بن جعفر (عليهما السلام)، قال: قلت: ما تأويل قول الله عز و جل: قُلْ أَ رَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَصْبَحَ مَاؤُكُمْ غَوْراً فَمَنْ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِمَاءٍ مَعِين؟

And from him, said, 'My father narrated to us, from Sa'ad Bin Abdullah, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Muha Bin Al-Qasim Bin Muawiya Bin Wahab Al-Bajaly, and Abu Qatada Ali Bin Muhammad Bin Hafs, who has narrated the following:

'Ali son of Ja'far^{-asws}, from his brother Musa^{-asws} Bin Ja'far^{-asws}, said, 'I said, 'What is the explanation of the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: **Say: 'Have you considered if your water were to become sunken, so who can come to you with flowing water?' [67:30]**'.

فقال: «إذا فقدتم إمامكم فلم تروه فما ذا تصنعون؟».

So he^{-asws} said: 'When you lose your Imam^{-asws}, and you do not see him^{-asws} (anymore), so what is it what you would be doing?'⁵⁰

عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحُمَّدٍ عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ مُوسَى بْنِ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ مُعَاوِيَةَ الْبَجَلِيِّ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ جَعْفَرٍ عَنْ أَخِيهِ مُوسَى بْنِ زَيَادٍ عَنْ مُوسَى بْنِ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ مُعَاوِيَةَ الْبَجَلِيِّ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ جَعْفَرٍ عَنْ مُوسَى بْنِ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ مُعَاوِيَةَ الْبَجَلِيِّ عَنْ عَلْمُ إِمَامُكُمْ فَمَنْ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِإِمَامٍ جَدِيدٍ . وَ جَلَّ قُلْ أَ رَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَصْبَحَ مَاؤُكُمْ غَوْراً فَمَنْ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِماءٍ مَعِينِ قَالَ إِذَا غَابَ عَنْكُمْ إِمَامُكُمْ فَمَنْ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِإِمَامٍ جَدِيدٍ .

Ali Bin Muhammad, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Musa Bin Al Qasim Bin Muawiya Al Bajaly,

(It has been narrated) from Ali son of Ja'far^{-asws}, from his brother^{-asws} Musa^{-asws} Bin Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *Say: 'Have you considered if your water were to become sunken, so who can come to you with flowing water?' [67:30]*. He^{-asws} said: 'When your Imam^{-asws} is absent from you all, so who would come to you with a new Imam^{-asws}?'⁵¹

وباسناده إلى ابى بصير عن ابى جعفر عليه السلام في قول الله عزوجل: " قل ارايتم ان اصبح ماؤكم غورا فمن يأتيكم بماء معين " فقال: هذه نزلت في الامام القائم يقول: ان اصبح امامكم غائبا عنكم لا تدرون اين هو ؟ فمن يأتيكم بامام ظاهر يأتيكم باخبار السماوات والارض وحلال الله وحرامه،

And by his chain going up to Abu Baseer, who has narrated:

'Abu Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *Say: 'Have you considered if your water were to become sunken, so who can come to you with flowing water?' [67:30]*, so he^{-asws} said: 'It was Revealed regarding Al-Qaim^{-asws}. He^{-azwj} is Saying; "When your Imam^{-asws} recedes and is hidden from you all, you will not be knowing where he^{-asws} is? So there comes to you the apparent Imam^{-asws}, bringing to you the news of the skies and the earth, and Permissibles of Allah^{-azwj} and His^{-azwj} Prohibitions".

ثم قال عليه السلام: والله ما جاء تأويل هذه الاية ولابد ان يجيئ تأويلها.

⁽كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 360/ 3.) 50

⁵¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 80 H 14

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Then he^{-asws} said: 'By Allah^{-azwj}! The interpretation of this Verse has not come yet, and it is inevitable that its interpretation should come'.⁵²

Quran: 61:8

They are intending to extinguish the Light of Allah with their mouths but Allah will Complete His Light, and even if the Kafirs abhor it [61:8]

Ali Bin Muhammad, from some of our companions, from Ibn Mahboub, from Muhammad Bin Al Fuzayl,

'From Abu Al-Hassan Al-Maazy^{-asws} (7th Imam^{-asws}), said, 'I asked Him^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *They are intending to extinguish the Light of Allah with their mouths [61:8]*. He^{-asws} said: 'They are intending to extinguish the Wilayah of Amir Al-Momineen^{-asws} with their mouths (by talking against it)'.

I said, 'The Words of the Exalted: **but Allah will Complete His light [61:8]**'. He^{-asws} said: 'And Allah^{-azwj} will Complete the Imamate. And the Imamate, it is the Light (النُّور), and these are the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: **Therefore believe in Allah and His Rasool and the Light which We Sent down [64:8]**'. He^{-asws} said: 'The Light (النُّور), it is the Imam^{-asws}'.

I said, 'He is the One Who Sent His Rasool with the Guidance and the Religion of Truth [61:9]'. He^{-asws} said: 'He^{-azwj} is Who Commanded His^{-azwj} Rasool^{-saww} with the Wilayah of his^{-saww} successor^{-asws}, and the Wilayah - is the Religion of the Truth'.

I said, 'in order to prevail it upon all the Religions [61:9]'. He-asws said: 'Prevail it upon the entirety of the Religions during the rising of Al-Qaim-asws' (an extract). 53

Quran: 57:17

اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يُحْيِي الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا ءَقَدْ بَيَّنَّا لَكُمُ الْآيَاتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ {17}

⁵² Tafseer Noor Al Sagalayn - CH 67 H 41

الكافى 1: 358/ 19، تأويل الآيات 2: 686/ 5 53

Know that Allah Revives the earth after its death. We Clarified the Signs for you, perhaps you would be using your intellects [57:17]

محمد بن العباس، عن حميد بن زياد، عن الحسن بن محمد بن سماعة، عن أحمد بن الحسن الميثمي، عن الحسن بن محبوب، عن أبي جعفر الأحول، عن سلام بن المستنير، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، في قوله عز و جل: اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّه يُحْيِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِحا: «يعني بموتحا كفر أهلها، و الكافر ميت، فيحييها الله بالقائم (عليه السلام) فيعدل فيها، فتحيا الأرض و يحيا أهلها بعد موتحم».

Muhammad Bin Al-Abbas, from Hameed Bin Ziyad, from Al-Hassan Bin Muhammad Bin Sama'at, from Ahmad Bin Al-Hassan Al-Maysami, from Al-Hassan Bin Mahboub,

'Abu Ja'far^{-asws} Al-Ahowl, from Salam Bin Al-Mustaneer, from Abu Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *Know that Allah Revives the earth after its death [57:17]*: 'It mean by its death, the Kufr of its people, and the Kafir is a dead (person), <u>so Allah^{-azwj} will Revive it by Al-Qaim^{-asws}, who^{-asws} will do justice in it. Thus, the earth would be revived, and its people would be revived, after their death'.⁵⁴</u>

Quran: 55:41

يُعْرَفُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ بسِيمَاهُمْ فَيُؤْخَذُ بالنَّوَاصِي وَالْأَقْدَامِ {41}

The criminals would be recognised by their marks, so they shall be seized by the forelocks and the feet [55:41]

محمد بن إبراهيم النعماني، قال: أخبرنا علي بن أحمد، قال: أخبرنا عبيد الله بن موسى، عن أحمد بن محمد بن خالد، عن أبيه، عن محمد بن سليمان الديلمي، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قوله تعالى: يُعْرَفُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ بِسِيماهُمْ، قال: «الله يعرفهم، و لكن أنزلت في القائم يعرفهم بسيماهم فبخبطهم بالسيف هو و أصحابه خبطا»

Muhammad Bin Ibrahim Al-No'many, from Ali Bin Ahmad, from Ubeydullah Bin Musa, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Khalid, from his father, from Muhammad Bin Suleyman Al-Dulaymi, from Abu Baseer,

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Exalted: 'الْـمُجُرِمُونَ' *The criminals would be recognised by their marks [55:41]*, he^{-asws} said: 'Allah^{-azwj} (already) Recognises them, but it was Revealed regarding Al-Qaim^{-asws} so he^{-asws} would recognise them by their marks. He^{-asws} would thus mark them by the sword, he^{-asws} himself^{-asws} as well as his^{-asws} companions'. ⁵⁵

حدثنا ابراهيم بن هاشم عن ابي سليمان الديلمي عن معاوية الدهني عن ابي عبد الله عليه السلام في قول الله عزوجل يعرف المجرمون بسيماهم فيؤخذ بالنواصي والاقدام فقال يا معاوية ما يقولون في هذا

Muhammad Bin Hassan Al-Saffar, from Ibrahim Bin Hashim, from Muhammad Bin Suleyman Al-Daylami, from his father Suleyman, from Muawiya Al-Dahny, who has said:

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تأويل الآيات 2: 663/ 15. 54

الغبية: 242/ 39. 55

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Abu Abdullah^{-asws}, regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj}, Blessed and Exalted: **The criminals would be recognised by their marks, so they shall be seized by the forelocks and the feet [55:41]**, he^{-asws} said: 'O Muawiya! what are they (people) saying about this?'

I said, 'They claim that Allah^{-azwj} Blessed and Exalted will Recognise the criminals by their marks on the Day of Judgement. He^{-azwj} will Order them to be seized by their forelocks and their feet, to be flung into the Fire.'

He (the narrator) said, 'He^{-asws} said to me: 'And how does the need arise for Allah^{-azwj}, the Compeller, the Blessed and Exalted to Recognise the creation that He^{-azwj} Himself^{-azwj} Created?'

I said, 'May I be sacrificed for you^{-asws}, and what is that (then)?' He^{-asws} said: '<u>That is when Al-Qaim</u>-asws rises, Allah-azwj will Give him-asws the Sign. He^{-asws} will order the Kafirs to be seized by their forelocks and their feet, then he^{-asws} will mark them by the sword.'⁵⁶

Quran: 51:23

So, by the Lord of the sky and the earth! It is the Truth, similar to what you are talking about [51:23]

محمد بن العباس (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا علي بن عبد الله، عن إبراهيم بن محمد الثقفي، عن الحسن بن الحسين، عن سفيان بن إبراهيم، عن عمرو بن هاشم، عن إسحاق بن عبد الله، عن علي بن الحسين (عليهما السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: فَوَ رَبِّ السَّماءِ وَ الْأَرْضِ إِنَّهُ لَحَقٌّ مِثْلَ ما أَنْكُمْ تَنْطِقُونَ، قال: «قوله تعالى: إِنَّهُ لَحَقٌّ، [هو] قيام القائم (عليه السلام)، و فيه نزلت: وَعَدَ اللهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنْكُمْ وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّالِحِاتِ لَيَسْتَحْلِفَتُهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ كَمَا اسْتَحْلِفَ الَّذِينَ مَنْ الْجِيهِمْ وَ لَيُمَكِّنَ هُمُّ دِينَهُمُ الَّذِي ارْتَضى هَمُّ وَ لَيُبَرِّلَنَهُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ حَوْفِهِمْ أَمْناً».

Muhammad Bin Al-Abbas, from Ali Bin Abdullah, from Ibrahim Bin Muhammad Al-Saqafy, from Al-Hassan Bin Al-Husayn, from Sufyan Bin Ibrahim, from Amro bin Hashim, from Is'haq Bin Abdullah,

'Ali-asws Bin Al-Husayn-asws regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: **So, by the Lord of the sky and the earth! It is the Truth, similar to what you are talking about [51:23]**. He-asws said: 'The Words of the Exalted: **It is the Truth** - it is the rising of Al-Qaim-asws''. And regarding it was revealed: Allah-azwj has Promised those among you who believe and do righteous deeds that He-azwj will surely Make them successors upon the earth just as He-azwj Made those before them successors and that He-azwj will surely Establish for them their

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⁵⁶ Basaair Al Darajaat – P 7 CH 17 H 8

religion which He^{-azwj} has Approved for them and that He^{-azwj} will surely Substitute for them, after that, the true religion." Their fear is security.⁵⁷

Quran: 50:41-42

And listen intently on the Day when the Caller will Call out from a near place [50:41]. A Day they would be hearing the Scream with the Truth, that would be the Day of coming forth [50:42]

Then Ali Bin Ibrahim said, 'Ahmad Bin Muhammad narrated to us, from Umar Bin Abdul Aziz, from Jameel Bin Daraaj,

'Abu Abdullah-asws regarding the Words of the Exalted: **A Day they would be hearing the Scream with the Truth, that would be the Day of coming forth [50:42]**, he-asws said: 'The return (الرجعة)' (of the Imam Mahdi-asws)'. 58

(The book) 'Muntakhab Al Basaair' – Sa'ad, from Ibn Isa, from Umar Bin Abdul Aziz, from Jameel Bin Darraj,

'From Abu Abdullah^{-asws}, he (the narrator) said, 'I said to him^{-asws}, 'Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *Surely, We would Help Our Rasools and those who believe, in the life of the world and on the Day the witnesses would stand [40:51*]'.

He^{-asws} said: 'That, <u>by Allah^{-azwj}, is regarding the Raj'at</u>! Don't you know that among the Prophets^{-as} there are many who were not helped in the world, and they were killed, and the Imams^{-asws} have been killed and were not helped. So that would be during the Raj'at'.

I said, 'And listen intently on the Day when the Caller will Call out from a near place [50:41] A Day they would be hearing the Scream with the Truth, that would be the Day of coming forth [50:42]'. He-asws said: 'It is the Raj'at (the time of the Imam Mahdi-asws)''. 59

⁽Extract) تأويل الآيات 2: 615/ 4 ⁵⁷

تفسير القمّي 2: 327. ⁵⁸

⁵⁹ Bihar Al Anwaar – V 53 The book of History – Imam Al Mahdi^{ajtf}, Ch 29 H 57 a

Quran: 48:25

هُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَصَدُّوكُمْ عَنِ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَالْهَدْيَ مَعْكُوفًا أَنْ يَبْلُغَ مَحِلَّهُ ء وَلَوْلا رِجَالٌ مُؤْمِنُونَ وَنِسَاءٌ مُؤْمِنَاتٌ لَمْ تَعْلَمُوهُمْ أَنْ تَطَعُوهُمْ فَتُصِيبَكُمْ مِنْهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا {25} مَعَرَّةٌ بِغَيْر عِلْمِ لِيُدْخِلَ اللَّهُ فِي رَحْمَتِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ء لَوْ تَزَيَّلُوا لَعَذَّبْنَا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا {25}

They are those who committed Kufr and blocked you from the Sacred Masjid, and prevented the sacrificial animal to reach its place. And if the Momineen men and the Mominaat women, whom you did not know might have been trampled upon, then a harm might have afflicted you from them without knowledge – in order for Allah to Enter into His Mercy one He so Desires to. If they had been apart, We would have Punished those who committed Kufr from them with a painful Punishment [48:25]

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا جعفر بن محمد بن مسرور (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا الحسين بن محمد ابن عامر، عن عمه عبد الله بن عامر، عن محمد بن أبي عمير، عمن ذكره، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، [قال]: قلت له: ما بال أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام) لم يقاتل فلانا و فلانا؟ قال: «لآية في كتاب الله عز و جل: لَوْ تَزَيَّلُوا لَعَذَّبْنَا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيماً».

Ibn Babuwayh, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Masroor, from Al-Husayn Bin Muhammad Ibn Aamir, from his uncle Abdullah Bin Aamir, from Muhammad Bin Abu Umeyr, from the one who mentioned it,

'Abu Abdullah-asws replied, ' (when) I asked from him-asws, 'What was it with Amir Al-Momineen-asws that he did not kill so and so, and so and so (Abu Bakr and Umar)?' He-asws said: 'The Verse in the Book of Allah-azwi Mighty and Majestic: *If they had been apart, We would have Punished those who committed Kufr from them with a painful Punishment* [48:25]'.

قال: قلت: و ما يعني بتزايلهم؟ قال: «ودائع مؤمنون في أصلاب قوم كافرين، و كذلك القائم (عليه السلام) لن يظهر أبدا حتى تخرج ودائع الله عز و جل، فإذا خرجت ظهر على من ظهر من أعداء الله عز و جل فقتلهم».

I said, 'And what is the Meaning of their having been apart?' He^{-asws} said: 'And the Momineen are deposits in the loins of the Kafirs, <u>and similar to that is Al-Qaim^{-asws}</u>, <u>who will never appear ever</u>, <u>until Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic Extracts (all of) these deposits. So when they are exited from the backs of the enemies of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic, he^{-asws} (Al-Qaim^{-asws}) would kill them'. ⁶⁰</u>

Quran: 45:14

قُلْ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا يَغْفِرُوا لِلَّذِينَ لَا يَرْجُونَ أَيَّامَ اللَّهِ لِيَجْزِيَ قَوْمًا بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ {14}

Say to those who believe, to let-off those who do not hope for the days of Allah, for Him to Recompense a people due to what they had been earning [45:14]

قال: روي عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، أنه قال: «أيام الله المرجوة ثلاثة: يوم قيام القائم (عليه السلام)، و يوم الكرة، و يوم القيامة».

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And in has been reported from Abu Abdullah^{-asws} having said; 'They hoped for days of Allah^{-azwj} are three – <u>The day of the rising of Al-Qaim</u>^{-asws}, and the day of the return (Raj'at), and the Day of Judgement'.⁶¹

Quran: 43:66

Are they awaiting only for the Hour lest it comes to them suddenly while they are not aware? [43:66]

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا علي بن عبد الله بن أسد، عن إبراهيم بن محمد، عن إسماعيل بن يسار، عن علي بن جعفر الحضرمي، عن زرارة بن أعين، قال: سألت أبا جعفر (عليه السلام) عن قول الله عز و جل: هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا السَّاعَةَ أَنْ تَأْتِيَهُمْ بَعْتَةً، قال: «هي ساعة القائم (عليه السلام)، تأتيهم بغتة».

Muhammad Bin Al-Abbas, from Ali Bin Abdullah Bin Asad, from Ibrahim Bin Muhammad, from Ismail Bin Yasaar, from Ali Bin Ja'far Al-Hazramy, from Zurara Bin Ayn who said,

'I asked Abu Ja'far^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: **Are they awaiting only for the Hour lest it comes to them suddenly [43:66]**, he^{-asws} said: 'It is the Hour (time of appearance) of Al-Qaim^{-asws}, it will come upon them suddenly'.⁶²

Quran: 42:41

And the one who triumphs after having been oppressed, so those ones (the triumphs), there is no way (to blame) upon them (of the war) [42:41]

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا علي بن عبد الله، عن إبراهيم بن محمد، عن علي بن هلال الأحمسي، عن الحسن بن وهب، عن جابر الجعفي، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، في قوله عز و جل: وَ لَمَنِ انْتَصَرَ بَعْدَ ظُلْمِهِ فَأُولِئِكَ مَا عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ سَبِيلٍ، قال: «ذلك القائم (عليه السلام)، إذا قام انتصر من بني امية و من المكذبين و النصاب».

Muhammad Bin Al Abbas, from Ali Bin Abdullah, from Ibrahim Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Hilal Al Ahmasy, from Al Hassan Bin Wahab, from Jabir Al Ju'fy,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *And the one who triumphs after having been oppressed, so those ones, they is no way (to blame) upon them [42:41]*, he^{-asws} said: 'That is Al-Qaim^{-asws}, when he^{-asws} rises, he^{-asws} would overcome the clan of Umayya, and the beliers, and the Hostile Ones (Nasibis)'.⁶³

تأويل الآيات 2: 576/ 3. 61

تأويل الآيات 2: 1: 571/ 46. 62

تأويل الآيات 2: 549/ 18. 63

[في تفسير علي بن إبراهيم] [قال:] حدثنا جعفر بن أحمد قال: حدثنا عبد الكريم بن عبد الرحيم، عن محمد بن علي، عن محمد بن الفضيل، عن أبي حمزة الثمالي، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام) قال: سمعته يقول: * (ولمن انتصر بعد ظلمه) * يعني القائم (عليه السلام) وأصحابه * (فأولئك ما عليهم من سبيل) * والقائم إذا قام انتصر من بني امية ومن المكذبين والنصاب هو وأصحابه وهو قول الله: * (إنما السبيل على الذين يظلمون الناس ويبغون في الارض بغير الحق أولئك لهم عذاب أليم) *.

In Tafseer of Ali Bin Ibrahim, said, 'Ja'far Bin Ahmad narrated to us, from Abdul Kareem Bin Abdul Raheem, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Muhammad Bin Al Fazeyl, from Abu Hamza Al Sumaly who said,

'I heard Abu Ja'far^{-asws} saying: 'And the one who triumphs after having been oppressed [42:41] - Meaning Al-Qaim^{-asws} and his^{-asws} companions, so those ones, they is no way (to blame) upon them [42:41]. And Al-Qaim^{-asws}, when he^{-asws} rises, would overcome ones from the Clan of Umayya, and from the liars and the Hostile ones (Nasibis), him^{-asws} and his^{-asws} companions. And these are the Words of Allah^{-azwj}: But rather, the way (to blame) is upon those who are oppressing the people and are rebelling in the land without the right. Those ones, for them is a painful Punishment [42:42]'.64

Quran: 42:20

One Who wants the harvest of the Hereafter, We will Increase in his harvest for him, and one who wants the harvest of the world, We would Give to him from it, and there would not be a share for him in the Hereafter [42:20]

Muhammad Bin Yaqoub, from Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Salmat Bin Al Khataab, from Al Husayn Bin Abdul Rahman, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah-asws, said, 'I said, '(What about): *Allah is Gentle with His servants. He Graces one He so Desires to [42:19]*?' He-asws said: '(The Grace) is Amir Al-Momineen-asws'.

I said, '(What about): *One Who wants the harvest of the Hereafter [42:20]*?' He^{-asws} said: 'Recognition of Amir Al-Momineen^{-asws} and the Imams^{-asws}'. *We will Increase in his harvest for him*, he^{-asws} said: 'We^{-asws} will Give him more from it'. He^{-asws} said: 'Fulfilling his share from their^{-asws} governance'.

وَ مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ حَرْثَ الدُّنْيا نُؤْتِهِ مِنْها وَ ما لَهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنْ نَصِيبٍ. قال: «ليس له في دولة الحق مع القائم نصيب».

⁶⁴ Tafseer Abu Hamza Al Sumaly - Hadeeth No. 276

and one who wants the harvest of the world, We would Give to him from it, and there would not be a share for him in the Hereafter [42:20], he-asws said: 'There would be no portion for them in the government of Al-Qaim-asws'. 65

Quran: 41:53

We will be Showing them Our Signs in the horizons and within their own selves, until it becomes clear to them that it is the Truth. Or, does is not suffice that your Lord is a Witness upon all things? [41:53]

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا جعفر بن محمد بن مالك، عن القاسم بن إسماعيل الأنباري، عن الحسن بن علي بن أبي حمزة، عن أبيه، عن إبراهيم، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قوله عز و جل: سَنُرِيهِمْ آياتِنا فِي الْآفاقِ وَ فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ حَتَّى يَتَبَيَّنَ لَمُمُّ أَنَّهُ الْحَقُ [قال: «في الآفاق: انتقاص الأطراف عليهم، و في أنفسهم: بالمسخ حتى يتبين لهم أنه الحق] أي أنه القائم (عليه السلام)».

Muhammad Bin Al-Abbas, from Ja'far Bin Malik, from Al-Qasim Bin Ismail Al-Anbary, from Al-Hassan Bin Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from his father, from Ibrahim,

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *We will be Showing them Our Signs in the horizons and within their own selves, until it becomes clear to them that it is the Truth [41:53]*, he^{-asws} said: 'in the horizons – In the wide expanse surrounding them; and within their own selves – By the metamorphosis, until it will become clear to them that it is the Truth, i.e., he^{-asws} is definitely Al-Qaim^{-asws}'.⁶⁶

Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Ibn Fazzal, from Sa'albat Bin Maymoun, from Al-Tayyaar, who has narrated the following:

Abu Abdullah^{-asws} regarding the Statement of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: **We will be Showing them Our Signs in the horizons and within their own selves, until it becomes clear to them that it is the Truth [41:53]**. He^{-asws} said: 'Submergence (in the ground), and metamorphosis, and stoning'.

He (the narrator) said, 'I said, 'What about "until it will becomes clear to them"?' He^{-asws} said: 'Leave that. That is the rising of the Rising One (Al-Qaim^{-asws})". 67

تأويل الآيات 2: 541/ 17 66

الكافي 1: 361/ 92. 65

⁶⁷ Al Kafi - V 8 H 14629

أَبُو عَلِيٍّ الْأَشْعَرِيُّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الْجُبَّارِ عَنِ الْحُسَنِ بْنِ عَلِيّ عَنْ عَلِيّ بْنِ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللّهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ سَأَلِيهِمْ فَي الْأَفَاقِ النِّقَاضَ الْآفَاقِ عَلَيْهِمْ فَيَرُونَ اللّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ سَنُرِيهِمْ فِي الْآفَاقِ الْتِقَاضَ الْآفَاقِ عَلَيْهِمْ فَيَرُونَ اللّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ سَنُرِيهِمْ وَ فِي الْآفَاقِ الْتِقَاضَ الْآفَاقِ عَلَيْهِمْ فَيَرُونَ اللّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ سَنُرِيهِمْ وَ فِي الْآفَاقِ

Abu Ali Al-Ashary, from Muhammad bin Abdul Jabbar, from Al-Hassan Bin Ali, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer, who has said:

'I asked Abu Abdullah-asws about the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: **We will be Showing them Our Signs in the horizons and within their own selves, until it becomes clear to them that it is the Truth [41:53]**, he-asws said: 'He-azwj would Show them in their own selves, the metamorphosis, and Show them in the horizon, the breakdowns in the horizons so they would see the Power of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic within themselves and in the horizon'.

I said to him, (What about) "until it will becomes clear to them that it is the truth"?' He^{-asws} said: 'The coming out of Al-Qaim^{-asws}, that it is the truth from the Presence of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic which the creatures will see; there is no escape from it'.⁶⁸

Quran: 41:16

So We Sent upon them a wind (called) 'Sar Sar' during the inauspicious days to Make them taste the abasing Punishment in the life of the world, and the Punishment of the Hereafter is even more abasing, and they will not be Helped [41:16]

Muhammad Bin Ibrahim Al Nu'mani said, 'It was informed to us by Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Saeed, from Ali Bin Al Hassan Al Taymali, from Ali Bin Mahziyar, from Hamad Bin Isa, from Al Husayn Bin Mukhtar, from Abu Baseer who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah^{-asws}, '(What about) the Words of Mighty and Majestic: **the abasing Punishment in the life of the world [41:16]**, what is it?'

So he^{-asws} said: 'And which abasement is more abasing, O Abu Baseer, that if the man happens to be in his house, and his body (falls) upon his table-spread in the middle of his dependants, then his family tear off their clothes and shriek. So the people are saying, 'What is that (which happened)?' It is said, 'So and so has been metamorphosed this moment'.

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⁶⁸ Al-Kafi – V 8 H 15022

فقلت: قبل [قيام] القائم أو بعده؟ قال: «لا، بل قبله».

I said, '(Would that happen) <u>before the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws} or after it?' He^{-asws} said: 'No, but (it would happen) before it''.⁶⁹</u>

Quran: 41:17

And as for Samood, so We Guided them, but they loved the blindness over the Guidance, so the abasing Punishment of the thunderbolt seized them due to what they had been earning [41:17]

(The books) 'Kunz Jamie Al Fawaid' and 'Taweel Al Ayaat Al Zaahira' – Ali Bin Muhammad, from Abu Jameela, from Al Halby, and it is reported as well by Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Aban Bin Usman, from Al Fazl Bin Al Abbas,

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} having said: '(*I Swear*) by the sun and its clarity [91:1] — The sun is Amir Al-Momineen^{-asws} and its clarity the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws}.

And the moon when it follows it, [91:2] – Al-Hassan-asws and Al-Husayn-asws; And the day when it displays it, [91:3] it is rising of Al-Qaim-asws. And the night when it covers it, [91:4] – Hibter (Abu Bakr) and his government, had covered upon the Truth.

And as for His^{-azwj} Words: **And the sky and what He Built [91:5]**, he^{-asws} said: 'He^{-saww} is Muhammad^{-saww}. He^{-saww} is the sky which rises above the creatures regarding the Knowledge'.

And His^{-azwj} Words: **And the earth and what He Spread [91:6]**, he^{-asws} said: 'The earth – the Shias'.

And a soul and what He Completed [91:7] - He^{-asws} said: 'It is the Momin veiled (under cover) and (although) he is upon the Truth'.

غيبة النعماني: 269/ 41 69

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وَ قَوْلُهُ فَأَهْمَها فُجُورَها وَ تَقُواها قَالَ مَعْرِفَةُ الْحَقّ مِنَ الْبَاطِل

And His^{-azwj} Words: *Then He Inspired it, it's immorality and its piety [91:8]* - He^{-asws} said; 'Recognised the truth from the falsehood.

He has succeeded, one who purifies it [91:9], he-asws said: 'He has succeeded, a soul whom Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic Purified, And he has failed, one who corrupts it [91:10], Allah-azwj

وَ قَوْلُهُ كَذَّبَتْ ثَمُودُ بِطَغْواها قَالَ ثَمُودُ رَهْطٌ مِنَ الشِّيعَةِ فَإِنَّ اللّهَ سُبْحَانَ يَقُولُ وَ أَمَّا ثَمُودُ فَهَدَيْناهُمْ فَاسْتَحَبُّوا الْعَمى عَلَى الْهُدى فَأَحْذَهُمُ صاعِقَةُ الْغَذابِ الْهُونِ فَهُوَ السَّيْفُ إِذَا قَامَ الْقَائِمُ ع

(The people of) Samood belied by their transgression [91:11], he-asws said: '(People of) Samood were a group of the Shia, as Allah-azwj the Glorious Says: And as for Samood, so We Guided them, but they loved the blindness over the Guidance, so the abasing Punishment of the thunderbolt seized [41:17] – it is the sword when Al-Qaim-asws rises.

And Words of the Exalted: **So a Rasool of Allah said to them:** [91:13] – and it is the Prophet saww, **(It is) a she-camel of Allah, and quench it'** [91:13]. He asws said: 'The camel is the Imam asws who gives them understanding from Allah arwi, and quench it, i.e., with him asws is the quenching of the knowledge'.

But they belied him, and they hamstrung it, so their Lord Pounded them due to their sins and Levelled it (their town) [91:14], he-asws said: 'During the Return (Raj'at)'. And He does not fear its consequence [91:15], he-asws said: 'He-azwj does not fear the like of it when it returns''.

Quran: 39:69

And the earth will shine with the Noor (Light) of its Lord, and the Book would be placed, and they would come with the Prophets and the witnesses, and it would be Judged between them with the Truth, and they would not be wronged [39:69]

علي بن إبراهيم، قال: حدثنا محمد بن أبي عبد الله، قال: حدثنا جعفر بن محمد، قال: حدثني القاسم بن الربيع، قال: حدثنا صباح المدائني، قال: حدثنا المفضل بن عمر، أنه سمع أبا عبد الله (عليه السلام) يقول في قوله تعالى: وَ أَشْرِقَتِ الْأَرْضُ بِنُورِ رَبِّهَا، قال: «رب الأرض يعني إمام الأرض».

⁷⁰ Bihar Al-Anwaar – V 24, The book of Imamate, P 1 Ch 30 H 6

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Ali Bin Ibrahim said, 'Muhammad Bin Abu Abdullah narrated to us, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad, from Al-Qasi, Bin Al-Rabi'e, from Sabah Al-Mada'iny,

'Al-Mufazzal Bin Umar who heard Abu Abdullah^{-asws} saying regarding the Words of the Exalted: **And the earth will shine with the Noor (Light) of its Lord [39:69]**, The Lord of the earth, means the Imam^{-asws} of the earth'.

I said, 'So what would happen when <u>he-asws</u> comes out (the 12th Imam)?' He-asws said: 'Then the people would be needless of the illumination of the sun and the light of the moon, and they would be going by the Noor (Light) of the (12th) Imam-asws'. ⁷¹

Quran: 38:88

وَلَتَعْلَمُنَّ نَبَأَهُ بَعْدَ حِينِ {88}

And you will come to know his (Al-Qaim) News after a while [38:88]

وَ كِمَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ (عليه السلام) فِي قَوْلِهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ قُلْ ما أَسْئَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ وَ ما أَنَا مِنَ الْمُتَكَلِّفِينَ إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكْرٌ لِلْعالَمِينَ قَالَ هُوَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (عليه السلام)

And by this chain,

'From Abu Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *Say: 'I do not ask you for any recompense over it, nor am I from the pretenders [38:86] Surely, he is only a Zikr to the worlds [38:87]*. He^{-asws} said: 'He^{-asws} (the Zikr) is Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws}'.

And you will come to know his News after a while [38:88] - He^{-asws} said: '<u>During the coming</u> out (appearance) of Al-Qaim^{-asws}'.⁷²

Quran: 37:82

ثُمَّ أَغْرَقْنَا الْآخَرِينَ {82}

Then We Drowned the others [37:82]

فقال (عليه السلام): «إن الله سبحانه لما خلق إبراهيم (عليه السلام) كشف له عن بصره، فنظر، فرأى نورا إلى جنب العرش، فقال: إلهي، ما هذا النور؟ فقيل له: هذا نور محمد صفوتي من خلقي.

So he^{-asws} said: 'When Allah^{-azwj} the Glorious Created Ibrahim^{-as}, Uncovered his^{-as} vision for him^{-as}, so he^{-as} looked and saw a Light going up to the side of the Throne, and he^{-as} said: 'My⁻

72 Al Kafi - H 14880 (Extract)

تفسير القمّى 2: 253. ⁷¹

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^{as} God! What is this Light?' So Allah^{-azwj} Said to him^{-as}: 'This is the Light of Muhammad^{-saww}, the elite of My^{-azwj} creatures".

And he^{-as} saw a Light to the side of him^{-saww}, so he^{-saww} said: 'And what is this Light?' So Allah^{-azwj} Said to him^{-as}: "This is the Light of Ali^{-asws} Bin Abu Talib^{-asws}, the helper of My^{-azwj} Religion'.

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و رأى إلى جنبهما ثلاثة أنوار، فقال: إلهي، و ما هذه الأنوار؟ فقيل له: هذا نور فاطمة، فطمت محبيها من النار، و نور ولديها: الحسن، و الحسين. و
رأى تسعة أنوار قد حفوا بمم؟ فقال: إلهي، و ما هذه الأنوار التسعة؟ قيل: يا إبراهيم، هؤلاء الأئمة من ولد علي و فاطمة.
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And he^{-as} saw three Lights to the side of these two, so he^{-as} said: 'My^{-as} God! And what are these Lights?' So Allah^{-azwj} Said to him^{-as}: "This is the Light of Fatima^{-asws}, she^{-asws} would remove those that love her^{-asws} (and her^{-asws} progeny) from the Fire, and the Lights of her^{-asws} two sons^{-asws} Al-Hassan^{-asws} and Al-Husayn^{-asws}. And do you^{-as} see the nine Lights which have surrounded them^{-asws}?" So he^{-as} said: 'My^{-as} God! And what are these nine Lights?' Allah^{-azwj} Said: "O Ibrahim^{-as}! They^{-asws} are the Imams^{-asws} from the sons^{-asws} of Ali^{-asws} and (Syeda) Fatima^{-asws}".

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فقال إبراهيم: إلهي، بحق هؤلاء الخمسة، إلا ما عرفتني من التسعة. فقيل: يا إبراهيم، أولهم علي بن الحسين، و ابنه محمد، و ابنه جعفر، و ابنه موسى، و
ابنه على، و ابنه محمد، و ابنه على، و ابنه الحسن، و الحجة القائم ابنه.
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So Ibrahim^{-as} said: 'My^{-as} God! By the right of these five^{-asws}, can You^{-azwj} Introduce the nine to me^{-as}?' So He^{-azwj} Said: "O Ibrahim^{-as}! The first of them^{-asws} is Ali^{-asws} Bin Al-Husayn^{-asws}, and his^{-asws} son^{-asws} Muhammad^{-asws}, and his^{-asws} son^{-asws}, and his^{-asws} son^{-asws} Ali^{-asws}, and his^{-asws}, and his^{-asws}, and his^{-asws}, and his^{-asws} son^{-asws} Ali^{-asws}, and his^{-asws} son^{-asws} Ali-Hassan^{-asws}, and the Divine Authority Al-Qaim^{-asws}, his^{-asws} son^{-asws}.

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فقال إبراهيم: إلهي و سيدي، أرى أنوارا قد أحدقوا بحم، لا يحصي عددهم إلا أنت؟ قيل: يا إبراهيم، هؤلاء شيعتهم، شيعة أمير المؤمنين علي بن أبي
طالب.
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So Ibrahim^{-as} said: 'My^{-as} God and my^{-as} Master! I^{-as} see Lights which have surrounded them^{-asws}, whose number no one can count except for You^{-azwj}?' He^{-azwj} Said: "Those are their^{-asws} Shias, the Shias of Amir-Al-Momineen Ali^{-asws} Bin Abu Talib^{-asws}".

So Ibrahim^{-as} said: 'And what are his^{-asws} Shias recognised?' So He^{-azwj} Said: "By the fifty-one (Cycles of daily) Salat, and the loud recitation of 'In the Name of Allah^{-azwj} the Beneficent, the Merciful', and for the invocation (القنوت) before the bowing, and the wearing of the ring in the right hand".

فعند ذلك قال إبراهيم: اللهم، اجعلني من شيعة أمير المؤمنين. قال: فأخبر الله في كتابه، فقال: وَ إِنَّ مِنْ شِيعَتِهِ لَإِبْراهِيمَ».

So upon that, Ibrahim^{-as} said: 'Our Allah^{-azwj}! Make me^{-as} to be from the Shias of Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws}'. He^{-asws} said: 'Thus, Allah^{-azwj} Informed about it in His^{-azwj} Book, so He^{-azwj} Said: **And indeed from his Shias, was Ibrahim [37:83]**'.⁷³

Quran: 34:51

And if only you could see when they will panic, and they shall not escape, and they would be seized from a nearby place [34:51]

العياشي: عن عبد الأعلى الحلبي، قال: قال أبو جعفر (عليه السلام): «يكون لصاحب هذا الأمر غيبة و ذكر حديثا طويلا يتضمن غيبة صاحب الأمر (عليه السلام) و ظهوره، إلى أن قال (عليه السلام) فيدعو الناس يعني القائم (عليه السلام) و الله و سنة نبيه، و الولاية لعلي بن أبي طالب (عليه السلام)، و البراءة من عدوه،

Al-Ayyashi, from Abdul A'la Al-Halby who said,

'Abu Ja'far^{-asws} said: 'There would happen to be an Occultation for the Master^{-asws} of this Command' — and he (the narrator) mentioned a lengthy Hadeeth which included the occultation of the Master^{-asws} of the Command and his^{-asws} appearance, to the point that he^{-asws} said — So he^{-asws} would call the people' — meaning Al-Qaim^{-asws} — 'to the Book of Allah^{-azwj}, and the Sunnah of His^{-azwj} Prophet^{-saww}, and to the Wilayah of Ali^{-asws} Bin Abu Talib^{-asws}, and the disavowing from his^{-asws} enemies.

And he^{-asws} will not name anyone until he^{-asws} ends up to Al-Bayda. The army of Al-Sufyani would come out against him^{-asws}. So Allah^{-azwj} would Command the earth, and it would seize them from underneath their feet, and these are the Words of Allah^{-azwj}: *And if only you could see when they will panic, and they shall not escape, and they would be seized from a nearby place [34:51] And they shall say, 'We believe in it'. [34:52] - meaning Al-Qaim^{-asws} of the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww} And they had disbelieved in it from before [34:53] - meaning in Al-Qaim^{-asws} of the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww} – up to the end of the Chapter.*

So there will not remain among them except for two men called Wietar, and Wateera, from Maraad. Their faces would be turned around, and they would be walking backwards, informing the people of what had befallen their companions'.⁷⁴

تأويل الآيات 2: 496/ 9. 33

تفسير العيّاشي 2: 56/ 49. 74

وأن رجلا من ولدك مشوم ملعون جلف جاف منكوس القلب فظ غليظ قد نزع الله من قلبه الرأفة والرحمة، أخواله من كلب، كأبي أنظر إليه ولو شئت لسميته ووصفته وابن كم هو. فيبعث جيشا إلى المدينة

(Suleym Bin Qays said), 'Amir Al-Momineen^{-asws} said: 'And that a man from your sons, and evil, accursed, rude, unpleasant, deficient of the heart, vulgar, harsh, and from whom Allah^{-azwj} has Removed leniency and mercy, whose maternal uncles will be from dogs, it is as if I^{-asws} can see him and had I^{-asws} so wished, I^{-asws} would have named him, and described him, and how old he will be, so he will send an army to Al-Medina.

فيدخلونما فيسرفون فيها في القتل والفواحش، ويهرب منه رجل من ولدي زكي نقي، الذي يملأ الأرض عدلا وقسطاكما ملئت ظلما وجورا. وإني لأعرف اسمه وابن كم هو يومئذ وعلامته. وهو من ولد ابني الحسين الذي يقتله ابنك يزيد، وهو الثائر بدم أبيه.

So, they will enter it, and there will be looting and destruction in it, including the reckless killings (of innocents) and stripping the honours of women. (After this) A man from my^{-asws} sons^{-asws}, pure and holy, who will fill the earth with justice and equity just as it was filled with injustice and inequity, they will flee from him. And I^{-asws} know his asws name, and how old he asws will be on that day, and his asws signs. And he asws will be from the sons asws of my asws son asws Al-Husayn who will be killed by your son Yazeed, and he asws will avenge the blood of his asws father asws.

فيهرب إلى مكة ويقتل صاحب ذلك الجيش رجلا من ولدي زكيا بريا عند أحجار الزيت. ثم يسير ذلك الجيش إلى مكة، وإني لأعلم اسم أميرهم وعدتهم وأسمائهم وسمات خيولهم، فإذا دخلوا البيداء واستوت بمم الأرض خسف الله بمم. قال الله عز وجل: (ولو ترى إذ فزعوا فلا فوت وأخذوا من مكان قريب)

He^{-asws} will go to Mecca, and the commander of the army (opposing him^{-asws}) will kill a pure man from my^{-asws} sons at a place with stones of oil (Ahjaar Al-Zayt). Then that army will travel to Mecca, and I^{-asws} know the name of its Emir (leader), and their number, and their names, and the description of their horses. So, when they enter Al-Bayda, the earth will spread out and Allah^{-azwj} will Make it to swallow them up. Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic has Said: *And if only you could see when they will panic, and they shall not escape, and they would be seized from a nearby place [34:51]*.

He^{-asws} said: '(The ground will shift) from underneath their feet – and there will not remain from that army anyone apart from one man, whose face will have been turned from the scruff of his neck.

And Allah^{-azwj} will Send a people for Al-Mahdi^{-asws}. He^{-azwj} will Gather them from the corners of the earth like the gathering of the clouds in autumn. By Allah^{-azwj}, I^{-asws} know their names, and the name of their Emir (leader), and where their rides will stop.

فيدخل المهدي الكعبة ويبكي ويتضرع، قال الله عز وجل: (أمن يجيب المضطر إذا دعاه ويكشف السوء ويجعلكم خلفاء الأرض) هذا لنا خاصة أهل الست. Then Al-Mahdi-asws will enter the Kabah, and he-asws will be crying and Praying. Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic has Said: *Or, One Who Answers the distressed one when he supplicates to Him and He Removes the evil, and He will Make you to be Caliphs of the earth!* [27:62]. This is exclusively for us-asws, the People-asws of the Household.'75

Quran: 32:29

Say: 'On the Day of the victory, those who committed Kufr (before), their expressing Eman (then) would not benefit them nor would they be Respited' [32:29]

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا الحسين بن عامر، عن محمد بن الحسين بن أبي الخطاب، عن محمد بن سنان، عن ابن دراج، قال: سمعت أبا عبد الله (عليه السلام) يقول في قول الله عز و جل: قُلْ يَوْمَ الْفَتْحِ لا يَنْفَعُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِيمَاكُمُّمْ وَ لا هُمْ يُنْظُرُونَ. قال: «يوم الفتح، يوم تفتح الدنيا على القائم (عليه السلام)، لا ينفع أحدا تقرب بالإيمان ما لم يكن قبل مؤمنا،

Muhammad Bin Al-Abbas, from Al-Husayn Bin Aamir, from Muhammad Bin Al-Husayn Bin Abu Al-Khattab, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Ibn Daraaj who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah-asws saying regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: [32:29] Say: On the Day of the victory, their belief of those who disbelieved (before) will not profit them, nor will they be Respited, he-asws said: 'The Day of the victory, is the Day the world would be opened up for Al-Qaim-ajfj, and it shall not benefit anyone who will come closer to the Eman if he had not been a Momin before.

و بهذا الفتح موقنا، فذلك الذي ينفعه إيمانه، و يعظم عند الله قدره و شأنه، و ترخرف له يوم القيامة و البعث جنانه، و تحجب عنه نيرانه، و هذا أجر الموالين لأمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام)، و لذريته الطيبين (عليهم السلام)».

And by this victory, he would be certain of, so for it shall benefit his belief. And his value and importance is great in the Presence of Allah^{-azwj}, and the Day of Judgment and the Resurrection would be decorated for his heart, and the Fire would be veiled from him. And this is the Recompense of the one in the Wilayah of Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws} and his^{-asws} goodly offspring'.⁷⁶

Quran: 32:21

And We will Make them taste from the smallest Punishment besides the biggest, perhaps they would be returning [32:21]

⁷⁵ Kitaab Sulaym Bin Qays Al Hilali – H 25

تأويل الآيات 2: 445/ 9 76

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محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا علي بن حاتم، عن حسن بن محمد، بن عبد الواحد، عن حفص بن عمر بن سالم، عن محمد بن حسين بن عجلان، عن مفضل بن عمر، قال: سألت أبا عبد الله (عليه السلام)، عن قول الله عز و جل: وَ لَنُذِيقَتَّهُمْ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ الْأَدْنِي دُونَ الْعَذَابِ الْأَكْبَرِ، قال: «الأدبى: عن مفضل بن عمر، قال: سألت أبا عبد الله (عليه السلام) بالسيف».

Muhammad Bin Al-Abbas, from Ali Bin Haatim, from Hassan Bin Muhammad, Bin Abdul Wahid, from Hafs Bin Umar Bin Salim, from Muhammad Bin Husayn Bin Ajlaan, from Mufazzal Bin Umar who said,

'I asked Abu Abdullah^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: **And We will Make them taste from the smallest Punishment besides the biggest [32:21]**, said: 'The smallest (Punishment) – high prices, and the biggest (Punishment) – <u>Al-Mahdi^{-asws} with the sword'</u>. 77

الشيباني في (نهج البيان)، قال: روي عن جعفر الصادق (عليه السلام): «أن الأدنى: القحط، و الجدب، و الأكبر: خروج القائم المهدي (عليه السلام) بالسيف في آخر الزمان».

Al-Shaybani, in Nahj Al-Bayaan, said,

'It has been reported from Ja'far Al-Sadiq^{-asws} that: 'The smallest (Punishment) – the drought and the poverty. <u>And the biggest (Punishment) – Rising of Al-Mahdi^{-asws} with the sword at the end of the times'.⁷⁸</u>

Quran: 30:4

فِي بِضْع سِنِينَ ٩ لِلَّهِ الْأَمْرُ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَمِنْ بَعْدُ = وَيَوْمَثِذٍ يَفْرَحُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ {4}

Within a few years. For Allah is the Command from before and from afterwards, and on that day the Momineen shall rejoice [30:4]

أبو جعفر محمد بن جرير الطبري في (مسند فاطمة) (عليها السلام)، قال: حدثني أبو المفضل محمد ابن عبد الله، قال: حدثنا محمد بن همام، قال: حدثنا جعفر بن محمد بن مالك، قال: حدثنا إسحاق بن محمد بن سميع، عن محمد بن الوليد، عن يونس بن يعقوب، عن أبي عبد الله الصادق (عليه السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: يَوْمَئِذٍ يَفْرَحُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ بِنَصْرٍ اللهِ، قال: «في قبورهم بقيام القائم (عليه السلام)».

Abu Ja'far Muhammad Bin Jareer Al-Tabary in Masnad Fatima -asws, said, 'Abu Al-FazAl-Muhammad Ibn Abdullah narrated to me, from Muhammad Bin Hamam, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Maalik, from Is'haq Bin Muhammad Bin Sami'e, from Muhammad Bin Al-Waleed, from Yunus Bin Yaqoub,

'From Abu Abdullah Al-Sadiq^{-asws}, regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: **and on that day the Momineen shall rejoice [30:4] With the Help of Allah. [30:5]**. He^{-asws} said: 'Rejoice in their graves, due to the rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws}.⁷⁹

تأويل الآبات 2: 4444 6 77

نهج البيان 3: 232 «مخطوط» ⁷⁸

دلائل الإمامة: 248، ينابيع المودة: 426 79

Quran: 26:4

إِنْ نَشَأْ نُنزِّلْ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ آيَةً فَظَلَّتْ أَعْنَاقُهُمْ لَهَا خَاضِعِينَ {4}

If We Desired to, We would Send down upon them a Sign from the sky, so their necks would be humbled to it [26:4]

مُحُمَّدُ بْنُ يَخْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ الْحَكَمِ عَنْ أَبِي أَيُّوبَ الْخَزَّازِ عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ حَنْظَلَةَ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) يَقُولُ خَمْسُ عَلَامَاتِ قَبْلَ قِيَام الْقَائِم الصَّيْحَةُ وَ السُّفْيَانُ وَ الخُسْفُ وَ قَتْلُ النَّفْسِ الزَّكِيَّةِ وَ الْيَمَانُ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ali Bin Al-Hakam, from Abu Ayyub Al-Khazaz, from Umar Bin Hanzala who said:

I heard Abu Abdullah^{-asws} saying: '<u>There would be five Signs before the rising of Al-Qaim</u>-asws — The scream, and the Sufyani, and the submerging (of the earth), and the killing of the pure soul (Al-Nafs Al-Zakkiyya) and Al-Yamany'.

فَقُلْتُ جُعِلْتُ فِدَاكَ إِنْ حَرَجَ أَحَدٌ مِنْ أَهْل بَيْتِكَ قَبْلَ هَذِهِ الْعَلَامَاتِ أَ غَوْمُ مَعَهُ قَالَ لَا

So I said, 'May I be sacrificed for you^{-asws}, if someone from your^{-asws} Household comes out (in revolt) before these signs, shall we (also) come out (in revolt) along with him?' He^{-asws} said: 'No'.

فَلَمَّا كَانَ مِنَ الْغَدِ تَلَوْتُ هَذِهِ الْآيَةَ إِنْ نَشَأْ نُنَزِّلْ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ السَّماءِ آيَةً فَظَلَّتْ أَعْناقُهُمْ لَهَا خاضِعِينَ فَقُلْتُ لَهُ أَ هِيَ الصَّيْحَةُ فَقَالَ أَمَا لَوْ كَانَتْ حَضَعَتْ أَغْنَاقُ أَعْدَاهِ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ.

So when it was the next morning, I recited this Verse: *If We Desired to, We would Send down upon them a Sign from the sky, so their necks would be humbled to it [26:4]*. I said, 'Is this the scream?' He^{-asws} said: 'If that was, then the necks of the enemies of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic would be humbled to it'.⁸⁰

علي بن إبراهيم: عن أبيه، عن ابن أبي عمير، عن هشام، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، قال: «تخضع رقابهم- يعني بني أمية- و هي الصيحة من السماء باسم صاحب الأمر (عليه السلام)».

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Hisham, who from:

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} has said: 'Their necks would be submissive – meaning the clan of Umayya – and it is the Scream from the sky with the name of the Master of the Command^{-asws} ($\frac{a}{100}$)'.⁸¹

محمد بن إبراهيم النعماني، قال: أخبرنا أحمد بن محمد بن سعيد، قال: حدثنا محمد بن المفضل بن إبراهيم بن قيس، قال: حدثنا الحسن بن علي بن فضال، قال: حدثنا ثعلبة بن ميمون، عن معمر بن يحيى، عن داود الدجاجي، عن أبي جعفر محمد بن على (عليهما السلام)، قال: «سئل أمير المؤمنين

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⁸⁰ Al Kafi - V 8 H 14931

تفسير القمّى 2: 118. ⁸¹

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(عليه السلام) عن قول الله عز و جل: فَاخْتَلَفَ الْأَخْرَابُ مِنْ بَيْنِهِمْ ، فقال: انتظروا الفرج في ثلاث». فقيل: يا أمير المؤمنين، و ما هن؟ فقال: «اختلاف أهل الشام بينهم، و الرايات السود من خراسان، و الفزعة في شهر رمضان».

Muhammad Bin Ibrahim Al-Nu'mani, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Saeed, from Muhammad Bin Al-Mufazzal Bin Ibrahim Bin Qays, from Al-Hassan Bin Ali Bin Fazaal from Sa'albat Bin Maymoun, from Moamar Bin Yahya, from Dawood Al-Dajajy,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far Muhammad^{-asws} Bin Ali^{-asws} having said: 'Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws} was asked about the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *But the parties disagreed from between them [19:37]*, so he^{-asws} said: 'Await the Relief (Rising of Al Qaim^{-asws}) during three (events)'. So it was said, 'O Amir Al-Momineen^{-asws}! And what are these?' He^{-asws} said: 'Differing of the people of Syria between them, and the black flags from Khurasan, and the terror during the Month of Ramazan'.

فقيل: و ما الفزعة في شهر رمضان؟ فقال: «أو ما سمعتم قول الله عز و جل في القرآن: إِنْ نَشَأْ نُنَزِّلْ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ السَّماءِ آيَةً فَظَلَّتْ أَعْناقُهُمْ لَهَا خاضِعِينَ، هي آية تخرج الفتاة من خدرها، و توقظ النائم، و تفزع اليقظان».

So it was said, 'And what is the terror during the Month of Ramazan?' So he-asws said: 'Have you not heard the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: *If We Desired to, We would Send down upon them a Sign from the sky, so their necks would be humbled to it [26:4]*? It is a Sign which would make the young girl come out from her veil, and the sleeping one would be awakened, and the awake one would be terrified'.⁸²

وعنه، قال: أخبرنا أحمد بن محمد بن سعيد، قال: حدثنا علي بن الحسن، عن أبيه، عن أحمد بن عمر الحلبي، عن الحسين بن موسى، عن فضيل بن محمد مولى محمد بن راشد البجلي، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، أنه قال: «أما إن النداء من السماء باسم القائم في كتاب الله لبين». فقلت: أين هو، أصلحك الله؟

And from him (Nu'mani), said, 'Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Saeed informed us, from Ali Bin Al Hassan, from his father, from Ahmad Bin Umar Al Halby, from Al Husayn Bin Musa, from Fazeyl Bin Muhammad, a slave of Muhammad Bin Rashid Al Bajaly,

'From Abu Abdullah^{-asws} having said: 'But, the Call from the sky by the name of Al-Qaim^{-asws} is in the Book of Allah^{-azwj}, clearly'. I said, 'Where is it, may Allah^{-azwj} Keep you^{-asws} well?'

فقال: «في طسم تِلْكَ آياتُ الْكِتابِ الْمُبِينِ قوله تعالى: إِنْ نَشَأْ نُنَزِّلْ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ السَّماءِ آيَةً فَظَلَّتْ أَعْناقُهُمْ لَهَا خاضِعِينَ- قال- إذا سمعوا الصوت، أصبحوا و كأنما على رؤوسهم الطير».

So he^{-asws} said: 'In *Ta Sin Meem [26:1] These are the Verses of the Clarifying Book [26:2]* (Chapter 26), in the Words of the Exalted: *If We Desired to, We would Send down upon them a Sign from the sky, so their necks would be humbled to it [26:4]*. When they hear the voice, they would become such as if there are birds on top of their heads'.⁸³

الغيبة: 251/ 8. 82

الغيبة: 23/263. 83

وعنه، قال: حدثنا أحمد بن الحسن بن علي، قال: حدثنا أبي، عن أبيه، عن محمد بن إسماعيل، عن حنان بن سدير، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، قال: سألته عن قول الله عز و جل: إِنْ نَشَأْ نُنَزِّلْ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ السَّماءِ آيَةً فَظَلَّتْ أَعْناقُهُمْ لَهَا خاضِعِينَ، قال: «نزلت في قائم آل محمد (صلوات الله عليهم)، ينادى باسمه من السماء

From him, said, 'It was narrated to us by Ahmad bin Al Hassan Bin Ali, from his father, from his father, from Muhammad Bin Ismail, from Hanan Bin Sadeyr,

'From Abu Ja'far^{-asws}, he (the narrator) said, 'I asked him^{-asws} about the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *If We Desired to, We would Send down upon them a Sign from the sky, so their necks would be humbled to it [26:4]*. He^{-asws} said: 'It was Revealed regarding the Qaim^{-asws} of the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww}. He^{-asws} would be Called by his^{-asws} name from the sky''.⁸⁴

Quran: 26:205-207

أَقَرَأَيْتَ إِنْ مَتَّعْنَاهُمْ سِنِينَ { 205} ثُمُّ جَاءَهُمْ مَا كَانُوا يُوعَدُونَ { 206} مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوا يُمتَّعُونَ { 207}

Can you see, if We were to Let them enjoy for years [26:205]. Then there comes to them what they were threatened of [26:206]. It would not avail them what they were enjoying. [26:207]

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا الحسين بن أحمد، عن محمد بن عيسى، عن يونس، عن صفوان ابن يحيى، عن أبي عثمان، عن معلى بن خنيس عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قوله عز و جل: أَ فَرَأَيْتَ إِنْ مَتَعْناهُمْ سِنِينَ ثُمَّ جاءَهُمْ ما كانُوا يُوعَدُونَ، قال: «خروج القائم (عليه السلام)» ما أغْنى عَنْهُمْ ما كانُوا يُتَعُونَ، قال: «هم بنو امية الذين متعوا في دنياهم».

Muhammad Bin Al-Abbas, from Al-Husayn Bin Ahmad, from Muhammad Bin Isa, from Yunus, from Safwan Ibn Yahya, from Abu Usman, from Moala Bin Khunays,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *Can you see, if We were to Let them enjoy for years [26:205] Then there comes to them what they were threatened of [26:206]*, he^{-asws} said: 'The rising of Al-Qaim^{-asws}'. *It would not avail them what they were enjoying? [26:207]*, he^{-asws} said: 'They are the clan of Umayya^{-la} who enjoyed themselves in the world'.⁸⁵

Quran: 24:35

اللَّهُ نُورُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ، مَثَلُ نُورِهِ كَمِشْكَاةٍ فِيهَا مِصْبَاحٌ الْمِصْبَاحُ فِي زُجَاجَةٍ الرُّجَاجَةُ كَأَثَّمَا كَوْكَبٌ دُرِّيٌّ يُوقَدُ مِنْ شَجَرَةٍ مُبَارَكَةٍ زَيْتُونَةٍ لَا شَرْقِيَّةٍ وَلَا غَرْبِيَّةٍ يَكَادُ زَيْتُهَا يُضِيءُ وَلَوْ لَمْ تَمْسَسْهُ نَارٌ ، نُورٌ عَلَىٰ نُورٍ * يَهْدِي اللَّهُ لِنُورِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ، وَيَضْرِبُ اللَّهُ الْأَمْثَالَ لِلنَّاسِ * وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ { 35}

Allah is Light of the skies and the earth. An example of His Light is like a niche wherein is a lamp, the lamp is in a glass, and the glass is as if it is a brightly shining star ignited from a Blessed tree of olives, neither eastern nor western. Its oil almost illuminates and even

^{».} تأويل الآيات 1: 386/ 2، ينابيع المودة: 426. 84

تأويل الآيات 1: 392/ 18. 85

though fire does not touch it. Light upon Light. Allah Guides to His Light ones He so Desires to, and Allah Strikes examples for the people, and Allah is Knowing of all things [24:35]

وعنه: عن علي بن محمد، و محمد بن الحسن، عن سهل بن زياد، عن محمد بن الحسن بن شمون، عن عبد الله بن عبد الرحمن الأصم، عن عبد الله بن القاسم، عن صالح بن سهل الهمداني، قال: قال أبو عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: «الله نُورُ السَّماواتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ مَثَلُ نُورِهِ كَمِشْكاةٍ فاطمة (عليها السلام)، فيها مِصْباحٌ الحسن، المُصِباحُ في زُجاجَةٍ الحسين، الرُّجاجَةُ كَأَمَّا كَوْكَبٌ دُرِّيٌّ فاطمة (عليها السلام)، كوكب دري بين نساء أهل الدنيا، يُوقَدُ مِنْ شَجَرَة مُبارَكَةٍ إبراهيم (عليه السلام)، زَنْتُونَةٍ لا شَرْقِيَّةٍ وَ لا غَرْبيَّةٍ لا يهودية، و لا نصرانية،

And from him, from Ali Bin Muhammad, and Muhammad Bin Al Hassan, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Muhammad Bin Al Hassan Bin Shamoun, from Abdullah Bin Abdul Rahman Al Asam, from Abdullah Bin Al Qasim, from Salih Bin Sahl Al Hamdany who said,

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} said regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *Allah is Light of the skies and the earth. An example of His Light is like a niche* [24:35] - Fatima^{-asws}, *wherein is a lamp* - Al-Hassan^{-asws}, *the lamp is in a glass*, Al-Husayn^{-asws}, *and the glass is as if it is a brightly shining star* - Fatima^{-asws} is the brightly shining star between the women of the world, *ignited from a Blessed olive tree* - Ibrahim^{-as}, *neither eastern nor western* - neither Jewish nor Christian.

Its oil almost illuminates - illumination of the knowledge which almost explodes from herasws, and even though fire does not touch it. Light upon Light - an Imamasws after an Imamasws.

Allah Guides to His Light ones He so Desires to - Allah^{-azwj} Guides to the Imam^{-asws} ones He^{-azwj} so Desires to, **and Allah Strikes examples for the people [24:35]**'.⁸⁶

ابن بابویه، قال: حدثنا إبراهیم بن هارون بن الهیتی بمدینة السلام، قال: حدثنی محمد بن أحمد ابن أبي الثلج، قال: حدثنا الحسین بن أیوب، عن محمد بن عالب، عن علي بن الحسین، عن الحسن بن أیوب، عن الحسین بن سلیمان، عن محمد بن مروان الذهلي، عن الفضیل بن یسار، قال: قلت لأبي عبد الله الصادق (علیه السلام): الله نُورُ السَّماواتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ؟ قال: «كذلك الله عز و جل». قال: قلت: مَثَلُ نُورِه؟ قال: «محمد (صلی الله علیه و آله). قلت: فِیها مِصْباحٌ؟ قال: «فیه نور العلم، یعنی النبوة». قلت: الْمِصْباحُ فِي زُجاجَةٍ؟ قال: «علم رسول الله (صلی الله علیه و آله) صدر إلی قلب علی (علیه السلام)».

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'Ibrahim Bin Haroun Bin Al Hayti narrated to us at the city of Al Islam, from Muhammad Bin Ahmad Ibn Abu Al Salj, from Al Husayn Bin Ayoub, from Muhammad Bin Ghalib, from Ali Bin Al Husayn, from Al Hassan Bin Ayoub, from Al Husayn Bin Suleyman, from Muhammad Bin Marwan Al Zahly, from Al Fazeyl Bin Yasaar who said,

'I said to Abu Abdullah Al-Sadiq^{-asws}, '(What about): *Allah is Light of the skies and the earth* [24:35]?' He^{-asws} said: 'Such is Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic'. I said, 'An example of His Light [24:35]?' He^{-asws} said: 'Muhammad^{-saww}'. I said, 'is like a niche?' He^{-asws} said: 'Chest of

⁽Extract) الكافي 1: 151/ 5.

Muhammad^{-saww}'. I said, 'wherein is a lamp?' He^{-asws} said: 'In it is the light of Knowledge, meaning the Prophet-hood'. I said, 'the lamp is in a glass?' He^{-asws} said: 'The Knowledge of Rasool-Allah^{-saww} passed on to the heart of Ali^{-asws}'.

قلت: كَأَغَّا؟ قال: «لأي شيء تقرأ كأنها؟» فقلت: فكيف، جعلت فداك؟ قال: «كأنه كوكب دري». قلت: يُوقَدُ مِنْ شَجَرَةٍ مُبارَكَةٍ زَيْتُونَةٍ لا شَرْقِيَّةٍ وَ لا غَرْبِيَّةٍ؟ قال: «ذلك أمير المؤمنين علي بن أبي طالب (عليه السلام)، لا يهودي و لا نصراني».

I said, 'as if it is?' He^{-asws} said: 'For which thing are you reading 'as if it is?' So I said, 'So how, may I be sacrificed for you^{-asws}?' He^{-asws} said: 'as if it is a brightly shining star'. I said, 'ignited from a Blessed olive tree, neither eastern nor western?' He^{-asws} said: 'That is Amir-Al-Momineen Ali-asws Bin Abu Talib-asws, neither Jewish nor Christian'.

قلت: يَكَادُ زَيْتُها يُضِيءُ وَ لَوْ لَمَ تَمْسَسْهُ نارٌ قال: «يكاد العلم يخرج من فم العالم من آل محمد (عليهم السلام) من قبل أن ينطق به». قلت: نُورٌ عَلى نُور؟ قال: «الإمام في أثر الإمام».

I said, 'Its oil almost illuminates and even though fire does not touch it?' He^{-asws} said: 'The Knowledge almost comes out from the mouth of the Knowledgeable one^{-asws} from the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww} from before he^{-asws} speaks it'. I said, 'Light upon Light?' He^{-asws} said: 'The Imam^{-asws} in the footsteps of the Imam^{-asws}'.⁸⁷

روي عن جابر بن عبد الله الأنصاري، قال: دخلت إلى مسجد الكوفة، و أمير المؤمنين (صلوات الله و سلامه عليه) يكتب بإصبعه و يتبسم، فقلت له: يا أمير المؤمنين، ما الذي يضحكك؟ فقال: «عجبت لمن يقرأ هذه الآية و لم يعرفها حق معرفتها». فقلت له: أي آية، يا أمير المؤمنين؟

It has been reported from Jabir Bin Abdullah Al Ansary who said,

'I entered the Masjid Al-Kufa, and Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws} was writing with his^{-asws} finger and smiling. So I said to him^{-asws}, 'O Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws}, what is it which make you^{-asws} laugh?' So he^{-asws} said: 'I^{-asws} wonder at the one who recites this Verse and does not understand it as it deserves to be understood'. So I said to him, 'Which Verse, O Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws}?'

فقال: «قوله تعالى: الله نُورُ السَّماواتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ مَثَلُ نُورِهِ كَمِشْكاةٍ، المشكاة: محمد (صلى الله عليه و آله)، فيها مِصْباحٌ، أنا المصباح. في زُجاجَةٍ الزجاجة الحسن و الحسين (عليههما السلام)، كَأُهَّا كَوْكَبٌ دُرِيِّ و هو علي بن الحسين (عليه السلام)، يُوقَدُ مِنْ شَجَرَةٍ مُبارَكَةٍ محمد بن علي (عليه السلام)، زَيْتُونَةٍ جعفر بن محمد (عليه السلام) لا شَرْقِيَّةٍ موسى بن جعفر (عليه السلام)، وَ لا غَرْبِيَّةٍ علي بن موسى (عليه السلام)، يَكَادُ زَيْتُها يُضِيءُ محمد بن علي (عليه السلام)، وَ لَوْ لاَ تَمْسَسْهُ نارٌ علي بن محمد (عليه السلام)، نُورٌ على نُورٍ الحسن ابن علي (عليه السلام)، يَهْدِي الله لِنُورِهِ مَنْ يَشاءُ القَائم المهدي (عليه السلام) وَ يَضْرِبُ اللهُ الْأَمْثالَ لِلنَّاسِ وَ اللهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ».

He^{-asws} said: 'The Words of the Exalted: *Allah is Light of the skies and the earth [24:35]*. The niche is Muhammad^{-saww}, *wherein is a lamp* - I^{-asws} am the lamp, *the lamp is in a glass*, The glass - Al-Hassan^{-asws} and Al-Husayn^{-asws}, *as if it is a brightly shining star* - it is Ali^{-asws} Bin Al Husayn^{-asws}, *ignited from a Blessed tree_*Muhammad Bin Ali^{-asws}, *of olives* - Ja'far^{-asws} Bin Muhammad^{-asws}, *neither eastern* - Musa^{-asws} Bin Ja'far^{-asws}, *nor western* - Ali^{-asws} Bin Musa^{-asws}, *Its oil almost illuminates* - Muhammad^{-asws} Bin Ali^{-asws} - *and even though fire does not touch it* - Ali^{-asws} Bin Muhammad^{-asws}, *Light upon Light* - Al-Hassan^{-asws} Ibn Ali^{-asws}, *Allah Guides to*

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التوحيد: 157/ 3. 87

His Light ones He so Desires to - Al-Qaim Al-Mahdi^{-asws}, and Allah Strikes examples for the people, and Allah is Knowing of all things [24:35]⁸⁸

Quran: 22:41

Those, if We were to Enable them in the land, they would Establish the Salat and give the Zakat, and they would enjoin with the good and forbid from the evil; and to Allah is the endresult of the matters [22:41]

على بن إبراهيم، قال: في رواية أبي الجارود، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام): «الَّذِينَ إِنْ مَكَّنَاهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ أَقامُوا الصَّلاةَ وَ آتُؤا الرَّكاةَ فهذه لآل محمد (عليهم السلام) إلى آخر الآية، و المهدي و أصحابه (عليه السلام) يملكهم الله مشارق الأرض و مغاربها، و يظهر الدين، و يميت الله به و بأصحابه البدع و الباطل كما أمات السفهة الحق، حتى لا يرى أثر للظلم، و يأمرون بالمعروف، و ينهون عن المنكر».

Ali Bin Ibrahim said, 'In a report of Abu Al Jaroud,

'From Abu Ja'far^{-asws} (re): *Those, if We were to Enable them in the land, they would Establish the Salat and give the Zakat [22:41]*: 'So this is for the Progeny^{-asws} up to the end of the Verse, and (for) Al-Mahdi^{-asws} and his^{-asws} companions. Allah^{-azwj} will Make them rule the east of the earth and its west, and the Religion will prevail, and Allah^{-azwj} will Cause to die, through him^{-asws} and his^{-asws} companions, the companions of the innovation and the falsehood, just as the foolishness dies by the Truth, to the extent that the traces of the injustice will no longer be seen, and they would be enjoining with the good and forbidding from the evil".⁸⁹

Quran: 10:20

And they are saying: 'If only a Sign had been Sent to him from his Lord'. Say: 'But rather, the unseen is for Allah, therefore wait, for I too am from the waiting ones [10:20]

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا علي بن أحمد الدقاق (رضي الله عنه)، قال: حدثنا محمد بن أبي عبد الله الكوفي، قال: حدثنا موسى بن عمران النخعي، عن عمه الحسين بن يزيد، عن علي بن أبي حمزة، عن يحيى بن أبي القاسم، قال: سألت الصادق (عليه السلام) عن قول الله عز و جل: الم ذلِكَ الْكِتابُ لا رَبْبَ فِيه هُدىً لِلْهُمَّقِينَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْفَيْب.

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'Ali Bin Ahmad Al Daqaq, from Muhammad Bin Abu Abdullah Al Kufyy, from Musa Bin Umran Al Nakhai'e, from his uncle Al Husayn Bin Yazeed, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Yahya Bin Abu Al Qasim who said,

'I asked Al-Sadiq^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: **Alif Lam Meem [2:1]** That is the Book. There is no doubt in it is Guidance for the pious [2:2] Those who are believing in the unseen [2:3]

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فقال: «المتقون: شيعة على (عليه السلام)، و الغيب: هو الحجة القائم، و شاهد ذلك قول الله عز و جل: وَ يَقُولُونَ لَوْ لا أُنْرِلَ عَلَيْهِ آيَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِ فَقُلْ إِنَّمَا الْغَيْبُ لِلَّهِ فَانْتَظِرُوا إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ مِنَ الْمُنْتَظِرِينَ».

So he^{-asws} said: 'The *pious* - the Shias of Ali^{-asws}, and *the unseen* – <u>it is Al-Hujjat Al-Qaim^{-asws}.</u> And the testimony of that are the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: [10:20] And they are saying: 'If only a Sign had been Sent to him from his Lord'. Say: 'But rather, the unseen is for Allah, therefore wait, for I too am from the waiting ones [10:20]'.⁹⁰

و عنه: بإسناده عن محمد بن الفضيل، عن أبي الحسن الرضا (عليه السلام)، قال: سألته عن الفرج. قال: «إن الله عز و جل يقول: فَانْتَظِرُوا إِيّي مَعَكُمْ مِنَّ الْمُنْتَظِرِينَ».

And from him, by his chain, from Muhammad Bin Al Fazeyl,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Al-Reza^{-asws}, said, '<u>I asked him asws about the Relief</u> (Al-Qaim asws). He asws said: 'Surely, Allah Mighty and Majestic is Saying: **therefore wait, for** <u>I too am from the waiting ones [10:20]</u>. 91

و عنه: بإسناده عن محمد بن مسعود، قال: حدثني أبو صالح خلف بن حماد الكشي، قال: حدثنا سهل بن زياد، قال: حدثني محمد بن الحسين، عن أحمد بن محمد بن أبي نصر، قال: قال الرضا (عليه السلام): «ما أحسن الصبر و انتظار الفرج! أما سمعت قول الله عز و جل: وَ ارْتَقِبُوا إِنِيّ مَعَكُمْ رَقِيبٌ و فَانْتَظِرُوا إِنِيّ مَعَكُمْ مِنَ الْمُنْتَظِرِينَ، فعليكم بالصبر، فإنه إنما يجيء الفرج على اليأس، فقد كان الذين من قبلكم أصبر منكم».

And from him, by his chain from Muhammad Bin Masoud, from Abu Salih Khalaf Bin Hamad Al Kashy, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Abu Nasr who said,

'Al-Reza^{-asws} said: 'How excellent is the patience and <u>awaiting the relief (Al-Qaim-asws! But, have you not heard the Words of Allah-azwi Might and Majestic: and watch out, I (too) am watching out along with you [11:93]; and therefore wait, for I too am from the waiting ones [10:20]. Thus, it is upon you to be with the patience, for rather the relief (Al-Qaim-asws) would come upon the despair, as those people who were before you were more patient than you are". 92</u>

Quran: 16:45

أَفَأَمِنَ الَّذِينَ مَكَرُوا السَّيِّمَاتِ أَنْ يَخْسِفَ اللَّهُ بِمِمُ الْأَرْضَ أَوْ يَأْتِيَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ {45}

Are the ones plotting the evil feeling secure from Allah Causing the earth to submerge with them, or the Punishment coming to them from where they are not aware of? [16:45]

عن جابر الجعفي، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)- في حديث طويل- قال له: «و إياكم و شذاذا من آل محمد، فإن لآل محمد و علي (عليهم السلام) راية، و لغيرهم رايات [فالزم الأرض، و لا تتبع منهم رجلا أبدا حتى ترى رجلا من ولد الحسين، معه عهد نبي الله و رايته و سلاحه،

From Jabir Al Ju'fy,

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 17. 90

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 4/645 4. 91

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 645/ 92

'From Abu Ja'far^{-asws} – in a lengthy Hadeth – said to him: 'And beware of the *Shazaza*⁹³ from the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww}, because for the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww} there is a flag, and for others there are flags. Therefore, necessitate the ground and do not follow any man from them, ever, <u>until you see a man^{-asws} from the sons^{-asws} of Al-Husayn^{-asws}, with him^{-asws} being a Covenant of the Prophet^{-saww} of Allah^{-azwj} and his^{-saww} flag and his^{-saww} weapons.</u>

فإن عهد نبي الله صار عند على بن الحسين، ثم صار عند محمد بن على، و يفعل الله ما يشاء]، فالزم هؤلاء أبدا، و إياك و من ذكرت لك.

The Covenant of the Prophet^{-saww} of Allah^{-azwj} came to be with Ali^{-asws} Bin Al-Husayn^{-asws}, then it came to be with Muhammad^{-asws} Bin Ali^{-asws}, and Allah^{-azwj} does whatever He^{-azwj} so Desires to. Therefore, necessitate them^{-asws} for ever, and beware of the ones I^{-asws} mentioned to you.

فإذا خرج رجل منهم معه ثلاث مائة و بضعة عشر رجلا، و معه راية رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) عامدا إلى المدينة حتى بمر بالبيداء، حتى يقول: هذا مكان القوم الذين خسف بحم، و هي الآية التي قال الله تعالى: أَ فَأُمِنَ الَّذِينَ مَكَرُوا السَّيِّعَاتِ أَنْ يَخْسِفَ اللهُ بِجُمُ الْأَرْضَ أَوْ يَأْتِيَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لا يَشْعُرُونَ أَوْ يَأْخُذَهُمْ فِي تَقَلِّبِهِمْ فَما هُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ».

So when a man-asws from them comes out, with him-asws being three hundred and some ten men, and with him-asws is the flag of Rasool-Allah-saww, deliberating towards Al-Medina until he-asws passes by Al-Bayda'a, until he-asws is saying; 'This is the place of the people, those would be submerged with'. And it is the Verse which Allah-azwj the Exalted Says: Are the ones plotting the evil feeling secure from Allah Causing the earth to submerge with them, or the Punishment coming to them from where they are not aware of? [16:45] Or (from) Him Seizing them during their moving around, so they would not be escaping? [16:46]".94

Quran: 16:1

أَتَىٰ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ فَلَا تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ ۚ سُبْحَانَهُ وَتَعَالَىٰ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ {1}

The Command of Allah will come, therefore do not hasten it. Glorious is He and Exalted from what they are associating [16:1]

محمد بن إبراهيم النعماني، قال: أخبرنا علي بن أحمد، عن عبيد الله بن موسى العلوي، قال: حدثنا علي بن الحسين، عن علي بن حسان، عن عبد الرحمن بن كثير، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) في قوله عز و جل: أتى أَمْرُ اللهِ فَلا تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ. قال: «هو أمرنا، أمر الله عز و جل أن لا يستعجل به حتى يؤيده الله بثلاثة أجناد: الملائكة، و المؤمنين، و الرعب، و خروجه كخروج رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله)، و ذلك قوله عز و جل: كما أَحْرَجَكَ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَيْتِكَ بِالْحَقِّ».

Muhammad Bin Ibrahim Al No'mani, from Ali Bin Ahmad, from Ubeydullah Bin Musa Al Alawy, from Ali Bin Al Husayn, from Ali Bin Hisaan, from Abdul Rahman Bin Kaseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *The Command of Allah will come, therefore do not hasten it [16:1]*, he^{-asws} said: 'It is our^{-asws} matter (Al-Qaim^{-asws}), the Command of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic, that there is no hastening of it until Allah^{-azwj} Supports it with three armies – the Angels, and the *Momineen*,

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⁹³ A person not from their asws immediate families.

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and the fear. And his^{-asws} (Al-Qaim^{-asws})'s rising would be like the rising of Rasool-Allah^{-saww}, and these are the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *Just as your Lord Caused you to go forth from your house with the Truth [8:5]*'.95

أبو جعفر محمد بن جرير الطبري في (مسند فاطمة): قال: أخبرني أبو المفضل محمد بن عبد الله، قال: أخبرنا محمد بن همام، قال: أخبرنا جعفر بن محمد بن مالك، قال: حدثنا علي بن يونس الخزاز، عن إسماعيل بن عمر بن أبان، عن أبيه، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) قال: «إذا أراد الله قيام القائم (عليه السلام)، بعث جبرئيل (عليه السلام) في صورة طائر أبيض، فيضع إحدى رجليه على الكعبة و الاخرى على بيت المقدس، ثم ينادي بأعلى صوته أتى أُمُّرُ اللهِ فَلا تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ

Abu Ja'far Muhammad Bin Jareer Al Tabary in (the book) 'Masnad Fatima', said, 'Abu Al Mufazzal Muhammad Bin Abdullah informed me, from Muhammad Bin Hamam, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Maalik, from Ali Bin Yunus Al Khazaz, from Ismail Bin Umar Bin Abaan, from his father,

'Abu Abdullah-asws has said: 'When Allah-azwj Intends Al-Qaim-asws to rise, He-azwj would Send Jibraeel-as in the image of a white bird. So he-as would place one of his feet upon the Kaaba, and the other upon Bayt Al-Magdas, then he-as would call out in a loud voice: The Command of Allah will come, therefore do not hasten it [16:1]'.

- قال- فيحضر القائم فيصلي عند مقام إبراهيم ركعتين، ثم ينصرف و حواليه أصحابه، و هم ثلاثمائة و ثلاثة عشر رجلا، إن فيهم لمن يسري من فراشه ليلا فيخرج و معه الحجر، فيلقيه فتعشب الأرض».

He^{-asws} said: 'So, Al-Qaim^{-asws} would appear, and Pray two Cycles at Magaam-e-Ibrahim^{-as}. Then he^{-asws} would leave and his^{-asws} companions would be around him^{-asws}, and they would be three hundred and thirteen men. Among them would be ones who would have slept upon their beds at night, and would come out with him^{-asws} at Al-Hajar (The Black Stone). So they would meet him^{-asws}, and the earth would become greener'. 96

العياشي: عن هشام بن سالم، عن بعض أصحابنا، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) قال: سألته عن قول الله أَتى أَمْرُ اللّهِ فَلا تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ. قال: «إذا أخبر الله النبي (صلى الله عليه و آله) بشيء إلى الوقت فهو قوله أَتى أَمْرُ اللّهِ فَلا تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ حتى يأتي ذلك الوقت».

Al-Ayyashi, from Hisham Bin Salim, from one of our companions,

'From Abu Abdullah-asws, he (the narrator) said, 'I asked him-asws about the Words of Allah-azwj: The Command of Allah will come, therefore do not hasten it [16:1]. He-asws said: 'When Allah-azwj Informs the Prophet-saww about something up to the time, so these are His-azwj Words: The Command of Allah will come, therefore do not hasten it [16:1], until that time actually comes'.

و قال: «إن الله إذا أخبر أن شيئا كائن فكأنه قد كان».

And he^{-asws} said: 'Surely Allah^{-azwj}, when He^{-azwj} Informs that something would be happening, so it is as if it has already happened (definitely happen – the rising of the Al-Qaim^{-asws})". ⁹⁷

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دلائل الامامة: 252 ⁹⁶

تفسير العيّاشي 2: 4254 2. ⁹⁷

Quran: 12:110

Until when the Rasools despaired (from the people) and they (people) thought that they had lied, Our Help came to them (Rasools). So We Rescued the one We so Desired to, and Our Punishment cannot be averted from the criminal people [12:110]

أبو جعفر بن جرير الطبري: بإسناده إلى أبي علي النهاوندي، قال: حدثنا أبو عبد الله محمد بن أحمد القاساني، قال: حدثنا محمد بن سليمان، قال: حدثنا علي بن يوسف، قال: حدثني أبي، عن المفضل بن عمر، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، قال: «جاء رجل إلى أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام) فشكا إليه طول دولة الجور،

Abu Ja'far Bin Jareer Al Tabari, by his chain up to Abu Ali Al Nahawandy, from Abu Abdullah Muhammad Bin Ahmad Al Qasany, from Muhammad Bin Suleyman, from Ali Bin Yusuf, from his father, from Al Mufazzal bin Umar,

'From Abu Abdullah-asws having said: 'A man came to Amir Al-Momineen-asws and complained to him-as about the prolongation of the government of tyranny.

So, Amir Al-Momineen^{-asws} said to him: 'By Allah^{-azwj}! What you are wishing for will not be happening until the falsifiers are destroyed, and the ignorant ones are scattered, and the pious ones are secure, and few is what they would happen to be to the extent that there would not happen to be for anyone of you, place for his feet, and until there would happen to be upon the people least (importance) of the deceased with his companion.

So, while you are like that, then the Help of Allah-azwj and the victory would come (the rising of the Mahdi-asws), and these are the Words of my-asws Lord-azwj Mighty and Majestic in His-azwj Book: *Until when the Rasools despaired and they (people) thought that they had lied, Our Help came to them* [12:110]'.98

Quran: 4:59

O you who believe! Obey Allah and obey the Rasool and those with (Divine) Authority from you. Thus, if you were to quarrel about anything, refer it to Allah and the Rasool if you were

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دلائل الإمامة: 251. ⁹⁸

believing in Allah and the Last Day, that would be better and of excellent interpretation [4:59]

علي بن إبراهيم، قال: حدثني أبي، عن حماد، عن حريز، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، قال: «نزلت: فإن تنازعتم في شيء فارجعوه إلى الله و إلى الرسول و إلى اولى الأمر منكم».

Ali Bin Ibrahim said, 'My father narrated to me, from Hamad, from Hareyz,

From Abu Abdullah^{-asws} having said: 'It was Revealed as: *Thus, if you were to quarrel about anything, refer it to Allah and the Rasool, and to the ones with (Divine) Authority among you [4:59]*" (meaning there will always be a Divine Imam^{-asws} for guidance). ⁹⁹

عن عمرو بن سعيد، قال: سألت أبا الحسن (عليه السلام)، عن قوله: أُطِيعُوا اللّهَ وَ أُطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ وَ أُولِي الْأَمْرِ مِنْكُمْ، قال: «علي بن أبي طالب (عليه السلام) و الأوصياء من بعده».

From Amro Bin Saeed who said,

'Abu Al-Hassan^{-asws} was asked about His^{-azwj} Words *O you who believe! Obey Allah and obey the Rasool and those with (Divine) Authority from you [4:59]*. He^{-asws} said: 'Ali^{-asws} Bin Abu Talib^{-asws} and the successors^{-asws} from after him^{-asws}'. ¹⁰⁰

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثنا أبي (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا عبد الله بن جعفر الحميري، قال: حدثنا محمد ابن الحسين بن أبي الخطاب، عن عبد الله بن محمد الحجال، عن حماد بن عثمان، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: يا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَطِيعُوا اللهَ وَ أَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ وَ أُولِي اللهُ عن حماد بن عثمان، عن أبي بصير، عن أبي جعفر (عليه السلام)، في قول الله عز و جل: يا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَطِيعُوا اللهَ وَ أَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ وَ أُولِي الْأَمْرِ مِنْكُمْ، قال: «الأئمة من ولد على و فاطمة (صلوات الله عليهما) إلى أن تقوم الساعة».

Ibn Babuwayh said, 'My father narrated to us, from Abdullah Bin Ja'far Al Humeyri, from Muhammad Al Husayn Bin Abu Al Khataab, from Abdullah Bin Muhammad Al Hajaal, from Hamaad Bin Usmaan, from Abu Baseer,

from Abu Ja'far^{-asws} regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic *O you who believe! Obey Allah and obey the Rasool and those with (Divine) Authority from you [4:59]*, said: 'The Imams^{-asws} from the sons^{-asws} of Ali^{-asws} and (Syeda) Fatima^{-asws} up to the Day of Judgement'. ¹⁰¹

عن أبان، أنه دخل على أبي الحسن الرضا (عليه السلام)، قال: فسألته عن قول الله: يا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَطِيعُوا اللَّهُ وَ أَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ وَ أُولِي الْأَمْرِ مِنْكُمْ. فقال: «ذلك على بن أبي طالب (عليه السلام)» ثم سكت،

From Aban,

He had gone over to Abu Al Hassan Al Reza^{-asws}. He said, 'So I asked him^{-asws} about the Words of Allah^{-azwj}: *Obey Allah and obey the Rasool and those with (Divine) Authority from you* [4:59]. So he^{-asws} said: 'That is Ali Bin Abu Talib^{-asws}'. Then he^{-asws} was silent.

قال: فلما طال سكوته، قلت: ثم من قال: «ثم الحسن». ثم سكت،

تفسير القمّى 1: 141. 99

تفسير العيّاشي 1 لا 253/ 176. 100

كما الدين و تمام النعمة: 222/ 8. 101

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He (the narrator) said, 'So when his-asws silence was prolonged, I said, 'Then who?' He-asws said: 'Then Al Hassan-asws'. Then he-asws was silent.

فلما طال سكوته، قلت: ثم من؟ قال: «ثم الحسين» قلت: ثم من؟ قال: «علي بن الحسين» و سكت، فلم يزل يسكت عند كل واحد حتى أعيد المسألة فيقول، حتى سماهم إلى آخرهم (صلوات الله عليهم).

So when his silence was prolonged, I said, 'Then who?' He saws said: 'Then Al Husayn silence did not cease during each one saws until I repeated the question, so he was saying, until he had named them up to the last of them saws' (Al-Mahdi saws). 102

Quran: 3:83

أَفْغَيْرُ دِينِ اللَّهِ يَبْغُونَ وَلَهُ أَسْلَمَ مَنْ فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ طَوْعًا وَكُرُهًا وَإِلَيْهِ يُرْجَعُونَ {83}

Is it other than Allah's Religion they are seeking? And to Him submit the ones is in the skies and the earth, willingly and unwillingly, and to Him they would be returning [3:83]

عن رفاعة بن موسى، قال: سمعت أبا عبد الله (عليه السلام) يقول: وَ لَهُ أَسْلَمَ مَنْ فِي السَّماواتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ طَوْعاً وَ كَرْهاً. قال: «إذا قام القائم (عليه السلام) لا تبقى أرض إلا نودي فيها بشهادة أن لا إله إلا الله، و أن محمدا رسول الله».

From Rafa'at Bin Musa who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah^{-asws} saying: 'And to Him submit the ones is in the skies and the earth, willingly and unwillingly [3:83]: 'When Al-Qaim^{-asws} rises, there would not remain a land except there would be a call therein that there is no god except Allah^{-azwj}, and that Muhammad^{-saww} is Rasool-Allah^{-saww}. ¹⁰³

Quran: 6:158

هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا أَنْ تَأْتِيَهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ أَوْ يَأْتِيَ رَبُّكَ أَوْ يَأْتِيَ بَعْضُ آيَاتِ رَبِّكَ ۗ يَوْمَ يَأْتِي بَعْضُ آيَاتِ رَبِّكَ ۗ يَوْمَ يَأْتِي بَعْضُ آيَاتِ رَبِّكَ ۗ مَنْ فَبْلُ أَوْ كَسَبَتْ فِي إِيمَانِهَا حُيْرًا ۗ قُلْ النَّظُرُوا إِنَّا مُنْتَظِرُوا إِنَّا مُنْتَظِرُوا إِنَّا مُنْتَظِرُوا

Are they only waiting that the Angels should come to them, or your Lord should come, or some of the Signs of your Lord should come? The day some of the Signs of your Lord do come, a soul will not benefit from its Eman which had not believed from before, or earned goodness during its Eman. Say, 'Await, (for) we are awaiting (too)' [6:158]

ابن بابويه، قال: حدثني أبي (رضي الله عنه)، قال: حدثنا سعد بن عبد الله، قال: حدثنا محمد بن الحسين بن أبي الخطاب، عن الحسن بن محبوب، عن علي بن رئاب، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، أنه قال في قول الله عز و جل: يَوْمَ يَأْتِي بَعْضُ آياتِ رَبِّكَ لا يَنْفَعُ نَفْساً إِيمانُها لَمْ تَكُنْ آمَنَتْ مِنْ قَبْلُ. فقال (عليه السلام): «الآيات: الأئمة، و الآية المنتظرة: القائم (عليه السلام)، فيومئذ لا ينفع نفسا إيمانها لم تكن آمنت من قبل قيامه بالسيف، و إن آمنت بمن تقدم من آبائه (عليهم السلام)».

تفسير العيّاشي 1: 183/ 81، ينّابيع المودة: 421. 103

فسير العيّاشي 1: 171/ 171. 102

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Ibn Babuwayh said, 'My father narrated to me, from Sa'ad Bin Abdullah, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn Bin Abu Al Khattab, from Al Hassan Bin Mahboub, from Ali Bin Ra'aib,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{-asws} having said regarding the Words of Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic: *The day some of the Signs of your Lord do come, a soul will not benefit from its Eman which had not believed from before [6:158]*, so he^{-asws} said: 'The Signs – <u>The Imams</u>-asws, and the <u>Sign which is awaited</u> – <u>Al-Qaim</u>-asws. Thus, on that day *a soul will not benefit from its Eman which had not believed from before [6:158]* his-asws rising by the sword and believed in the ones who had preceded from his-asws forefathers-asws'.¹⁰⁴

و عنه، قال: حدثنا المظفر بن جعفر بن المظفر العلوي السمرقندي (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا جعفر بن محمد بن مسعود، و حيدر بن محمد بن نعيم السمرقندي جميعا، [عن محمد بن مسعود العياشي، قال: حدثني علي بن محمد بن شجاع] ، عن محمد بن عيسى، عن يونس بن عبد الرحمن، عن علي بن أبي حمزة، عن أبي بصير، قال: قال الصادق جعفر بن محمد (عليهما السلام) في قول الله عز و جل: يَوْمَ يَأْتِي بَعْضُ آياتِ رَبِّكَ لا يَنْفَعُ نَفْساً إِيمانُها لَمُ تَكُنْ آمَنَتْ مِنْ قَبْلُ أَوْ كَسَبَتْ فِي إِيمانِها حَيْراً: «يعني خروج القائم المنتظر منا».

And from him, said, 'It was narrated to us by Al Muzaffar Bin Ja'far Bin Al Muzaffar Al Alawy Al Samarqandy, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Masoud, and Hyder Bin Muhammad Bin Naeem Al Zamarqandy, altogether from Muhammad Bin Masoud Al Ayyashi, from Ali Bin Muhammad Bin Shaja'a, from Muhammad Bin Isa, from Yunus Bin Abdul Rahman, from Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from Abu Baseer who said,

'Al-Sadiq Ja'far-asws Bin Muhammad-asws said regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: *The day some of the Signs of your Lord do come, a soul will not benefit from its Eman which had not believed from before, or earned goodness during its Eman [6:158]*: 'It means the rising of Al-Qaim-asws, and awaiting one from us-asws'.

ثم قال (عليه السلام): «يا أبا بصير، طوبي لشيعة قائمنا، المنتظرين لظهوره في غيبته، و المطيعين له في ظهوره، أولئك أولياء الله، الذين لا خوف عليهم و لا هم يحزنون».

Then he^{-asws} said: 'O Abu Baseer! Beatitude is for the Shias of our^{-asws} Qaim^{-asws}, the ones awaiting for his^{-asws} appearance during his^{-asws} occultation, and the followers of his^{-asws} during his^{-asws} appearance. They are the friends of Allah^{-azwj}, those upon whom there would neither be fear nor would they be grieving".¹⁰⁵

Quran: 7:159

وَمِنْ قَوْمِ مُوسَىٰ أُمَّةٌ يَهْدُونَ بِالْحَقِّ وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ {159}

And from the people of Musa there is a community is guiding with the Truth and by it they are dispensing justice [7:159]

عن المفضل بن عمر، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، قال: «إذا قام قائم آل محمد (صلى الله عليه و آله) استخرج من ظهر الكوفة سبعة و عشرين رجلا، خمسة عشر من قوم موسى، و مؤمن آل فرعون، و سبعة من أصحاب الكهف، و يوشع وصي موسى، و مؤمن آل فرعون، و سلمان الفارسى، و أبا دجانة الأنصارى، و مالك الأشتر».

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 336/ 8 104

كمال الدين و تمام النعمة: 357/ 54، ينابيع المودة: 422 105

From Mufazzal Bin Umar,

'From Abu Abdullah-asws having said: 'When the Qaim-asws of the Progeny-asws of Muhammad-saww rises, he-asws would extract from the back of Al-Kufa, twenty seven men – fifteen being from the people of Musa-as who were judging with the Truth and by it they were dispensing justice, and seven from the Companions of the Cave, and Yoshua Bin Noon-as the successor-as of Musa-as, and the Momin from the people of Pharaoh-la, and Salman Al-Farsy-ra, and Abu Dajjana Al-Ansary-ra, and Malik Al-Ashtar-ra''. 106

Quran: 11:80

He said: 'If only there was strength for me against you, or a recourse to a strong support' [11:80]

And from him, from Muhammad Bin Ja'far, from Muhammad Bin Ahmad, from Muhammad Bin Al Husayn, from Musa Bin Sa'adan, from Abdullah Bin Al Qasim, from Salih,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah-asws having said regarding the Words of the Exalted: *The strength* [11:80]. He-asws said: 'The strength – Al-Qaim-asws, and the *strong support* [11:80] – three hundred and thirteen'. 107

Quran: 22:39

There is Permission (to fight) for those who are fought against because they are oppressed, and surely Allah is Able upon Helping them [22:39]

And from him, from Al Husayn Bin Ahmad Al Malaky, from Muhammad Bin Isa, from Yunus, from Masny Al Hanaat, from Abdullah Bin Ajlaan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far-asws regarding the Words of Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic: *There is Permission (to fight) for those who are fought against because they are oppressed, and surely Allah is Able upon Helping them [22:39]*, he-asws said: 'It is regarding Al-Qaim-asws and his-asws companions'. 108

تفسير العيّاشي 2: 32/ 90. 106

تفسير القمي 1: 335. 107

تأويل الآيات 1: 338/ 16 108

ثم قال علي بن إبراهيم: حدثني أبي، عن ابن أبي عمير، عن ابن مسكان، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، في قوله: أُذِنَ لِلَّذِينَ يُقاتَلُونَ بِأَثَّمُ ظُلِمُوا وَ إِنَّ اللهُ على نَصْرِهِمْ لَقَدِيرٌ. قال: «إن العامة يقولون: نزلت في رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) لما أخرجته قريش من مكة، و إنما هو القائم (عليه السلام) إذا خرج يطلب بدم الحسين (عليه السلام).

Then Ali Bin Ibrahim said, 'My father narrated to me, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Ibn Muskaan,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{-asws} regarding His^{-azwj} Words: *There is Permission (to fight) for those who are fought against because they are oppressed, and surely Allah is Able upon Helping them [22:39]*. He^{-asws} said: 'The generality of the Muslims are saying, 'It was Revealed regarding Rasool-Allah^{-saww} when he^{-saww} was expelled by the Quraysh from Makkah'. <u>But rather, it is Al-Qaim</u>-asws, when he^{-asws} comes out seeking to avenge the blood of <u>Al-Husayn</u>-asws'. 109

و عنه: عن محمد بن همام، عن محمد بن إسماعيل، عن عيسى بن داود، عن أبي الحسن موسى ابن جعفر، عن أبيه (عليهما السلام)، في قوله عز و جل: وَ لَوْ لا دَفْعُ اللّهِ النَّاسَ بَعْضَهُمْ بِبَعْضٍ لَهُلِّمَتْ صَوامِعُ وَ بِيَعٌ وَ صَلُواتٌ وَ مَساجِدُ يُذْكُرُ فِيهَا اسْمُ اللّهِ كَثِيراً، قال: «هم الأثمة الأعلام، و لو لا صبرهم، و انتظارهم الأمر أن يأتيهم من الله لقتلوا جميعا. قال الله عز و جل: وَ لَيَنْصُرَنَّ اللّهُ مَنْ يَنْصُرُنُّ إِنَّ اللّهَ لَقُويٌّ عَزِيزٌ».

And from him, from Muhammad Bin Hamam, from Muhammad Bin Ismail, from Isa Bin Dawood,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Musa^{-asws} Ibn Ja'far^{-asws}, from his^{-asws} father^{-asws} regarding the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *And if Allah does not Repel the people, some of them by the others, the Monasteries and Churches, and Synagogues and Masjid would have been demolished, wherein the Name of Allah is mentioned a lot [22:40], he^{-asws} said: 'They^{-asws} are the Imams^{-asws}, the Flags. And had it not been for their^{-asws} patience, and their^{-asws} awaiting the matter (Al-Qaim^{-asws}) that would be coming to them from Allah^{-azwj}, all of them^{-asws} would have been murdered in their^{-asws} entirety. Allah^{-azwj} Mighty and Majestic Says: <i>And Allah will Help the one who Helps him, surely Allah is Strong, Mighty [22:40]*'. 110

Quran: 86:15-17

إِخُّمْ يَكِيدُونَ كَيْدًا {15} وَأَكِيدُ كَيْدًا {16} فَمَقِلِ الْكَافِرِينَ أَمْهِلْهُمْ رُوَيْدًا {17}

They would be plotting a plot [86:15] And I would (too) be Planning a plan [86:16] So, respite the Kafirs, respiting them gently for a while [86:17]

ثم قال علي بن إبراهيم: حدثنا جعفر بن أحمد، عن عبد الله بن موسى، عن الحسن بن علي بن أبي حمزة، عن أبيه، عن أبي بصير، في قوله: إِنَّكُمْ يَكِيدُونَ كَبُداً وَ أَكِيدُ كَيْداً ﴾.

Then Ali Bin Ibrahim (Tafseer Qummi) said:

⁽Extract) تفسير القمّي 2: 84. ¹⁰⁹ تأويل الآيات 1: 340/ 20 ¹¹⁰

'It has been narrated to us from Ja'far Bin Ahmad, from Abdullah Bin Musa, from Al-Hassan Bin Ali Bin Abu Hamza, from his father, from Abu Baseer regarding His-azwj Words: *They would be plotting a plot [86:15]*.

قال: «كادوا رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) و كادوا عليا (عليه السلام)، و كادوا فاطمة (عليها السلام)، فقال الله: يا محمد أَمُهِلُهُمْ رُوَيْداً لوقت بعث القائم (عليه السلام) فينتقم لي من الجبابرة و الطواغيت من قريش و بني أمية و سائر الناس».

He^{-asws} said: 'They plotted against Rasool-Allah^{-saww}, and plotted against Ali^{-asws}, and plotted against (Syeda) Fatima^{-asws}, so Allah^{-azwj} Said: *They would be plotting a plot [86:15] And I would be Planning a plan [86:16] So respite the Kafirs*, O Muhammad^{-saww}, *respiting them gently for a while [86:17]*, - up to the time of the Sending of Al-Qaim^{-asws}, so he^{-asws} will revenge for Me^{-azwj} against the mighty and the tyrants of Quraysh, and the clan of Umayya, and the rest of the people'.¹¹¹

Quran: 32:24

وَجَعَلْنَا مِنْهُمْ أَئِمَّةً يَهْدُونَ بِأَمْرِنَا لَمَّا صَبَرُوا هِ وَكَانُوا بِآيَاتِنَا يُوقِنُونَ (32:24)

And We Made Imams from them, guiding by Our Command, due to their being patient, and they were certain of Our Signs [32:24]

وعنه، قال: حدثني أبي، عن القاسم بن محمد، عن سليمان بن داود المنقري، عن حفص بن غياث، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام) في حديث عن رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله): «فصبر رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله) في جميع أحواله، ثم بشر بالأثمة من عترته، و وصفوا بالصبر، فقال: وَ جَعَلْنا وَ جَعَلْنا وَ جَعَلْنا وَ عَبَرُوا وَ كَانُوا بَايَاتِنا يُوقِنُونَ».

And from him (Ali Bin Ibrahim) who said, 'My father narrated to me, from Al-Qasim Bin Muhammad, from Suleyman Bin Dawood Al-Munqary, from Hafs Bin Ghayaas,

'From Abu Abdullah^{-asws} – in a Hadeeth – from Rasool-Allah^{-saww}, said: 'Rasool-Allah^{-saww} observed patience in all of his^{-saww} situations. Then He^{-azwj} Gave the glad tidings of the Imams^{-asws} from his^{-saww} Family, and characterised them^{-asws} with the patience. So He^{-azwj} Said: **And** We Made Imams from them, guiding by Our Command, due to their being patient, and they were certain of Our Signs [32:24]'.¹¹²

محمد بن العباس، قال: حدثنا علي بن عبد الله بن أسد، عن إبراهيم بن محمد الثقفي، عن علي ابن هلال الأحمسي، عن الحسن بن وهب العبسي، عن جابر الجعفي، عن أبي جعفر محمد بن علي (صلوات الله عليهم)، قال: «نزلت هذه الآية في ولد فاطمة (عليها السلام) خاصة: وَ جَعَلْنا مِنْهُمْ أَتُمَةً يَهُدُونَ بَأَمْرِنا لَمّا صَبَرُوا وَ كَانُوا بَآياتِنا يُوقِنُونَ».

Muhammad Bin Al-Abbas, from Ali Bin Abdullah Bin Asad, from Ibrahim Bin Muhammad Al-Saqafy, from Ali Ibn Hilal Al-Ahmasy, from Al-Hassan Bin Wahab Al-Abasy, from Jabir Al-Ju'fy,

تفسير القمى 1: 197 112

⁽تفسير القمّي 2: 416) 111

'Abu Ja'far Muhammad^{-asws} Bin Ali^{-asws} has said: '<u>This Verse was Revealed in particular for the sons</u>-asws of (<u>Syeda</u>) <u>Fatima</u>-asws: **And We Made Imams from them, guiding by Our Command, due to their being patient, and they were certain of Our Signs [32:24]**'. ¹¹³

Quran: 27:62

Or, One Who Answers the distressed one when he supplicates to Him and He Removes the evil, and He will Make you to be Caliphs of the earth! Is there a god along with Allah? Little is what you heed [27:62]

علي بن إبراهيم، قال: حدثني أبي، عن الحسن بن علي بن فضال، عن صالح بن عقبة، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، قال: «نزلت في القائم من آل محمد (عليهم السلام)، هو و الله المضطر، إذا صلى في المقام ركعتين، و دعا الله فأجابه، و يكشف السوء، و يجعله خليفة في الأرض» و هذا مما ذكرنا أن تأويله بعد تنزيله.

Ali Bin Ibrahim said, 'My father narrated to me, from Al-Hassan Bin Ali Bin Fazaal, from Salih Bin Uqba,

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} has said: 'It was Revealed regarding Al-Qaim^{-asws} from the Progeny^{-asws} of Muhammad^{-saww}. By Allah^{-azwj}! He^{-asws} is the distressed one. When he^{-asws} prays two Cycles (of salat) in Al-Maqam (of Ibrahim^{-as}), and supplicates to Allah^{-azwj}, so He^{-azwj} would Answer him^{-asws}, and He^{-azwj} would Remove the evil (from the face of the earth), and Make him^{-asws} to be a Caliph in the earth. And this is from what we^{-asws} have mentioned from its explanation, after its Revelation'.¹¹⁴

وعنه: عن حميد بن زياد، عن الحسن بن محمد بن سماعة، عن إبراهيم بن عبد الحميد، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، قال: «إن القائم (عليه السلام) إذا خرج، دخل المسجد الحرام، فيستقبل القبلة، و يجعل ظهره إلى المقام، ثم يصلي ركعتين، ثم يقوم، فيقول: يا أيها الناس، أنا أولى الناس باسماعيل، يا أيها الناس، أنا أولى الناس بعجمد (صلى الله عليه و آله).

And from him, from Hameed Bin Ziyad, from Al-Hassan Bin Muhammad Bin Sama'at, from Ibrahim Bin Abdul Hameed,

'Abu Abdullah^{-asws} has said: 'When Al-Qaim^{-asws} rises, he^{-asws} would enter the Sacred Masjid, and he^{-asws} would be facing towards the Qiblah, and make his^{-asws} back to be to Al-Maqam (of Ibrahim^{-as}), then he^{-asws} would be praying two cycles of Salat, then he^{-asws} would be standing, and he^{-asws} would be saying: 'O you people! I^{-asws} am the closest of the people with Adam^{-as}. O you people! I^{-asws} am the closest of the people with Ibrahim^{-as}. O you people! I^{-asws} am the closest of the people with Muhammad^{-saww}'.

ثم يرفع يديه إلى السماء، و يدعو، و يتضرع، حتى يقع عليه وجهه، و هو قوله عز و جل: أَمَّنْ يُجِيبُ الْمُضْطَرَّ إِذا دَعاهُ وَ يَكْشِفُ السُّوءَ وَ يَجْعَلُكُمْ خُلَفاءَ الْأَرْضِ أَ إِلهٌ مَعَ اللهِ قَلِيلًا ما تَذَكَّرُونَ».

تأويل الآيات 2: 444/ 8، شواهد التنزيل 1: 454/ 625. 113

تفسير القمّى 2: 129. 114

Then he-asws would raise his-asws hands to the sky, and he-asws would supplicate, and cry out until he-asws falls down upon his-asws face (in Sajdah). And these are the Words of the Mighty and Majestic: *Or, One Who Answers the distressed one when he supplicates to Him and He Removes the evil, and He will Make you to be Caliphs of the earth! Is there a god along with Allah? Little is what you heed [27:62]*¹¹⁵

محمد بن إبراهيم النعماني، قال: أخبرنا أحمد بن محمد بن سعيد، قال: حدثني محمد بن علي التيملي، عن محمد بن إسماعيل بن بزيع، قال: حدثني غير واحد، عن منصور بن يونس بزرج، عن إسماعيل ابن جابر، عن أبي جعفر محمد بن علي (عليهما السلام)،: «و هو و الله المضطر الذي يقول الله فيه: وَحَدَّ اللهُ عَلَيْ مُعْلَكُمْ حُلَفاءَ اللَّرْضِ فيه نزلت و له».

Muhammad Bin Ibrahim Al-Nu'mani said, 'Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Saeed informed us, from Muhammad Bin Al-Al-Taymali, from Muhammad Bin Ismail Bin Bazi'e, from someone else, from Mansour Bin Yunus Bazraj, from Ismail Ibn Jabir,

'Abu Ja'far Muhammad^{-asws} Bin Ali^{-asws} having said: 'And he^{-asws} (Al-Qaim^{-asws}) by Allah^{-azwj} is the distressed one (المضطر) regarding whom Allah^{-azwj} is Saying: Or, One Who Answers the distressed one when he supplicates to Him and He Removes the evil, and He will Make you to be Caliphs of the earth! [27:62]. It was regarding him^{-asws} that is Revealed, and for him^{-asws} (Al-Qaim^{-asws})'. 116

علي بن إبراهيم، قال: حدثني أبي، عن ابن أبي عمير، عن منصور بن يونس، عن أبي خالد الكابلي، قال: قال أبو جعفر (عليه السلام): «و الله لكأني أنظر إلى القائم (عليه السلام) و قد أسند ظهره إلى الحجر، ثم ينشد الله حقه، ثم يقول: يا أيها الناس، من يحاجني في الله فأنا أولى بالله. أيها الناس، من يحاجني في آدم فأنا أولى بآدم.

Ali Bin Ibrahim said, 'My father narrated to me from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Mansour Bin Yunus, from Abu Khalid Al-Kalby who said:

'Abu Ja'far-asws said: 'By Allah-azwi! It is as if I-asws am looking at Al-Qaim-asws, with his-asws back against Al-Hajar (The Black Stone), then he-asws adjures to Allah-azwi of his-asws rights, then he-asws is saying: 'O you people! The one who disputes with me-asws, regarding Allah-azwi, so (beware) I-asws am the closest with Allah-azwi. O you people! The one who disputes with me-asws regarding Adam-as, so I-asws am the closest with Adam-as'.

أيها الناس، من يحاجني في نوح فأنا أولى بنوح. أيها الناس، من يحاجني في إبراهيم فأنا أولى بإبراهيم. أيها الناس، من يحاجني في موسى فأنا أولى بموسى. أيها الناس، من يحاجني في عيسى فأنا أولى بعيسى.

O you people! The one who disputes with me^{-asws} regarding Noah^{-as}, so I am the closest with Noah^{-as}. O you people! The one who disputes with me regarding Ibrahim^{-as}, so I^{-asws} am the closest with Ibrahim^{-as}. O you people! The one who disputes with me regarding Musa^{-as}, so I^{-asws} am the closest with Musa^{-as}. O you people! The one, who disputes with me^{-asws} regarding Isa^{-as}, so I^{-asws} am the closest with Isa^{-as}.

(Extract) لغيبة: 181/ 30

تأويل الآيات 1: 402/ 5 115

أيها الناس، من يحاجني في رسول الله فأنا أولى برسول الله. أيها الناس، من يحاجني في كتاب الله فأنا أولى بكتاب الله. ثم ينتهي إلى المقام، فيصلي ركعتين، • ينشد الله حقه».

O you people! The one who disputes with me^{-asws} regarding Rasool-Allah^{-saww}, so I^{-asws} am the closest with Rasool-Allah^{-saww}. O you people! The one who disputes with me^{-asws} regarding the Book of Allah^{-azwj}, so I^{-asws} am the closest with the Book of Allah^{-azwj}'. Then he^{-asws} would end up to the Al-Maqam (of Ibrahim^{-as}) so he^{-asws} would pray two Cycles (of Salat), and adjure to Allah^{-azwj} of his^{-asws} rights'.

Then Abu Ja'far-asws said: 'By Allah-azwi! He-asws (Al-Qaim-asws) is the restless one (المضطر) in the Book of Allah-azwi, regarding His-azwi Words: *Or, One Who Answers the distressed one when he supplicates to Him and He Removes the evil, and He will Make you to be Caliphs of the earth!* [27:62].

فيكون أول من يبايعه جبرئيل، ثم الثلاث مائة و الثلاثة عشر رجلا، فمن كان ابتلي بالمسير وافى، و من لم يبتل بالمسير فقد عن فراشه، و هو قول أمير المؤمنين (عليه السلام): هم المفقودون عن فرشهم.

It would so happen that the first one who will pledge allegiance to him^{-asws} would be Jibraeel^{-as}, then three hundred and thirteen (313) men. So the one who will be Tried by the journey would fulfil it, and the one who will not be Tried by the journey would be upon his bed. And it is the speech of Amir-Al-Momineen^{-asws}: 'They would be missing from their beds'.¹¹⁷

Quran: 13:7

And those who commit Kufr are saying, 'Why has not a Sign been Sent down upon him from his Lord?' But rather, you are a Warner, and for every people there is a Guide [13:7]

Ibn Al Farsy in (the book) Al Rowza, said,

'Ali-asws said: 'But rather, you are a Warner, and for every people there is a Guide [13:7]. The Warner is Muhammad-saww, and for every people there is a Guide, (it is) me-asws''. 118

In another Hadith;

و يخرج الله تعالى من صلب الحسن الحجة القائم إمام شيعته، و منقذ أوليائه، يغيب حتى لا يرى، فيرجع عن أمره قوم، و يثبت عليه آخرون وَ يَقُولُونَ مَتى هذَا الْوَعْدُ إِنْ كُنتُمْ صادِقِينَ و لو لم يكن من الدنيا إلا يوم واحد لطول الله عز و جل ذلك اليوم حتى يخرج قائمنا،

روضة الواعظين: 104، 116. 118

تفسير القمّى 2: 205 117

And Allah^{-azwj} the Exalted would Extract from the spine of Al-Hassan (Al Askari^{-asws}, the Divine <u>Authority Al-Qaim</u>^{-asws}, <u>Imam</u>^{-asws} of <u>his</u>^{-asws} Shias, and saviour of his ship friends. He ship would be absent until he ship would not be seen, so a people would retract from his ship matter, and others would be steadfast upon it and they (the first ones) **And they will be saying: 'When would be this threat, if you were truthful?' [10:48]. And if there does not happen (to remain) from the (time) of the world except for one day, Allah Mighty and Majestic would Prolong that day until our ship Qaim ship comes out.**

فيملأ الأرض قسطا و عدلا، كما ملئت ظلما و جورا، فلا تخلو الأرض منكم، أعطاكم الله علمي و فهمي، و لقد دعوت الله تبارك و تعالى أن يجعل العلم و الفقه في عقبي و عقبي و زرعي و زرعي و زرعي».

Then, he^{-asws} would fill the earth with fairness and justice just as it would have been filled with injustice and tyranny (before that). So the earth will not be empty from you (Imams^{-asws}). <u>Allah</u>-azwj would Give you^{-asws} all my^{-saww} knowledge and my^{-saww} understanding, and I^{-saww} have supplicated to Allah-azwj</sup> Blessed and Exalted that He^{-azwj} should Make the knowledge and the understanding to be in my^{-saww} posterity and my^{-saww} offspring, and offspring of my^{-saww} offspring' (an extract).¹¹⁹

Appendix I: Some Ahadith from Ahl Al-Sunna regarding the coming of the prophet 'Isa-as and Imam Mahdi-asws

حدَّثَنَا قُتَيْبَةُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ، حَدَّثَنَا لَيْتٌ، عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ أَبِي سَعِيدٍ، عَنْ عَطَاءِ بْنِ مِينَاءَ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّهُ قَالَ وَاللَهِ عَنْ سَعِيدٍ، عَنْ عَطِيهِ وسلم " وَاللَّهِ لَيُنْزِيرَ وَلَيَضَعَنَّ الْجُزْيَةَ وَلَتُتُرَّكَنَّ الْقِلاَصُ فَلاَ يُسْعَى عَلَيْهَا وَلَتَذْهَبَنَّ الشَّحْنَاءُ وَالتَّبَاغُضُ وَالتَّحَاسُدُ لَيُنْزِيرَ وَلَيَضَعَنَّ الْجُزْيَةَ وَلَتُتُرَّكَنَّ الْقِلاَصُ فَلاَ يُسْعَى عَلَيْهَا وَلَتَذْهَبَنَّ الشَّحْنَاءُ وَالتَّبَاغُضُ وَالتَّحَاسُدُ وَلَيْحَاسُدُ وَلَيْعَالَمُ الْجُزْيِرَ وَلَيْضَعَنَّ الْجُزْيَةَ وَلْتُتُرَكِنَّ الْقِلاَصُ فَلاَ يُسْعَى عَلَيْهَا وَلَتَذْهَبَنَّ الشَّحْنَاءُ وَالتَّبَاغُضُ وَالتَّحَاسُدُ وَلَيْعَالَمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهَا وَلَوْلَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهَا وَلَتَذْهَبَنَّ الشَّحْنَاءُ وَالتَّبَاغُضُ وَالتَّحَاسُدُ

... I swear by Allah that the son of Maryam will certainly descend as a just judge... (Sahih Muslim, Book 001, Number 0289)

It is narrated to us by Quteyba Bin Saeed, from Lays, from Saeed Bin Abu Saeed, from Ata'a Bin Mina'a, from Abu Huraira who said,

'Rasool-Allah^{-saww} said: 'By Allah^{-azwj}! The son^{-as} of Maryam^{-as} will be descending as a just judge, and he^{-as} will break the cross and kill the pigs, and he^{-as} will place the taxes

حَدَّثَنَا عَلِيُّ بْنُ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ، حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ، حَدَّثَنَا الزُّهْرِيُّ، قَالَ أَحْبَرَنِي سَعِيدُ بْنُ الْمُسَيَّبِ، سَمِعَ أَبَا هُرَيْرَةَ . رضى الله عنه . عَنْ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ " لاَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ حَتَّى يَنْزِلَ فِيكُمُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ حَكَمًا مُفْسِطًا، فَيَكْسِرَ الصَّلِيبَ، وَيَقْتُلَ الْخِنْزِيرَ، وَيَضَعَ الْجِزْيَةَ، وَيَفِيضَ الْمَالُ حَتَّى لاَ يَقْبَلُهُ أَحَدٌ "

The Hour will not be established until the son of Mary (i.e. Jesus) descends amongst you as a just ruler... (Sahih al-Bukhari, Volume 3, Book 43, Number 656)

حَدَّثَنَا هُدْبَةُ بْنُ حَالِدٍ، حَدَّثَنَا هَمَّامُ بْنُ يَحْبَى، عَنْ قَتَادَةَ، عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّهْمَنِ بْنِ آدَمَ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ " لَيْسَ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَهُ نَبِيُّ – يَعْنِي عِيسَى

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There is no prophet between me and him, that is, Jesus (pbuh). He will descend (to the earth). (Sunan Abu-Dawud, Book 37, Number 4310; Sahih al-Bukhari, Sahih Muslim and Tirmidhi)

حَدَّثَنَا الْوَلِيدُ بْنُ شُجَاعٍ، وَهَارُونُ بْنُ عَبْدِ اللّهِ، وَحَجَّاجُ بْنُ الشَّاعِرِ، قَالُوا حَدَّثَنَا حَجَّاجٌ، – وَهُوَ ابْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ – عَنِ ابْنِ مُحَرِّجٍ، قَالَ أَحْبَرَنِي أَبُو الزُّيْيِّر، أَنَّهُ سِمَعَ جَابِرَ بْنَ عَبْدِ اللّهِ، يَقُولُ سَمِعْتُ النَّبِيَّ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ " لاَ تَزَالُ طَائِفَةٌ مِنْ أُمِّتِي يُقَاتِلُونَ عَلَى الْحَقِيِّ ظَاهِرِينَ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ – قَالَ – فَيَقُولُ سَمِعْتُ مُرْعَمَ صلى الله عليه وسلم فَيَقُولُ أَمِيرُهُمْ تَعَالَ صَلَّ لَنَا . فَيَقُولُ لاَ . إِنَّ بَعْضَكُمْ عَلَى بَعْضَ أَمْرَاءُ . تَكْرِمَةَ اللّهِ هَذِهِ الْأُمَّةَ "

... Jesus son of Mary would then descend and their (Muslims') commander would invite him to come and lead them in prayer, but he would say: No, some amongst you are commanders over some (amongst you). This is the honour from Allah for this Ummah. (Sahih Muslim, Book 001, Number 0293)

حَدَّثَنَا أَحْمَدُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ جَعْفَرِ الرَّقِيُّ، حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو الْمَلِيحِ الْحَسَنُ بْنُ عُمَرَ، عَنْ زِيَادِ بْنِ بَيَانٍ، عَنْ عَلِيّ بْنِ نُفَيْلٍ، عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ اللَّهِ عَنْ أَمِّ سَلَمَةَ، قَالَتْ سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ " الْمَهْدِئُ مِنْ عِتْرَتِي مِنْ وَلَدِ فَاطِمَةَ ". قَالَ عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ جَعْفَرٍ وَسَمِعْتُ أَبَا الْمُهْدِئُ مِنْ وَلَدِ فَاطِمَةً ". قَالَ عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ جَعْفَرٍ وَسَمِعْتُ أَبَا الْمُهْدِئُ مِنْ وَلَدِ فَاطِمَة ". قَالَ عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ جَعْفَرٍ وَسَمِعْتُ أَبَا الْمُهْدِئُ مِنْ وَلَدِ فَاطِمَة اللَّهِ بْنُ فَمْلِ وَيَذْكُرُ مِنْهُ صَلَاحًا

Narrated Umm Salamah, Ummul Mu'minin:

The Prophet (saww) said: The Mahdi will be of my family, of the descendants of Fatimah. ... (Sunan Abu-Dawud, Book 36, Number 4271)

حَدَّثَنَا عُثْمَانُ بْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ، حَدَّثَنَا الْفَصْلُ بْنُ دُكَيْنٍ، حَدَّثَنَا فِطْرٌ، عَنِ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ أَبِي بَزَّةَ، عَنْ أَبِي الطُّفَيْلِ، عَنْ عَلِيٍّ، – رضى الله تعالى عنه – عَنِ النَّبِيّ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ " لَوْ لَمْ يَبْقَ مِنَ الدَّهْرِ إِلاَّ يَوْمٌ لَبَعَثَ اللهَ رَجُلاً مِنْ أَهْلِ بَيْتِي يَمْلاُهُمَا عَدْلاً كَمَا مُلِئَتْ جَوْرًا "

Narrated Ali ibn Abu Talib:

The Prophet-saww said: If only one day of this time (world) remained, Allah-azwj would raise up a man from my family who would fill this earth with justice as it has been filled with oppression. (Sunan Abu-Dawud, Book 36, Number 4270)

Appendix II: Obedience to an Imams^{-asws} Appointed by Allah^{-azwj} is Obligatory

أَحْمُدُ بْنُ مُحُمَّدٍ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ الْحُكَمِ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ أَبِي الْعَلَاءِ قَالَ ذَكْرْتُ لِأَبِي عَبْدِ اللّهِ (عليه السلام) قَوْلَنَا فِي الْأَوْصِيَاءِ إِنَّ طَاعَتَهُمْ مُفْتَرَضَةٌ قَالَ فَقَالَ نَعَمْ هُمُ الَّذِينَ قَالَ اللّهُ تَعَالَى أَطِيعُوا اللّهَ وَ أَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ وَ أُولِي الْأَمْرِ مِنْكُمْ وَ هُمُ الَّذِينَ قَالَ اللّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ إِمَّا وَلِيُكُمُ اللّهُ وَ رَسُولُهُ وَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا .

Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Al Husayn Bin Abu Al A'ala who said,

'I mentioned to Abu Abdullah-asws (Imam Jafar e Sadiq) our words regarding the successors-asws, 'Is obedience to them-asws a necessity?'. So he-asws said: 'Yes. They-asws are the ones for whom Allah-azwj the Exalted Said: *O you who believe! Obey Allah and obey the Rasool and those with (Divine) Authority from you [4:59]*; and they-asws the ones for whom Allah-azwj Mighty and Majestic Said *But rather, only Allah is your Guardian and His Rasool and those who believe [5:55]*'. 120

¹²⁰ Al Kafi V 1 - The Book Of Divine Authority CH 8 H 7

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ صَالِحِ بْنِ السِّنْدِيِّ عَنْ جَعْفَرِ بْنِ بَشِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي سَلَمَةَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ سَجِعْتُهُ يَقُولُ خَنُ الَّذِينَ فَرَضَ اللَّهُ طَاعَتَنَا لَا يَعْدُونُنَا وَ لَا يُعْذَرُ النَّاسُ بِجَهَالَتِنَا مَنْ عَرَفَنَا كَانَ مُؤْمِناً وَ مَنْ أَنْكَرَنَا كَانَ كَافِراً وَ مَنْ لَمْ يَعْرِفْنَا وَ لَا يُعْذَرُ النَّاسُ بِجَهَالَتِنَا مَنْ عَرَفَنَا كَانَ مُؤْمِناً وَ مَنْ أَنْكَرَنَا كَانَ كَافِراً وَ مَنْ لَمْ يَعْرِفْنَا وَ لَمْ يُنْكِرْنَا كَانَ ضَالًا حَتَّى يَرْجِعَ إِلَى اللهِ يَعْدَلُونَا كَانَ صَالًا حَتَّى يَرْجِعَ إِلَى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ طَاعَتِنَا الْوَاجِبَةِ فَإِنْ يَمُتْ عَلَى ضَلَالَتِهِ يَفْعَل اللّهُ بِهِ مَا يَشَاءُ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from Salih Bin Al Sindy, from Ja'far Bin Bashir, from Abu Salma,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah^{-asws}, said, 'I heard him^{-asws} saying: 'We^{-asws} are those, obedience to whom Allah^{-azwj} has necessitated. The people have no leeway except recognising us^{-asws}, nor are the people excused of being ignorant of us^{-asws}. The one who recognises us^{-asws} would be a *Momin*, and the one who denies us^{-asws} would be a disbeliever, and the one who does not recognise us^{-asws} and does not deny us^{-asws}, would be a strayer until he returns to the guidance which Allah^{-azwj} has Necessitated upon him, from being obedient to us^{-asws}, the Obligatory. So if he was to die upon his straying, Allah^{-azwj} will Do with him whatever He^{-azwj} so Desires to'.¹²¹

Appendix III: Verse 28:5-6 - The Arrival of our Master-asws, the 12th Imam-asws

وعنه، قال: حدثنا محمد بن الحسن بن أحمد بن الوليد (رحمه الله)، قال: حدثنا محمد بن يحيى العطار، قال: حدثنا أبو عبد الله الحسين بن رزق الله، قال: حدثني موسى بن محمد بن القاسم بن حمزة بن موسى بن جعفر بن محمد بن علي بن الحسين بن علي بن أبي طالب (عليهم السلام)، قال: حدثني حكيمة بنت محمد بن علي بن موسى بن جعفر بن محمد بن علي بن الحسين بن علي بن أبي طالب (عليهم الصلاة و السلام)، قالت: بعث إلي أبو محمد الحسن بن علي (عليهما السلام)، فقال: «يا عمة، اجعلي إفطارك الليلة عندنا، فإنحا ليلة النصف من شعبان، فإن الله تبارك و تعالى سيظهر في هذه الليلة الحجة، و هو حجته في أرضه»

And from him, from Muhammad Bin Al-Hassan Bin Ahmad Bin Al-Waleed, from Muhammad Bin Yahya Al-Ataar, from Abu Abdullah Al-Husayn Bin Razagallah, from Musa Bin Muhammad Bin Al-Qasim Bin Hamza, who says:

(It has been narrated from the) Son-asws of Musa-asws Bin Ja'far-asws Bin Muhammad-asws Bin Aliasws Bin Musa-asws Bin Ja'far-asws Bin Muhammad-asws Bin Aliasws Bi

قالت: فقلت له: و من امه؟ قال لي: «نرجس». قلت له: و الله- جعلني الله فداك- ما بما أثر. قال: «هو ما أقول لك».

I said, 'And who is his^{-asws} mother?' He^{-asws} said: 'Narjis^{-as'}. I said to him, 'By Allah^{-azwj} – May Allah^{-azwj} make me to be sacrificed for you^{-asws} – she^{-as} is not with any traces of it (women normally show)'. He^{-asws} said: 'It would be as I^{-asws} have said it to you'.

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¹²¹ Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 8 H 11

قالت: فجئت، فلما سلمت و جلست، جاءت تنزع خفي، و قالت لي: يا سيدتي، كيف أمسيت؟ فقلت: بل أنت سيدتي، و سيدة أهلي. قالت: فأنكرت قولي، و قالت: ما هذا، يا عمة؟ قالت: فقلت لها: بنية، إن الله تبارك و تعالى سيهب لك في ليلتك هذه غلاما سيدا في الدنيا و الآخرة،

She said, 'I went to her^{-as}. So when I had greeted and was seated, she^{-as} came forward to take my slippers, and said to me, 'O Chieftess! How was your evening?' I said, 'But, you^{-as} are my Chieftess, and the Chieftess of my family'. She^{-as} denied my words and said: 'What is this, O aunt?' So I said to her, 'Daughter, Allah^{-azwj} Blessed and Exalted would be Endowing to you^{-as}, during this very night, a boy^{-asws} who is the Chief in the world and in the Hereafter'.

قالت: فخجلت، و استحيت، فلما فرغت من صلاة العشاء الآخرة، أفطرت، و أخذت مضجعي فرقدت، فلما كان في جوف الليل، قمت إلى الصلاة ففرغت من صلاتي و هي نائمة، ليس بحا حادث، ثم جلست معقبة، ثم اضطجعت، ثم انتبهت فزعة و هي راقدة، ثم قامت فصلت و نامت.

She said, 'She-as became shy and embarrassed by it. So when I was from the Evening Prayer, I broke the Fast, and I took to my bed and lied down. When it was the middle of the night, I stood up to pray Salat, and when I was free from my Salat, she-as was sleeping, and there were no signs of child with her. So I sat down and started panicking as she-as was still sleeping. Then I stood up to pray Salat and then slept.

قالت حكيمة: و خرجت أتفقد الفجر، فإذا أنا بالفجر الأول كذنب السرحان، و هي نائمة، فدخلتني الشكوك، فصاح بي أبو محمد (عليه السلام) من المجلس، فقال: «لا تعجلي- يا عمة- فإن الأمر قد قرب». قالت: فجلست و قرأت الم السجدة، و يس،

Hakeema^{-as} said, 'And I went out to view the dawn and saw that she^{-as} was still sleeping. So doubt crept into me. Abu Muhammad^{-asws} called out at me from the seating: 'Do not be hasty – O aunt – for the matter has drawn near!'. I sat down and recited الم السجدة (Chapter 32) and (Chapter 36).

فبينما أنا كذلك، إذ انتبهت فزعة، فوثبت إليها، و قلت: اسم الله عليك، ثم قلت لها: تحسين شيئا؟ قالت: نعم، يا عمة، فقلت لها: اجمعي نفسك، و اجمعي قلبك، فهو ما قلت لك.

I was in the middle of that, when she^{-as} got up alarmed. So I rushed towards her and said, 'The Name of Allah ^{-azwj} be upon you^{-as}'. Then I said to her^{-as}, 'Do you^{-as} feel anything?' She^{-as} said: 'Yes, O aunt!' So I said, 'Pull yourself together, and strengthen your^{-as} heart, for it is what has been said to you^{-as}'.

قالت حكيمة: ثم أخذتني فترة، و أخذتما فترة، فانتبهت بحس سيدي، فكشفت الثوب عنه، فإذا به (عليه السلام) ساجدا يتلقى الأرض بمساجده، فضممته (عليه السلام) إلى، فإذا أنا به نظيف منظف،

Hakeema^{-as} said, 'Then natured seized me, and nature seized her^{-as}, and I noticed the sensing of my Master^{-asws}, so I uncovered the cloth from him^{-asws} and there he^{-asws} was, performing Sajdah upon the ground. So I^{-asws} took him^{-asws} to myself, and he^{-asws} was clean and pure.

فصاح بي أبو محمد (عليه السلام): «هلم إلي ابني، يا عمة». فجئت به إليه، فوضع يديه تحت أليته و ظهره، و وضع قدميه على صدره، ثم أدلى لسانه في فيه، و أمر يده على عينيه، و سمعه، و مفاصله، ثم قال: «تكلم، يا بني». فقال: «أشهد أن لا إله إلا الله وحده لا شريك له، و أشهد أن محمدا (صلى الله على أرسول الله». ثم صلى على أمير المؤمنين، و على الأئمة (عليهم السلام)، إلى أن وقف على أبيه، ثم أحجم.

Abu Muhammad^{-asws} called out to me: 'Bring my^{-asws} son^{-asws} to me^{-asws}, O aunt!' So I went with him^{-asws} to him^{-asws}, and he^{-asws} placed his^{-asws} hands under his^{-asws} back and his^{-asws} feet upon his^{-asws} own chest, then place his^{-asws} own tongue in his^{-asws} mouth, and wiped his^{-asws} hand upon his^{-asws} eyes, and his^{-asws} ears, and his^{-asws} joints, then said: 'Speak, O my^{-asws} son!' He^{-asws} said: 'I^{-asws} hereby testify that there is no god except for Allah^{-azwj}, One with not associates to Him^{-azwj}, and I^{-asws} testify that Muhammad^{-saww} is Rasool-Allah^{-saww}. Then he^{-asws} sent greetings upon Amir-al-Momineen^{-asws}, and upon the Imams^{-asws}, until he^{-asws} paused at his^{-asws} father^{-asws}, then was reluctant'.

ثم قال أبو محمد (عليه السلام): «يا عمة، اذهبي به إلى امه ليسلم عليها، و ائتني به» فذهبت به، فسلم عليها، و رددته و وضعته في المجلس، ثم قال: «يا عمة، إذا كان يوم السابع، فاتينا».

The Abu Muhammad^{-asws} said: 'O aunt! Go with him^{-asws} to his^{-asws} mother^{-as}, to greet her^{-as}, and bring him^{-asws} back to me^{-asws}'. So I^{-asws} went with him^{-asws}. He^{-asws} greeted her^{-as}, and I returned him^{-asws} placed him in the seat. Then he^{-asws} said: 'O aunt! When it is the seventh day, come to us'.

قالت حكيمة: فلما أصبحت، جئت لأسلم على أبي محمد (عليه السلام)، فكشفت الستر لأتفقد سيدي (عليه السلام) فلم أره، فقلت له: جعلت فداك، ما فعل سيدي؟ فقال: «يا عمة، إنما استودعناه الذي استودعته ام موسى موسى (عليه السلام)».

Hakeema^{-as} said, 'When it was the morning, I came to greet Abu Muhammad^{-asws}. I uncovered the curtain, so that I would see my Master^{-asws}. But when I did not see him^{-asws}, I said to him^{-asws}, 'May I be sacrificed for you^{-asws}, what happened to my Master^{-asws}?' He^{-asws} replied: 'O aunt! But rather, I^{-asws} entrusted him^{-asws} with the entrustment, which the mother of Musa^{-as} entrusted Musa^{-as}'.

قالت حكيمة: فلما كان في اليوم السابع جئت، فسلمت و جلست، فقال: «هلمي إلي ابني» فجئت بسيدي في الخرقة، ففعل به كفعلته الاولى، ثم أدلى لسانه في فيه، كأنه يغذيه لبنا، أو عسلا، ثم قال: «تكلم، يا بني» فقال (عليه السلام): «أشهد أن لا إله إلا الله» و ثنى بالصلاة على محمد، و على أمير المؤمنين، و الأئمة (صلوات الله عليهم أجمعين) حتى وقف على أبيه (عليه السلام)،

Hakeema^{-as} said, 'So when it was the seventh day, I came and greeted him^{-asws} and was seated. He^{-asws} said: 'Bring my^{-asws} son^{-asws} to me^{-asws}'. So she^{-as} came with my Master^{-asws} in the cloth. But he^{-asws} did with him^{-asws} as he^{-asws} had done before, then inserted his^{-asws} own tongue into him^{-asws}, as if he^{-asws} was feeding him^{-asws} milk, or honey, then said: 'Speak, O my^{-asws} son^{-asws}!' He^{-asws} said: 'I^{-asws} hereby testify that there is no god except for Allah^{-azwj}'. And he^{-asws} Extolled with the *Salawat* upon Muhammad^{-saww}, and upon Amir-al-Momineen^{-asws}, and the Imams^{-asws} until he^{-asws} paused upon his^{-asws} father.

ثم تلا هذه الآية بِسْم اللّهِ الرَّحْمِنِ الرَّحِيمِ وَ نُرِيدُ أَنْ ثَمُنَّ عَلَى الَّذِينَ اسْتُضْعِفُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ نَجْعَلَهُمْ أَثِمَةً وَ نَجْعَلَهُمُ الْوارِثِينَ وَ مُكَّكِنَ لَهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ نُرِيَ فِرْعَوْنَ وَ هامانَ وَ جُنُودَهُمَا مِنْهُمْ ما كانُوا يَخْذَرُونَ.

Then he^{-asws} recited this verse: 'In the Name of Allah^{-azwj} the Beneficent, the Merciful. **And We Intend to Confer upon those who were weakened in the land, and to Make them Imams, and Make them the inheritors [28:5] And to Enable for them in the land, and to Show Pharaoh and Haman and their armies what they used to beware from them [28:6]**'.

Imam Mehdi from Quran	www.hubeali.com
	نال موسى: فسألت عقبة الخادم عن هذا، قال: صدقت حكيمة.
Musa (the narrator) said, 'I asked truth'. 122	the servant about this. He said, 'Hakeema ^{-as} spoke the

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